

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 15.512, 325.685)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 15.512, 325.685)
contains.

CIELCh(28, 15.479, 325.672)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(28, 15.479, 325.672)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	503C50
RGB	80, 60, 80
RGB Percent	31%, 24%, 31%
CMY	0.6877, 0.7661, 0.6877
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.00, 0.69
HSL	300°, 14%, 27%
HSV	300°, 25%, 31%
XYZ	6.3082, 5.4574, 8.2384
YIQ	68.2600, 5.5000, 10.4600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

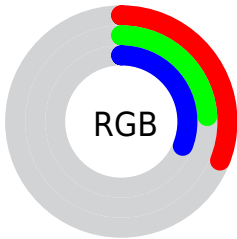
Format	Color
R_{YB}	80, 60, 80
Decimal	5258320
CIE Lab	28.00, 12.78, -8.73
CIE LCh	28, 15.479, 325.672
Yxy	5.4574, 0.3153, 0.2728
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283448400 (0xFF503C50)
YUV	68.2600, 5.7878, 10.2960
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, 7.3187, -4.5563

Details

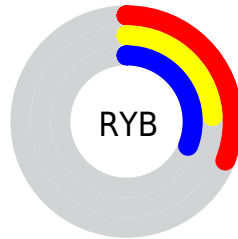
The CIELCh color **28, 15.479, 325.672** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **32, 15.470, 142.947**, and the grayscale version is **29, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 14.927, 325.286**, and **8, 15.474, 324.862** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 21.588, 326.155**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 9.292, 325.173**.

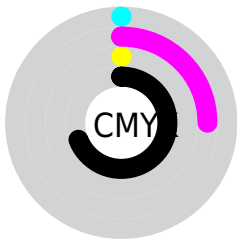
Distribution



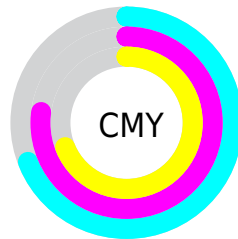
- Red (31%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (69%)





- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (69%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 15.479, 325.672 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 15.479, 325.672 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 28, 15.479,
325.672


 28, 15.479,
325.672

 100, 15.479,
325.672


 18, 15.479,
325.672


 48, 15.479,
325.672


 8, 15.479, 325.672

 58, 15.479,
325.672

 0, 15.479, 325.672

 68, 15.479,
325.672

 78, 15.479,
325.672

 88, 15.479,
325.672

 98, 15.479,

325.672

■ 28, 15.479,
325.672

■ 28, 15.479,
325.672

■ 26, 21.588,
326.155

■ 30, 9.292, 325.173

■ 24, 27.497,
326.613

■ 33, 3.121, 324.648

■ 35, 2.970, 144.244

■ 22, 33.047,
327.033

■ 38, 8.940, 143.734

■ 20, 38.051,
327.403

■ 40, 14.764,
143.263

■ 19, 42.311,
327.711

■ 43, 20.428,
142.815

■ 18, 45.654,
327.948

■ 45, 25.926,
142.390

■ 17, 48.327,
328.134

■ 48, 31.260,
141.987

■ 17, 49.684,
328.228

■ 50, 36.433,
141.609

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 15.479, 325.672



32, 15.470, 142.947

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 15.479, 325.672



28, 15.479, 15.672



28, 15.479, 145.672



28, 15.479, 195.672

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 15.478, 325.672



42, 6.148, 324.824



26, 12.888, 292.167



21, 4.407, 324.877



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 15.478, 325.672



36, 23.152, 325.965



28, 11.125, 344.747



15, 3.500, 324.848



24, 60.006, 328.228



55, 107.611, 328.227

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 9.416, 21.091



34, 14.394, 21.685



32, 10.838, 160.769



15, 2.019, 19.800



20, 51.593, 36.272



48, 97.370, 39.996

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 15.479, 325.672 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 15.479, 325.672 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 15.479, 325.672

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 15.479, 325.672.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 15.479, 325.672.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28, 15.479, 325.672

Protanopia

28, 11.706, 284.650

Deuteranopia

28, 9.124, 297.121



Tritanopia
28, 7.931, 356.942

Trichromacy



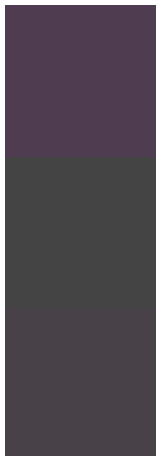
Original Color
28, 15.479, 325.672

Protanomaly
28, 11.818, 300.323

Deuteranomaly
28, 11.090, 312.023

Tritanomaly
28, 10.667, 339.711

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 15.479, 325.672

Achromatopsia
29, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 5.490, 324.894

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 15.479, 325.672 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 60, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 60, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 60, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 60, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 15.479, 325.672 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 60, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 60, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 60, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 60, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 60, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 60, 80)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 15.479, 325.672 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 60, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 60,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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