

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 13.148, 56.937)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 13.148, 56.937) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(28, 13.123, 56.340)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	533E32
RGB	83, 62, 50
RGB Percent	33%, 24%, 20%
CMY	0.6760, 0.7582, 0.8052
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.40, 0.68
HSL	22°, 25%, 26%
HSV	22°, 40%, 32%
XYZ	5.8071, 5.4574, 3.7273
YIQ	66.9110, 16.3680, 0.7200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

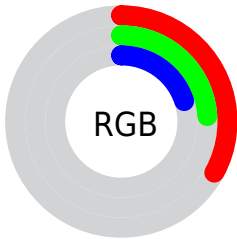
Format	Color
R_{YB}	83, 69, 50
Decimal	5455410
CIE Lab	28.00, 7.27, 10.92
CIE LCh	28, 13.123, 56.340
Yxy	5.4574, 0.3874, 0.3640
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283645490 (0xFF533E32)
YUV	66.9110, -8.3371, 14.1101
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, 3.4895, 6.8929

Details

The CIELCh color **28, 13.123, 56.340** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **29, 10.835, 244.409**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 13.103, 58.746**, and **8, 13.426, 57.629** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 16.948, 55.682**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 9.522, 57.062**.

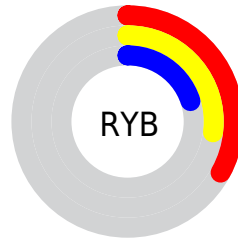
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (24%)

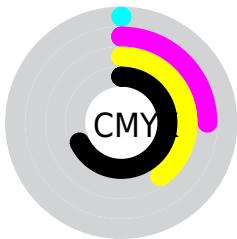
Blue (20%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (20%)

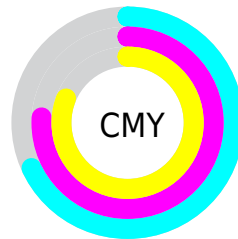


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (68%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 13.123, 56.340 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 13.123, 56.340 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28, 13.123, 56.340

■ 28, 13.123, 56.340

■ 100, 13.123,
56.340

■ 18, 13.123, 56.340

■ 48, 13.123, 56.340

■ 8, 13.123, 56.340

■ 58, 13.123, 56.340

■ 0, 13.123, 56.340

■ 68, 13.123, 56.340

■ 78, 13.123, 56.340

■ 88, 13.123, 56.340

■ 98, 13.123, 56.340

■ 28, 13.123, 56.340

■ 28, 13.123, 56.340

■ 26, 16.948, 55.682

■ 30, 9.522, 57.062

■ 25, 20.990, 55.074

■ 32, 6.138, 57.815

■ 23, 25.212, 54.507

■ 33, 2.959, 58.572

■ 22, 29.522, 53.928

■ 35, 0.034, 246.695

■ 20, 33.136, 52.448

■ 37, 2.859, 240.396

■ 19, 36.333, 50.912

■ 39, 5.533, 241.187

■ 19, 36.367, 50.898

■ 41, 8.073, 242.000

■ 43, 10.494,
242.807

■ 45, 12.810,
243.601

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 13.123, 56.340



29, 10.835, 244.409

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 13.123, 56.340



28, 13.123, 106.340



28, 13.123, 236.340



28, 13.123, 286.340

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 13.123, 56.346



43, 4.482, 58.386



25, 19.900, 339.262



21, 2.943, 58.343



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 13.123, 56.346



35, 20.186, 55.698



33, 17.577, 99.173



15, 1.648, 58.657



25, 45.388, 51.773



56, 85.453, 50.312

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 10.835, 244.409



36, 15.769, 246.297



24, 18.653, 288.481



16, 1.592, 240.344



27, 27.487, 264.040



59, 51.595, 267.848

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 28, 13.123, 56.340 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 13.123, 56.340 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

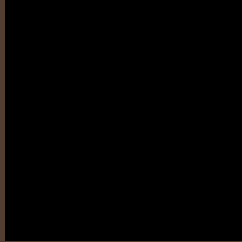
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 13.123, 56.340

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 13.123, 56.340.

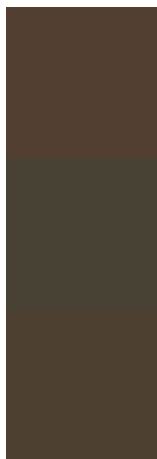


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 13.123, 56.340.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28, 13.123, 56.340

Protanopia

28, 9.322, 93.428

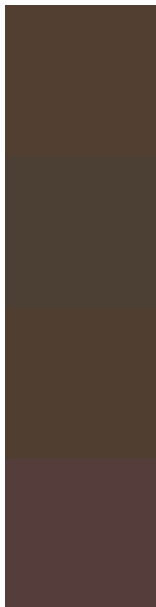
Deuteranopia

28, 11.971, 73.004



Tritanopia
28, 11.379, 8.574

Trichromacy



Original Color
28, 13.123, 56.340

Protanomaly
28, 10.006, 76.093

Deuteranomaly
28, 12.474, 65.962

Tritanomaly
28, 11.043, 27.921

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 13.123, 56.340

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 4.520, 54.503

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 13.123, 56.340 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 62, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 62, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 62, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 62, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 13.123, 56.340 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 62, 50) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 62, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 62, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 62, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 62, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 62, 50)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 13.123, 56.340 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 62, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 62,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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