

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 14.286, 150.747)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 14.286, 150.747)
contains.

CIELCh(28, 14.281, 151.056)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(28, 14.281, 151.056)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	314737
RGB	49, 71, 55
RGB Percent	19%, 28%, 22%
CMY	0.8073, 0.7210, 0.7838
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.23, 0.72
HSL	136°, 18%, 24%
HSV	136°, 31%, 28%
XYZ	4.2278, 5.4574, 4.4616
YIQ	62.5980, -7.9760, -9.6400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

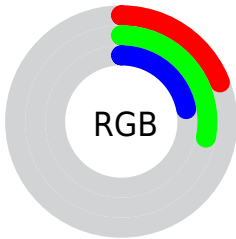
Format	Color
R_{YB}	49, 66, 71
Decimal	3229495
CIE _{Lab}	28.00, -12.50, 6.91
CIE _{LCh}	28, 14.281, 151.056
Yxy	5.4574, 0.2989, 0.3858
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281419575 (0xFF314737)
YUV	62.5980, -3.7458, -11.9254
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, -8.5778, 5.0293

Details

The CIELCh color **28, 14.281, 151.056** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **23, 14.400, 335.113**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 14.470, 150.972**, and **8, 14.284, 151.853** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27, 18.823, 150.154**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 9.667, 151.852**.

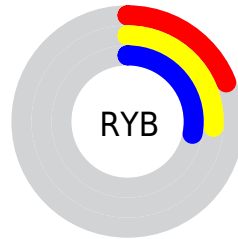
Distribution



Red (19%)

Green (28%)

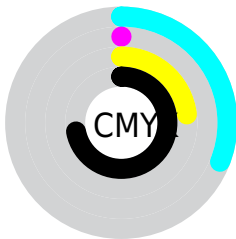
Blue (22%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (26%)

Blue (28%)

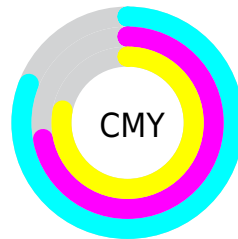


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (81%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 14.281, 151.056 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 14.281, 151.056 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28, 14.281,
151.056

■ 28, 14.281,
151.056

■ 100, 14.281,
151.056

■ 18, 14.281,
151.056

■ 48, 14.281,
151.056

■ 8, 14.281, 151.056

■ 58, 14.281,
151.056

■ 0, 14.281, 151.056

■ 68, 14.281,
151.056

■ 78, 14.281,
151.056

■ 88, 14.281,
151.056

■ 98, 14.281,

151.056

■ 28, 14.281,
151.056

■ 28, 14.281,
151.056

■ 27, 18.823,
150.154

■ 29, 9.667, 151.852

■ 29, 5.033, 152.564

■ 27, 23.226,
149.131

■ 30, 0.424, 153.521

■ 27, 27.420,
147.973

■ 31, 4.124, 333.659

■ 26, 31.331,
146.672

■ 32, 8.586, 334.168

■ 26, 34.891,
145.230

■ 33, 12.944,
334.614

■ 26, 38.080,
143.728

■ 34, 17.187,
335.014

■ 25, 40.824,
142.653

■ 35, 21.310,
335.376

■ 36, 25.308,
335.706

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 14.281, 151.056



23, 14.400, 335.113

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 14.281, 151.056



28, 14.281, 201.056



28, 14.281, 331.056



28, 14.281, 21.056

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 14.282, 151.056



38, 5.114, 152.672



29, 14.233, 118.858



18, 3.503, 152.622



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 14.282, 151.056



36, 21.051, 150.391



28, 9.870, 178.132



14, 2.569, 152.724



36, 52.626, 141.585



79, 99.533, 140.081

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 14.400, 335.113



29, 21.237, 335.627



23, 10.934, 3.757



13, 2.580, 333.669



21, 47.614, 341.838



51, 85.847, 343.170

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 28, 14.281, 151.056 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 28, 14.281, 151.056 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 14.281, 151.056

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 14.281, 151.056.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 14.281, 151.056.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28, 14.281, 151.056

Protanopia

28, 8.580, 95.630

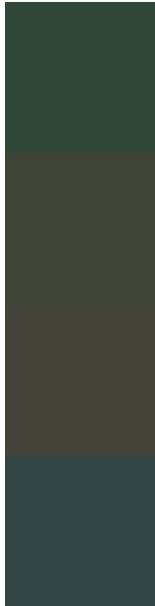
Deuteranopia

28, 7.330, 51.944



Tritanopia
28, 7.150, 225.576

Trichromacy



Original Color
28, 14.281, 151.056

Protanomaly
28, 9.432, 125.660

Deuteranomaly
28, 6.446, 108.892

Tritanomaly
28, 7.877, 183.842

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 14.281, 151.056

Achromatopsia
27, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
27, 5.331, 151.641

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 14.281, 151.056 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 71, 55)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(49, 71, 55)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 71, 55) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 71, 55) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 14.281, 151.056 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 71, 55) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 71, 55) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(49, 71, 55)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 71, 55); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 71, 55);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 71, 55)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 14.281, 151.056 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 71, 55) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 71,  
55) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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