

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 20.000, 133.302)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 20.000, 133.302)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(28, 19.927, 133.365)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	34472B
RGB	52, 71, 43
RGB Percent	20%, 28%, 17%
CMY	0.7950, 0.7204, 0.8303
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.39, 0.72
HSL	101°, 24%, 22%
HSV	101°, 39%, 28%
XYZ	4.1435, 5.4574, 3.1467
YIQ	62.1270, -2.3360, -12.7360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

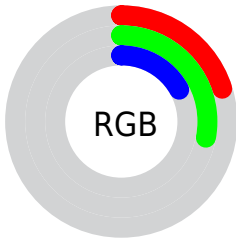
Format	Color
RYB	43, 71, 62
Decimal	3426091
CIELab	28.00, -13.68, 14.49
CIElCh	28, 19.927, 133.365
Yxy	5.4574, 0.3250, 0.4281
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281616171 (0xFF34472B)
YUV	62.1270, -9.4296, -8.8814
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, -9.2220, 8.3665

Details

The CIELCh color **28, 19.927, 133.365** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **21, 20.504, 316.550**, and the grayscale version is **26, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 20.186, 133.884**, and **8, 17.525, 137.748** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28, 24.848, 132.883**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 14.892, 133.841**.

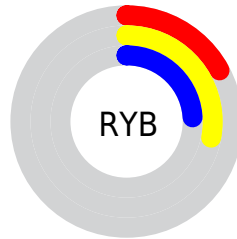
Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (28%)

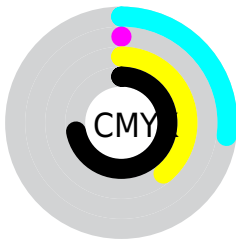
Blue (17%)



Red (17%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (24%)

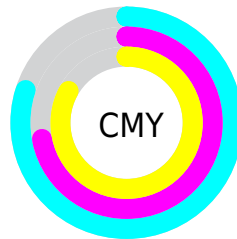


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (39%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (80%)


Magenta (72%)


Yellow (83%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 19.927, 133.365 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 19.927, 133.365 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 28, 19.927,
133.365


 28, 19.927,
133.365

 100, 19.927,
133.365


 18, 19.927,
133.365


 48, 19.927,
133.365


 8, 19.927, 133.365

 58, 19.927,
133.365

 0, 19.927, 133.365

 68, 19.927,
133.365

 78, 19.927,
133.365

 88, 19.927,
133.365

 98, 19.927,

133.365

■ 28, 19.927,
133.365

■ 28, 19.927,
133.365

■ 28, 24.848,
132.883

■ 29, 14.892,
133.841

■ 27, 29.570,
132.421

■ 29, 9.805, 134.292

■ 27, 33.981,
132.029

■ 30, 4.710, 134.715

■ 30, 0.356, 314.838

■ 26, 37.936,
131.775

■ 31, 5.370, 315.394

■ 26, 41.317,
131.703

■ 32, 10.313,
315.701

■ 26, 44.624,
131.413

■ 33, 15.172,
315.968

■ 26, 44.852,
131.387

■ 33, 19.940,
316.202

■ 34, 24.610,
316.407

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 19.927, 133.365



21, 20.504, 316.550

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 19.927, 133.365



28, 19.927, 183.365



28, 19.927, 313.365



28, 19.927, 3.365

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 19.928, 133.366



38, 7.504, 134.584



27, 13.011, 86.585



18, 4.905, 134.568



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 19.928, 133.366



36, 29.228, 132.907



28, 19.611, 146.666



14, 2.824, 134.744



37, 56.996, 131.920



80, 105.351, 132.915

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21, 20.504, 316.550



25, 30.274, 316.899



22, 19.655, 331.576



13, 2.845, 315.345



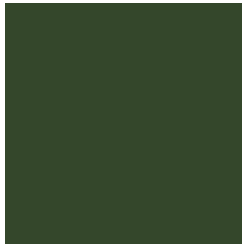
16, 60.064, 317.263



42, 110.187, 316.561

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 19.927, 133.365 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

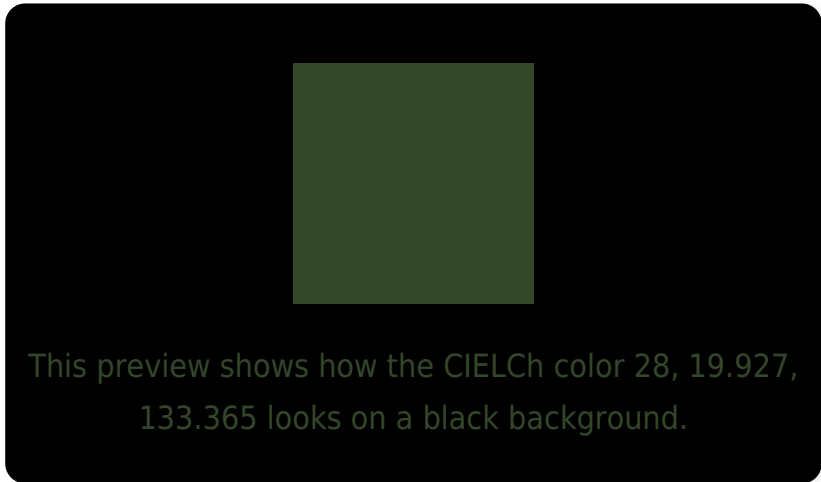
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 19.927, 133.365

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 19.927, 133.365.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 19.927, 133.365.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
28, 19.927, 133.365

Protanopia
28, 16.248, 96.284

Deuteranopia
28, 14.251, 73.524



Tritanopia
28, 5.513, 234.940

Trichromacy



Original Color
28, 19.927, 133.365

Protanomaly
28, 16.571, 112.030

Deuteranomaly
28, 14.156, 101.333

Tritanomaly
28, 7.693, 162.106

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 19.927, 133.365

Achromatopsia
26, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
27, 7.272, 135.152

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 19.927, 133.365 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(52, 71, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(52, 71, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(52, 71, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(52, 71, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 19.927, 133.365 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(52, 71, 43) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(52, 71, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(52, 71, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(52, 71, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 71, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 71, 43)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 19.927, 133.365 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(52, 71, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(52, 71,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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