

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(27, 4.570, 300.174)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(27, 4.570, 300.174) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(27, 4.658, 301.798)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	413F46
RGB	65, 63, 70
RGB Percent	25%, 25%, 27%
CMY	0.7458, 0.7536, 0.7262
CMYK	0.07, 0.10, 0.00, 0.73
HSL	257°, 5%, 26%
HSV	257°, 10%, 27%
XYZ	5.0363, 5.0937, 6.4829
YIQ	64.3960, -1.0550, 2.6010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

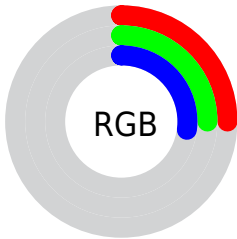
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	65, 63, 70
Decimal	4276038
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	27.00, 2.45, -3.96
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	27, 4.658, 301.798
Yxy	5.0937, 0.3032, 0.3066
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282466118 (0xFF413F46)
YUV	64.3960, 2.7628, 0.5297
Hunter-Lab	22.5692, 0.3360, -1.2324

# Details

The CIELCh color  $27, 4.658, 301.798$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $333333$ . A complement of this color would be  $29, 4.573, 120.746$ , and the grayscale version is  $27, 0.004, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $47, 4.233, 301.592$ , and  $7, 4.589, 303.131$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $24, 9.452, 302.403$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $30, 0.013, 299.719$ .

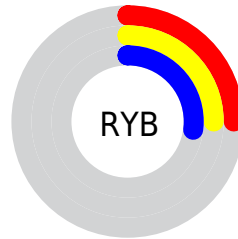
# Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (25%)

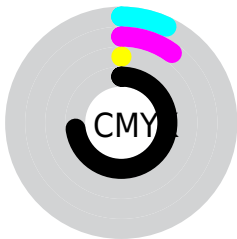
Blue (27%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (27%)

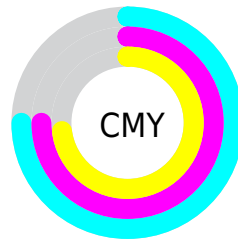


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (73%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (73%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 27, 4.658, 301.798 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 27, 4.658, 301.798 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 27, 4.658, 301.798

■ 27, 4.658, 301.798

100, 4.658,  
301.798

■ 17, 4.658, 301.798

■ 47, 4.658, 301.798

■ 7, 4.658, 301.798

■ 57, 4.658, 301.798

■ 0, 4.658, 301.798

■ 67, 4.658, 301.798

■ 77, 4.658, 301.798

■ 87, 4.658, 301.798

■ 97, 4.658, 301.798

■ 27, 4.658, 301.798

■ 27, 4.658, 301.798

■ 24, 9.452, 302.403

■ 30, 0.013, 299.719

■ 22, 14.399,  
303.083

■ 32, 4.484, 120.788

■ 19, 19.489,  
303.833

■ 35, 8.840, 120.368

■ 16, 24.699,  
304.645

■ 37, 13.063,  
120.000

■ 14, 29.976,  
305.501

■ 40, 17.160,  
119.679

■ 11, 35.219,  
306.362

■ 43, 21.137,  
119.399

■ 9, 40.243, 307.159

■ 45, 25.002,  
119.154

■ 7, 44.814, 307.799

■ 48, 28.760,  
118.941

■ 5, 49.036, 308.207

■ 50, 32.419,  
118.757

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27, 4.658, 301.798



29, 4.573, 120.746

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27, 4.658, 301.798



27, 4.658, 351.798



27, 4.658, 121.798



27, 4.658, 171.798

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27, 4.657, 301.794



38, 1.734, 301.406



28, 2.491, 230.190



18, 1.296, 301.437



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27, 4.657, 301.794



35, 7.027, 301.939



27, 5.172, 318.679



13, 2.633, 301.714



10, 64.795, 308.685



31, 119.381, 308.029





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 4.516, 334.273



36, 6.799, 334.432



29, 5.142, 137.927



13, 2.556, 334.182



21, 47.218, 342.680

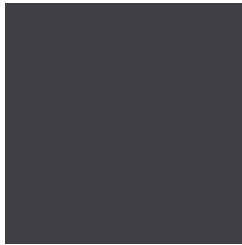


51, 85.106, 344.108



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 27, 4.658, 301.798 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

