

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 2.614, 254.040)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 2.614, 254.040) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(28, 2.570, 248.434)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3F4346
RGB	63, 67, 70
RGB Percent	25%, 26%, 27%
CMY	0.7543, 0.7386, 0.7268
CMYK	0.10, 0.04, 0.00, 0.73
HSL	206°, 5%, 26%
HSV	206°, 10%, 27%
XYZ	5.1100, 5.4574, 6.5217
YIQ	66.1460, -3.3470, 0.0850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	63, 66, 70
Decimal	4145990
CIELab	28.00, -0.94, -2.39
CIElCh	28, 2.570, 248.434
Yxy	5.4574, 0.2990, 0.3194
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282336070 (0xFF3F4346)
YUV	66.1460, 1.9000, -2.7590
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, -1.8370, -0.1992

Details

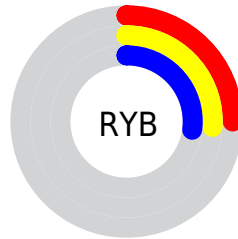
The CIELCh color **28, 2.570, 248.434** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **28, 2.650, 66.244**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 2.357, 248.078**, and **8, 2.659, 257.613** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 5.075, 249.608**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 0.014, 261.654**.

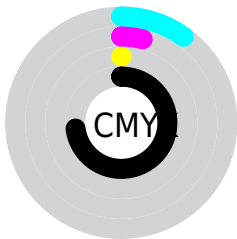
Distribution



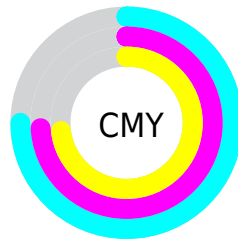
- Red (25%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (73%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 2.570, 248.434 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 2.570, 248.434 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28, 2.570, 248.434

■ 28, 2.570, 248.434

■ 100, 2.570,
248.434

■ 18, 2.570, 248.434

■ 48, 2.570, 248.434

■ 8, 2.570, 248.434

■ 58, 2.570, 248.434

■ 0, 2.570, 248.434

■ 68, 2.570, 248.434

■ 78, 2.570, 248.434

■ 88, 2.570, 248.434

■ 98, 2.570, 248.434

■ 28, 2.570, 248.434

■ 28, 2.570, 248.434

■ 26, 5.075, 249.608

■ 30, 0.014, 261.654

■ 25, 7.517, 251.052

■ 31, 2.581, 66.319

■ 23, 9.881, 252.770

■ 33, 5.203, 65.591

■ 22, 12.157,
254.808

■ 34, 7.843, 64.941

■ 20, 14.336,
257.216

■ 36, 10.493, 64.372

■ 38, 13.146, 63.872

■ 19, 16.419,
260.040

■ 39, 15.797, 63.431

■ 18, 18.415,
263.310

■ 41, 18.441, 63.040

■ 42, 21.075, 62.690

■ 16, 20.366,
266.915

■ 15, 22.403,
270.025

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 2.570, 248.434



28, 2.650, 66.244

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 2.570, 248.434



28, 2.570, 298.434



28, 2.570, 68.434



28, 2.570, 118.434

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 2.570, 248.414



38, 0.974, 247.843



29, 4.080, 158.771



18, 0.726, 247.862



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 2.570, 248.414



37, 3.852, 248.684



27, 4.184, 287.578



13, 1.458, 248.268



23, 29.771, 272.886



53, 57.829, 276.796

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 4.082, 340.632



36, 6.147, 340.819



29, 4.111, 105.674



13, 2.309, 340.525



20, 43.733, 353.236



49, 78.941, 355.894

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 2.570, 248.434 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 28, 2.570, 248.434 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

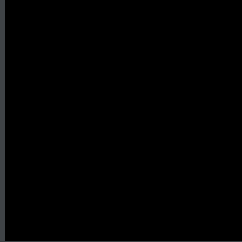
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

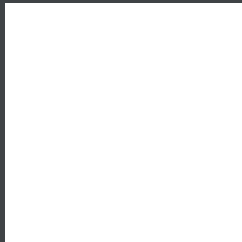
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 2.570, 248.434

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 2.570, 248.434.

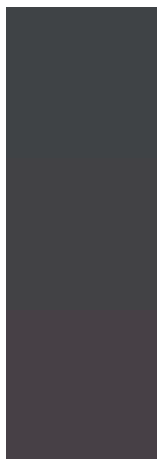


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 2.570, 248.434.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28, 2.570, 248.434

Protanopia

28, 1.945, 290.571

Deuteranopia

28, 4.987, 329.104



Tritanopia
28, 4.067, 272.628

Trichromacy



Original Color

28, 2.570, 248.434

Protanomaly

28, 1.986, 277.890

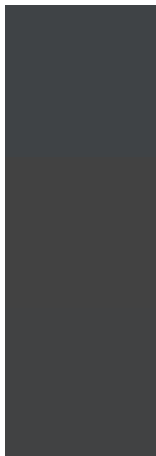
Deuteranomaly

28, 3.514, 312.726

Tritanomaly

28, 3.461, 269.022

Monochromacy



Original Color

28, 2.570, 248.434

Achromatopsia

28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

28, 0.780, 255.957

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 2.570, 248.434 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 67, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 67, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 67, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 67, 70) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 2.570, 248.434 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 67, 70) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 67, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(63, 67, 70)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 67, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 67, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 67, 70)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 2.570, 248.434 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 67, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 67,  
70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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