

Converting Colors

CIELCh(27, 48.153, 359.229)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(27, 48.153, 359.229)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(27, 48.286, 359.697)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E0D42
RGB	126, 13, 66
RGB Percent	49%, 5%, 26%
CMY	0.5066, 0.9501, 0.7418
CMYK	0.00, 0.90, 0.48, 0.51
HSL	332°, 82%, 27%
HSV	332°, 90%, 49%
XYZ	9.6965, 5.0937, 5.6037
YIQ	52.8290, 50.3350, 40.4390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

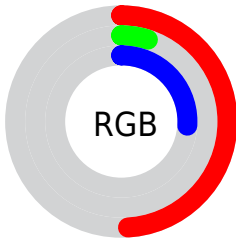
Format	Color
R_{YB}	126, 13, 66
Decimal	8260930
CIE _{Lab}	27.00, 48.29, -0.26
CIE _{LCh}	27, 48.286, 359.697
Yxy	5.0937, 0.4755, 0.2498
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286451010 (0xFF7E0D42)
YUV	52.8290, 6.4933, 64.1710
Hunter-Lab	22.5692, 37.1937, 1.0774

Details

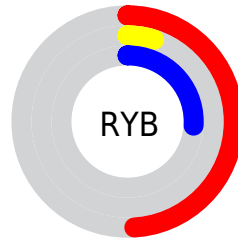
The CIELCh color $[27, 48.286, 359.697]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $\#660033$. A complement of this color would be $[46, 47.006, 153.557]$, and the grayscale version is $[22, 0.004, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[47, 48.431, 359.440]$, and $[12, 33.718, 11.159]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[26, 50.100, 3.224]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[28, 45.704, 356.622]$.

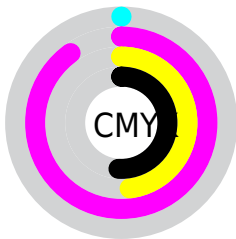
Distribution



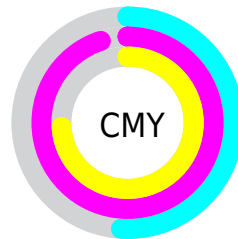
- Red (49%)
- Green (5%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (74%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 27, 48.286, 359.697 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 27, 48.286, 359.697 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 27, 48.286,
359.697

 27, 48.286,
359.697

 100, 48.286,
359.697

 17, 48.286,
359.697

 47, 48.286,
359.697

 7, 48.286, 359.697

 57, 48.286,
359.697

 0, 48.286, 359.697

 67, 48.286,
359.697

 77, 48.286,
359.697

 87, 48.286,
359.697

 97, 48.286,

359.697

■ 27, 48.286,
359.697

■ 27, 48.286,
359.697

■ 26, 50.100, 3.224

■ 28, 45.704,
356.622

■ 26, 50.121, 3.260

■ 30, 41.868,
354.173

■ 33, 36.977,
352.201

■ 36, 31.323,
350.581

■ 39, 25.200,
349.218

■ 42, 18.849,
348.045

■ 45, 12.450,
347.013

■ 49, 6.123, 346.076

■ 53, 0.060, 170.268

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27, 48.286, 359.697



46, 47.006, 153.557

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27, 48.286, 359.697



27, 48.286, 49.697



27, 48.286, 179.697



27, 48.286, 229.697

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27, 48.284, 359.698



55, 21.034, 347.801



21, 69.016, 312.898



27, 14.122, 348.095



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27, 48.284, 359.698



35, 60.509, 4.418



26, 55.759, 36.462



25, 3.522, 346.005



26, 50.599, 3.325



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 48.284, 359.698



35, 60.509, 4.418



47, 28.350, 198.792



25, 3.522, 346.005



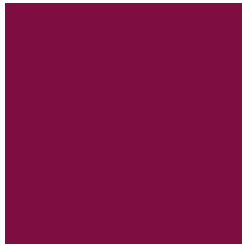
26, 50.599, 3.325



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 27, 48.286, 359.697 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

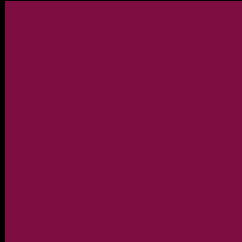
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 27, 48.286, 359.697 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

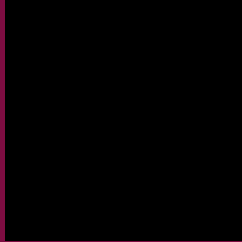
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 27, 48.286, 359.697

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 48.286, 359.697.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 48.286, 359.697.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27, 48.286, 359.697

Protanopia

28, 18.891, 284.932

Deuteranopia

28, 5.482, 40.724



Tritanopia
27, 47.701, 31.227

Trichromacy



Original Color
27, 48.286, 359.697

Protanomaly
25, 28.485, 325.084

Deuteranomaly
25, 24.250, 356.878

Tritanomaly
27, 46.623, 19.950

Monochromacy



Original Color
27, 48.286, 359.697

Achromatopsia
22, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
21, 22.420, 349.327

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 27, 48.286, 359.697 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 13, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 13, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 13, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 13, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 27, 48.286, 359.697 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 13, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 13, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 13, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 13, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 13, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 13,  
66) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 27, 48.286, 359.697 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 13, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126, 13,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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