

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 10.319, 197.799)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 10.319, 197.799)
contains.

CIELCh(28, 10.350, 197.814)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(28, 10.350, 197.814)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2D4747
RGB	45, 71, 71
RGB Percent	18%, 28%, 28%
CMY	0.8250, 0.7231, 0.7231
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.00, 0.72
HSL	180°, 23%, 23%
HSV	180°, 37%, 28%
XYZ	4.4199, 5.4574, 6.7177
YIQ	63.2260, -15.4960, -5.5120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

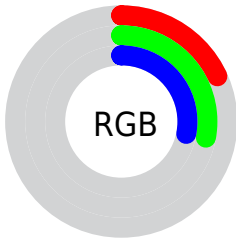
Format	Color
R_{YB}	45, 58, 71
Decimal	2967367
CIE Lab	28.00, -9.85, -3.17
CIE LCh	28, 10.350, 197.814
Yxy	5.4574, 0.2663, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281157447 (0xFF2D4747)
YUV	63.2260, 3.8326, -15.9842
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, -7.1100, -0.6967

Details

The CIELCh color **28, 10.350, 197.814** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **21, 12.976, 22.259**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 10.235, 198.315**, and **8, 10.492, 197.766** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28, 12.649, 197.458**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28, 7.797, 198.211**.

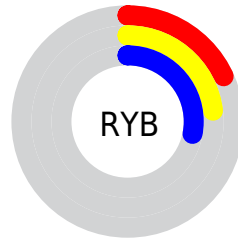
Distribution



Red (18%)

Green (28%)

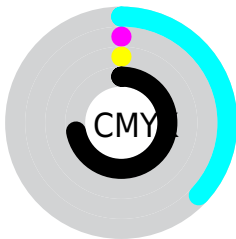
Blue (28%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (23%)

Blue (28%)

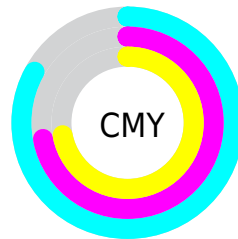


Cyan (37%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (83%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 10.350, 197.814 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 10.350, 197.814 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28, 10.350,
197.814

■ 28, 10.350,
197.814

■ 100, 10.350,
197.814

■ 18, 10.350,
197.814

■ 48, 10.350,
197.814

■ 8, 10.350, 197.814

■ 58, 10.350,
197.814

■ 0, 10.350, 197.814

■ 68, 10.350,
197.814

■ 78, 10.350,
197.814

■ 88, 10.350,
197.814

■ 98, 10.350,

197.814

■ 28, 10.350,
197.814

■ 28, 10.350,
197.814

■ 28, 12.649,
197.458

■ 28, 7.797, 198.211

■ 29, 5.028, 198.661

■ 27, 14.658,
197.155

■ 30, 2.084, 199.201

■ 27, 16.347,
196.904

■ 30, 0.997, 19.305

■ 27, 17.697,
196.705

■ 31, 4.183, 20.023

■ 32, 7.442, 20.584

■ 27, 18.704,
196.559

■ 32, 10.749, 21.141

■ 27, 19.584,
196.432

■ 33, 14.083, 21.701

■ 26, 19.870,
196.391

■ 34, 17.427, 22.263

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 10.350, 197.814



21, 12.976, 22.259

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 10.350, 197.814



28, 10.350, 247.814



28, 10.350, 17.814



28, 10.350, 67.814

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 10.350, 197.811



38, 4.145, 198.931



27, 20.489, 142.100



18, 2.741, 198.905



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 10.350, 197.811



36, 14.849, 197.493



24, 9.857, 260.692



14, 1.715, 199.089



38, 25.121, 196.391



82, 45.887, 196.391

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22, 20.477, 326.208



28, 30.191, 326.608



25, 10.801, 71.346



13, 3.122, 324.836



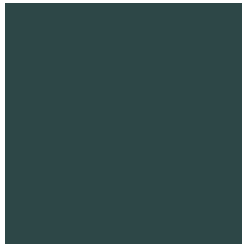
22, 57.931, 328.234



54, 105.820, 328.234

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 10.350, 197.814 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 28, 10.350, 197.814 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

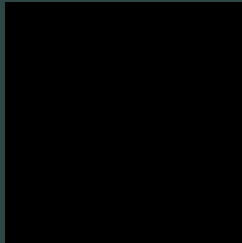
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

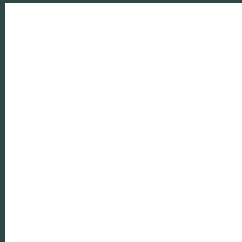
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 10.350, 197.814

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 10.350, 197.814.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 10.350, 197.814.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

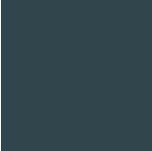
28, 10.350, 197.814

Protanopia

28, 1.376, 309.141

Deuteranopia

28, 5.653, 313.711



Tritanopia
28, 9.779, 217.550

Trichromacy



Original Color
28, 10.350, 197.814

Protanomaly
28, 3.889, 208.469

Deuteranomaly
28, 4.073, 252.161

Tritanomaly
28, 9.604, 209.762

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 10.350, 197.814

Achromatopsia
27, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
27, 4.304, 198.748

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 10.350, 197.814 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(45, 71, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(45, 71, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 71, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(45, 71, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 10.350, 197.814 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(45, 71, 71) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(45, 71, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(45, 71, 71)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(45, 71, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 71, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 71, 71)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 10.350, 197.814 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(45, 71, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(45, 71,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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