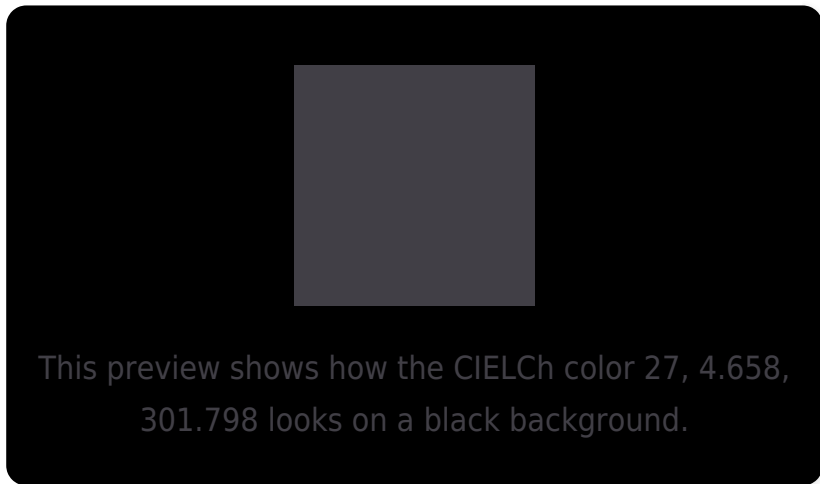
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

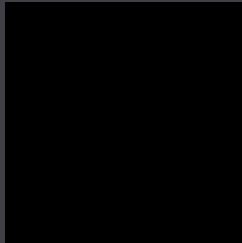
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

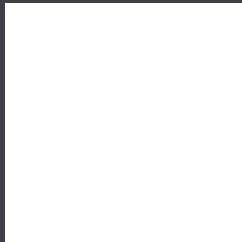
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 27, 4.658, 301.798**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 4.658, 301.798.

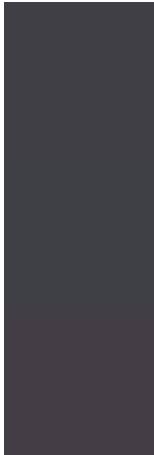


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 4.658, 301.798.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


27, 4.658, 301.798

### Protanopia

27, 4.566, 291.094

### Deuteranopia

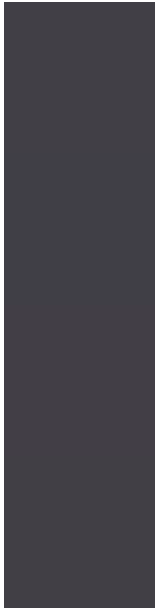
27, 5.682, 313.722



**Tritanopia**  
27, 3.389, 305.813



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27, 4.658, 301.798

## Protanomaly

27, 4.592, 296.483

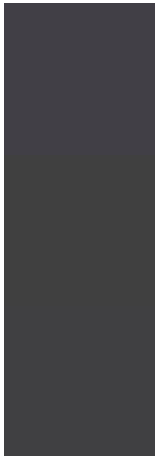
## Deuteranomaly

27, 5.527, 309.514

## Tritanomaly

27, 4.021, 303.469

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27, 4.658, 301.798

## Achromatopsia

27, 0.004, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

27, 1.304, 290.459

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 27, 4.658, 301.798 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(65, 63, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 63, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 63, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 63, 70) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 27, 4.658, 301.798 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 63, 70) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 63, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(65, 63, 70)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 63, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 63, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 63, 70)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 27, 4.658, 301.798 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(65, 63, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(65, 63,  
70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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