

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 18.323, 155.504)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 18.323, 155.504)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(28, 18.498, 155.279)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	294936
RGB	41, 73, 54
RGB Percent	16%, 29%, 21%
CMY	0.8403, 0.7148, 0.7893
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.26, 0.71
HSL	144°, 28%, 22%
HSV	144°, 44%, 29%
XYZ	3.9269, 5.4574, 4.3034
YIQ	61.2660, -12.9730, -12.6930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

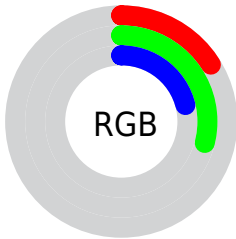
Format	Color
R_{YB}	41, 64, 73
Decimal	2705718
CIE _{Lab}	28.00, -16.80, 7.74
CIE _{LCh}	28, 18.498, 155.279
Yxy	5.4574, 0.2869, 0.3987
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280895798 (0xFF294936)
YUV	61.2660, -3.5821, -17.7733
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, -10.8763, 5.4307

Details

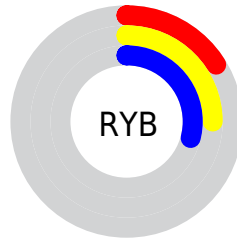
The CIELCh color **28, 18.498, 155.279** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **21, 18.993, 342.367**, and the grayscale version is **26, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 18.476, 155.588**, and **9, 17.811, 151.718** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28, 22.440, 154.149**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 14.398, 156.282**.

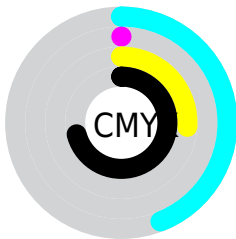
Distribution



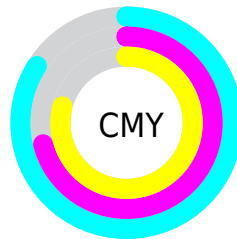
- Red (16%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (71%)





- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (79%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 18.498, 155.279 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 18.498, 155.279 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 28, 18.498,
155.279


 28, 18.498,
155.279

 100, 18.498,
155.279


 18, 18.498,
155.279


 48, 18.498,
155.279


 8, 18.498, 155.279

 58, 18.498,
155.279

 0, 18.498, 155.279

 68, 18.498,
155.279

 78, 18.498,
155.279

 88, 18.498,
155.279

 98, 18.498,

155.279

■ 28, 18.498,
155.279

■ 28, 18.498,
155.279

■ 28, 22.440,
154.149

■ 29, 14.398,
156.282

■ 27, 26.161,
152.876

■ 29, 10.196,
157.178

■ 27, 29.605,
151.447

■ 30, 5.945, 157.987

■ 31, 1.690, 158.780

■ 27, 32.725,
149.854

■ 31, 2.535, 339.248

■ 26, 35.597,
148.252

■ 32, 6.699, 339.882

■ 26, 37.305,
147.442

■ 33, 10.785,
340.431

■ 34, 14.776,
340.932

■ 35, 18.664,
341.394

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 18.498, 155.279



21, 18.993, 342.367

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 18.498, 155.279



28, 18.498, 205.279



28, 18.498, 335.279



28, 18.498, 25.279

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 18.499, 155.278



39, 6.852, 158.026



29, 20.983, 123.513



19, 4.837, 157.925



72, 0.009, 296.813



20, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 18.499, 155.278



36, 27.293, 154.023



28, 12.803, 188.078



14, 2.327, 158.405



36, 47.343, 146.345



79, 89.823, 144.602

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21, 18.993, 342.367



26, 28.051, 343.487



21, 16.005, 15.693



13, 2.345, 339.469



20, 44.147, 351.478



50, 79.614, 353.935

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 18.498, 155.279 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 18.498, 155.279 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

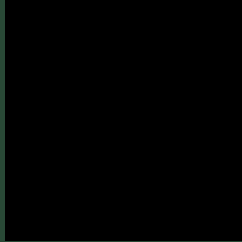
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 18.498, 155.279

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 18.498, 155.279.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 18.498, 155.279.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

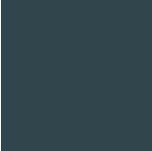
Dichromacy



Original Color
28, 18.498, 155.279

Protanopia
28, 9.835, 96.941

Deuteranopia
28, 7.724, 55.778



Tritanopia
28, 9.779, 217.550

Trichromacy



Original Color
28, 18.498, 155.279

Protanomaly
28, 11.132, 130.302

Deuteranomaly
28, 7.957, 122.191

Tritanomaly
28, 11.338, 184.339

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 18.498, 155.279

Achromatopsia
26, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
26, 6.764, 155.862

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 18.498, 155.279 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 73, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(41, 73, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 73, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 73, 54) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 18.498, 155.279 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 73, 54) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 73, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(41, 73, 54)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 73, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 73, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 73, 54)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 18.498, 155.279 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 73, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 73,  
54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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