

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 17.525, 140.591)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 17.525, 140.591)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(28, 17.106, 141.458)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	324731
RGB	50, 71, 49
RGB Percent	20%, 28%, 19%
CMY	0.8027, 0.7203, 0.8067
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.31, 0.72
HSL	117°, 18%, 24%
HSV	117°, 31%, 28%
XYZ	4.1649, 5.4574, 3.7730
YIQ	62.2130, -5.4540, -11.2940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

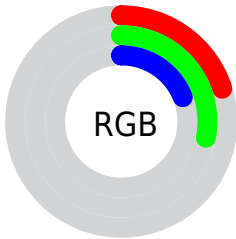
Format	Color
RYB	49, 71, 70
Decimal	3295025
CIELab	28.00, -13.38, 10.66
CIELCh	28, 17.106, 141.458
Yxy	5.4574, 0.3109, 0.4074
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281485105 (0xFF324731)
YUV	62.2130, -6.5140, -10.7108
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, -9.0580, 6.7770

Details

The CIELCh color **28, 17.106, 141.458** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **24, 17.149, 324.625**, and the grayscale version is **26, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 17.545, 141.139**, and **8, 17.240, 141.424** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27, 22.565, 140.717**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 11.559, 142.117**.

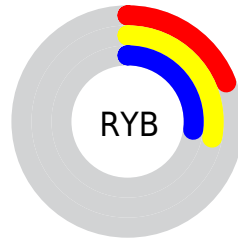
Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (28%)

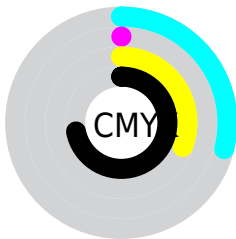
Blue (19%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (27%)

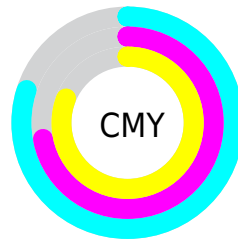


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 17.106, 141.458 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 17.106, 141.458 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28, 17.106,
141.458

■ 28, 17.106,
141.458

■ 100, 17.106,
141.458

■ 18, 17.106,
141.458

■ 48, 17.106,
141.458

■ 8, 17.106, 141.458

■ 58, 17.106,
141.458

■ 0, 17.106, 141.458

■ 68, 17.106,
141.458

■ 78, 17.106,
141.458

■ 88, 17.106,
141.458

■ 98, 17.106,

141.458

■ 28, 17.106,
141.458

■ 28, 17.106,
141.458

■ 27, 22.565,
140.717

■ 29, 11.559,
142.117

■ 27, 27.836,
139.896

■ 29, 5.996, 142.699

■ 26, 32.803,
139.016

■ 30, 0.475, 143.426

■ 31, 4.964, 323.581

■ 26, 37.317,
138.118

■ 32, 10.291,
323.963

■ 26, 41.207,
137.271

■ 33, 15.487,
324.286

■ 26, 44.407,
136.466

■ 34, 20.541,
324.562

■ 25, 47.280,
135.663

■ 35, 25.449,
324.801

■ 36, 30.209,
325.006

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 17.106, 141.458



24, 17.149, 324.625

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 17.106, 141.458



28, 17.106, 191.458



28, 17.106, 321.458



28, 17.106, 11.458

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 17.107, 141.458



38, 6.113, 142.783



29, 13.281, 105.321



18, 4.188, 142.743



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 17.107, 141.458



36, 25.219, 140.907



28, 12.456, 158.620



14, 3.071, 142.824



36, 59.722, 135.625



79, 109.457, 135.870

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24, 17.149, 324.625



29, 25.274, 324.956



23, 12.786, 343.426



13, 3.078, 323.587



21, 58.058, 326.540



52, 106.075, 326.415

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 17.106, 141.458 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 17.106, 141.458 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 17.106, 141.458

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 17.106, 141.458.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 17.106, 141.458.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

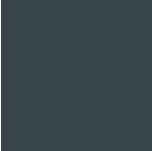
28, 17.106, 141.458

Protanopia

28, 12.437, 96.355

Deuteranopia

28, 10.425, 67.565



Tritanopia
28, 6.480, 235.779

Trichromacy



Original Color
28, 17.106, 141.458

Protanomaly
28, 13.010, 118.275

Deuteranomaly
28, 10.293, 105.439

Tritanomaly
28, 7.378, 177.608

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 17.106, 141.458

Achromatopsia
27, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
27, 6.364, 143.827

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 17.106, 141.458 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 71, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 71, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 71, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 71, 49) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 17.106, 141.458 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 71, 49) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 71, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(50, 71, 49)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 71, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 71, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 71, 49)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 17.106, 141.458 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 71, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 71,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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