

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 1.813, 134.200)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 1.813, 134.200) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(28, 2.139, 134.544)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	414340
RGB	65, 67, 64
RGB Percent	25%, 26%, 25%
CMY	0.7463, 0.7385, 0.7502
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.04, 0.74
HSL	100°, 2%, 26%
HSV	100°, 4%, 26%
XYZ	5.0649, 5.4574, 5.5911
YIQ	66.0600, -0.2290, -1.3570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

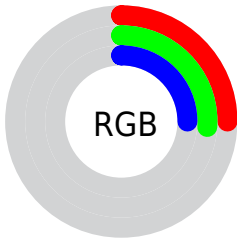
Format	Color
RYB	64, 67, 66
Decimal	4277056
CIELab	28.00, -1.50, 1.52
CIElCh	28, 2.139, 134.544
Yxy	5.4574, 0.3143, 0.3387
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282467136 (0xFF414340)
YUV	66.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, -2.1810, 2.1626

Details

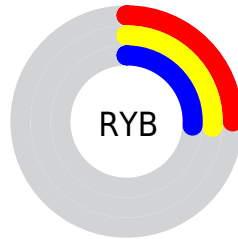
The CIELCh color **28, 2.139, 134.544** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **27, 2.155, 314.801**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 1.946, 134.627**, and **8, 1.567, 129.402** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27, 6.933, 134.135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 2.616, 314.835**.

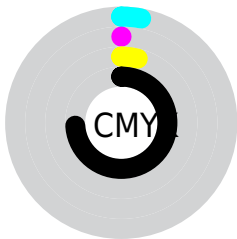
Distribution



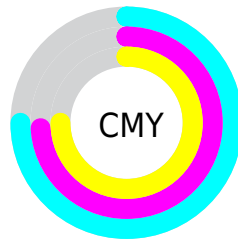
- Red (25%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (74%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 2.139, 134.544 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 2.139, 134.544 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28, 2.139, 134.544

■ 28, 2.139, 134.544

■ 100, 2.139,
134.544

■ 18, 2.139, 134.544

■ 48, 2.139, 134.544

■ 8, 2.139, 134.544

■ 58, 2.139, 134.544

■ 0, 2.139, 134.544

■ 68, 2.139, 134.544

■ 78, 2.139, 134.544

■ 88, 2.139, 134.544

■ 98, 2.139, 134.544

■ 28, 2.139, 134.544

■ 28, 2.139, 134.544

■ 27, 6.933, 134.135

■ 29, 2.616, 314.835

■ 27, 11.737,
133.707

■ 29, 7.316, 315.169

■ 26, 16.514,
133.253

■ 30, 11.945,
315.454

■ 26, 21.217,
132.784

■ 31, 16.494,
315.704

■ 25, 25.780,
132.320

■ 31, 20.956,
315.924

■ 25, 30.115,
131.900

■ 32, 25.328,
316.117

■ 25, 34.104,
131.577

■ 33, 29.607,
316.286

■ 25, 37.602,
131.430

■ 34, 33.794,
316.433

■ 24, 40.760,
131.327

■ 35, 37.890,
316.561

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 2.139, 134.544



27, 2.155, 314.801

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 2.139, 134.544



28, 2.139, 184.544



28, 2.139, 314.544



28, 2.139, 4.544

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 2.140, 134.549



37, 0.587, 134.797



28, 1.360, 90.559



18, 0.328, 134.824



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 2.140, 134.549



36, 2.962, 134.518



28, 2.108, 149.215



13, 1.581, 134.522



36, 55.776, 131.622



79, 104.157, 132.677

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 2.155, 314.801



35, 2.982, 314.832



27, 2.116, 329.564



12, 1.592, 314.828



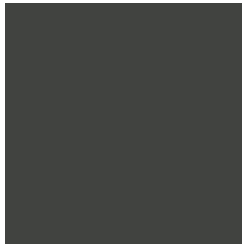
15, 59.091, 316.953



41, 109.498, 316.212

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 2.139, 134.544 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 28, 2.139, 134.544 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

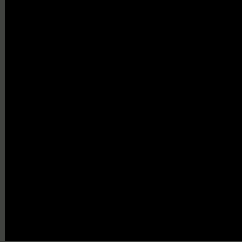
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

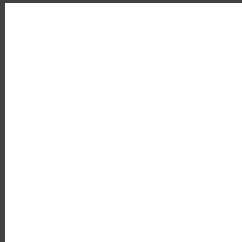
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 2.139, 134.544

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 2.139, 134.544.

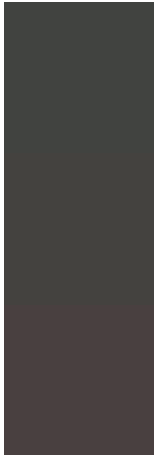


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 2.139, 134.544.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


28, 2.139, 134.544

Protanopia

28, 2.129, 84.540

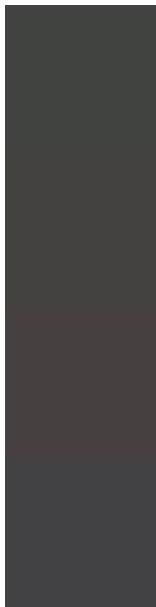
Deuteranopia

28, 4.110, 20.056



Tritanopia
28, 3.238, 290.815

Trichromacy



Original Color
28, 2.139, 134.544

Protanomaly
28, 1.982, 96.574

Deuteranomaly
28, 2.355, 35.545

Tritanomaly
28, 1.298, 290.453

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 2.139, 134.544

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 0.642, 110.006

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 2.139, 134.544 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(65, 67, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 67, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 67, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 67, 64) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 2.139, 134.544 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 67, 64) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 67, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 67, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 67, 64); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 67, 64);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 67, 64)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 2.139, 134.544 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(65, 67, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(65, 67,  
64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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