

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 20.214, 142.193)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 20.214, 142.193)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(28, 19.911, 143.164)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E482F
RGB	46, 72, 47
RGB Percent	18%, 28%, 18%
CMY	0.8187, 0.7167, 0.8148
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.35, 0.72
HSL	122°, 22%, 23%
HSV	122°, 36%, 28%
XYZ	3.9863, 5.4574, 3.5553
YIQ	61.3760, -7.4710, -13.2870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

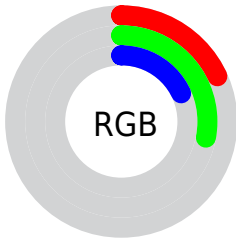
Format	Color
RYB	46, 71, 72
Decimal	3033135
CIELab	28.00, -15.94, 11.94
CIELCh	28, 19.911, 143.164
Yxy	5.4574, 0.3067, 0.4198
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281223215 (0xFF2E482F)
YUV	61.3760, -7.0874, -13.4848
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, -10.4226, 7.3293

Details

The CIELCh color **28, 19.911, 143.164** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **23, 19.906, 327.257**, and the grayscale version is **26, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 20.147, 143.001**, and **8, 19.774, 143.785** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27, 25.275, 142.294**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 14.407, 143.933**.

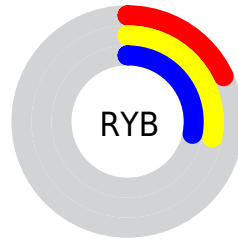
Distribution



Red (18%)

Green (28%)

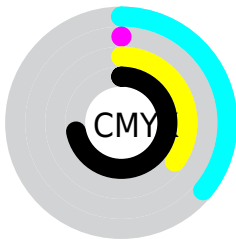
Blue (18%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (28%)

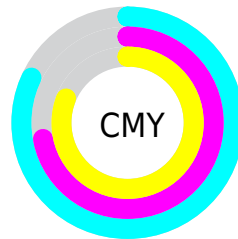


Cyan (36%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (82%)


Magenta (72%)


Yellow (81%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 19.911, 143.164 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 19.911, 143.164 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 28, 19.911,
143.164


 28, 19.911,
143.164

 100, 19.911,
143.164


 18, 19.911,
143.164


 48, 19.911,
143.164


 8, 19.911, 143.164

 58, 19.911,
143.164

 0, 19.911, 143.164

 68, 19.911,
143.164

 78, 19.911,
143.164

 88, 19.911,
143.164

 98, 19.911,

143.164

■ 28, 19.911,
143.164

■ 28, 19.911,
143.164

■ 27, 25.275,
142.294

■ 29, 14.407,
143.933

■ 27, 30.388,
141.324

■ 29, 8.846, 144.606

■ 27, 35.124,
140.275

■ 30, 3.300, 145.208

■ 31, 2.181, 325.609

■ 26, 39.337,
139.187

■ 32, 7.560, 326.082

■ 26, 42.865,
138.133

■ 33, 12.812,
326.461

■ 26, 45.899,
137.279

■ 34, 17.920,
326.786

■ 26, 47.147,
136.956

■ 35, 22.878,
327.068

■ 36, 27.682,
327.313

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 19.911, 143.164



23, 19.906, 327.257

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 19.911, 143.164



28, 19.911, 193.164



28, 19.911, 323.164



28, 19.911, 13.164

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 19.912, 143.164



39, 7.568, 144.886



30, 16.368, 108.554



19, 5.130, 144.850



72, 0.009, 296.813



20, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 19.912, 143.164



36, 29.513, 142.413



28, 13.699, 162.405



14, 3.037, 145.056



36, 59.124, 136.651



79, 109.040, 136.256

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 19.906, 327.257



29, 29.452, 327.670



23, 14.352, 348.640



13, 3.042, 325.876



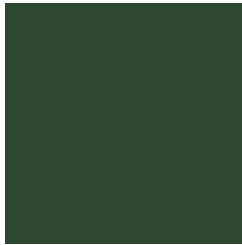
22, 56.320, 329.718



53, 102.660, 329.833

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 19.911, 143.164 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

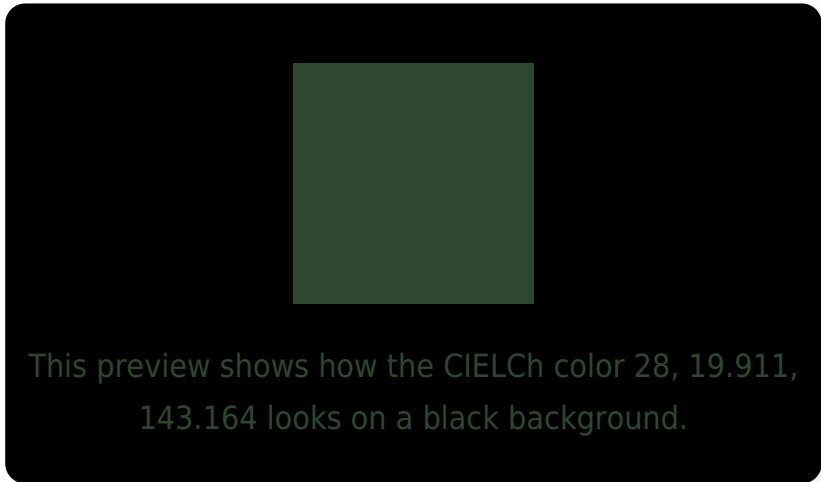
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

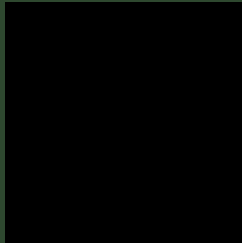
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 19.911, 143.164

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 19.911, 143.164.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 19.911, 143.164.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

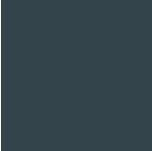
Dichromacy



Original Color
28, 19.911, 143.164

Protanopia
28, 13.681, 97.068

Deuteranopia
28, 11.790, 69.443



Tritanopia
28, 7.819, 223.015

Trichromacy



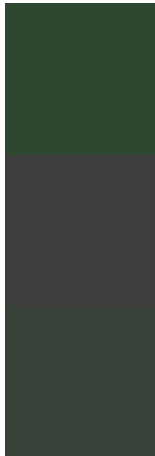
Original Color
28, 19.911, 143.164

Protanomaly
28, 14.341, 119.040

Deuteranomaly
27, 11.555, 107.860

Tritanomaly
28, 9.786, 174.379

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 19.911, 143.164

Achromatopsia
26, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
27, 7.435, 146.448

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 19.911, 143.164 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 72, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 72, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 72, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 72, 47) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 19.911, 143.164 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 72, 47) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 72, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 72, 47)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 72, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 72, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 72, 47)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 19.911, 143.164 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 72, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 72,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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