

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 15.747, 0.821)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 15.747, 0.821) contains.

CIELCh(28, 15.671, 1.066)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(28, 15.671, 1.066)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	593942
RGB	89, 57, 66
RGB Percent	35%, 22%, 26%
CMY	0.6506, 0.7761, 0.7408
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.26, 0.65
HSL	343°, 22%, 29%
HSV	343°, 36%, 35%
XYZ	6.5818, 5.4574, 5.8739
YIQ	67.5940, 16.1830, 9.5830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

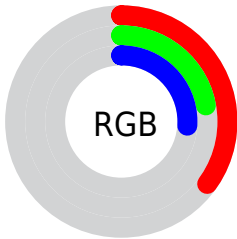
Format	Color
RYB	89, 57, 66
Decimal	5847362
CIELab	28.00, 15.67, 0.29
CIElCh	28, 15.671, 1.066
Yxy	5.4574, 0.3674, 0.3047
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284037442 (0xFF593942)
YUV	67.5940, -0.7858, 18.7731
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, 9.4092, 1.4448




Details

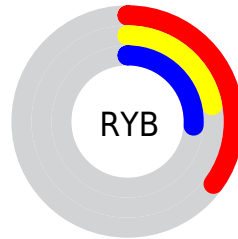
The CIELCh color **28, 15.671, 1.066** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **35, 14.100, 173.989**, and the grayscale version is **29, 0.004, 296.813**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 16.044, 0.169**, and **8, 15.779, 1.759** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 20.218, 2.581**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31, 11.147, 359.793**.

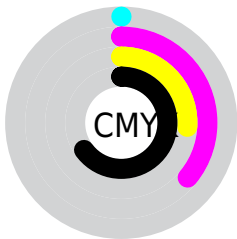
Distribution







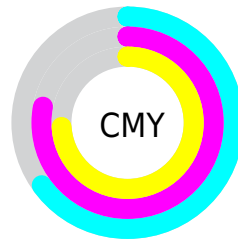
-  Red (35%)
-  Green (22%)
-  Blue (26%)






-  Red (35%)
-  Yellow (22%)
-  Blue (26%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (36%)
-  Yellow (26%)
-  Black (65%)




-  Cyan (65%)
-  Magenta (78%)
-  Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 15.671, 1.066 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 15.671, 1.066 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 28, 15.671, 1.066  28, 15.671, 1.066

 100, 15.671, 1.066  18, 15.671, 1.066

 48, 15.671, 1.066  8, 15.671, 1.066

 58, 15.671, 1.066  0, 15.671, 1.066

 68, 15.671, 1.066

 78, 15.671, 1.066

 88, 15.671, 1.066

 98, 15.671, 1.066

 28, 15.671, 1.066  28, 15.671, 1.066

 26, 20.218, 2.581  31, 11.147,

■ 23, 24.677, 4.408	■ 359.793
■ 21, 28.894, 6.652	■ 33, 6.726, 358.691
■ 19, 32.698, 9.441	■ 36, 2.454, 357.677
■ 18, 35.942, 12.905	■ 39, 1.649, 177.118
■ 17, 38.849, 16.772	■ 42, 5.574, 176.261
■ 16, 40.155, 18.189	■ 45, 9.324, 175.574
	■ 48, 12.908, 174.960
	■ 51, 16.337, 174.402
	■ 54, 19.623, 173.891

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 15.671, 1.066



35, 14.100, 173.989

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 15.671, 1.066



28, 15.671, 51.066



28, 15.671, 181.066



28, 15.671, 231.066

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 15.670, 1.069



45, 5.674, 358.226



28, 22.701, 317.676



22, 3.849, 358.306



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 15.670, 1.069



34, 23.299, 2.324



30, 13.006, 40.926



16, 2.279, 357.967



21, 45.971, 19.639



49, 83.597, 23.749

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 15.670, 1.069



34, 23.299, 2.324



33, 10.344, 223.369



16, 2.279, 357.967



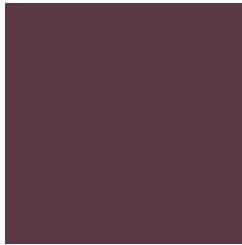
21, 45.971, 19.639



49, 83.597, 23.749

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 28, 15.671, 1.066 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 28, 15.671, 1.066 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

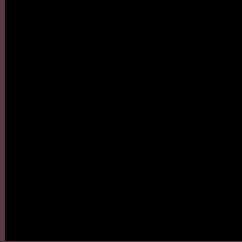
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 15.671, 1.066

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 15.671, 1.066.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 15.671, 1.066.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28, 15.671, 1.066

Protanopia

28, 3.238, 290.815

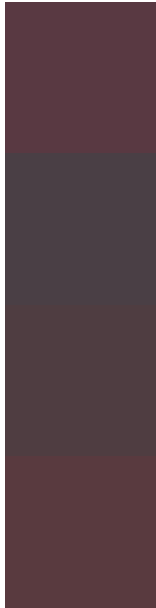
Deuteranopia

28, 4.142, 11.140



Tritanopia
28, 14.711, 12.305

Trichromacy



Original Color
28, 15.671, 1.066

Protanomaly
28, 6.269, 342.334

Deuteranomaly
28, 8.630, 3.677

Tritanomaly
28, 14.752, 9.837

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 15.671, 1.066

Achromatopsia
29, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 5.764, 0.878

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 15.671, 1.066 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 57, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 57, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 57, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 57, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 15.671, 1.066 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

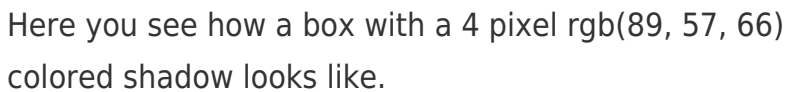
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 57, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 57, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 57, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 57, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 57, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 57, 66)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 15.671, 1.066 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 57, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 57,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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