

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 22.454, 60.199)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 22.454, 60.199) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(28, 22.417, 59.360)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5B3B25
RGB	91, 59, 37
RGB Percent	36%, 23%, 15%
CMY	0.6439, 0.7693, 0.8555
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.59, 0.64
HSL	24°, 42%, 25%
HSV	24°, 59%, 36%
XYZ	6.1821, 5.4574, 2.4646
YIQ	66.0600, 26.1340, -0.0580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

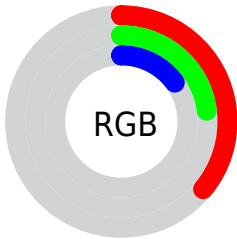
Format	Color
RYB	91, 74, 37
Decimal	5978917
CIELab	28.00, 11.42, 19.29
CIELCh	28, 22.417, 59.360
Yxy	5.4574, 0.4383, 0.3869
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284168997 (0xFF5B3B25)
YUV	66.0600, -14.3266, 21.8724
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, 6.3549, 10.0977

Details

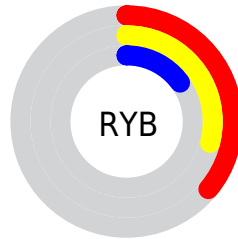
The CIELCh color **28, 22.417, 59.360** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **28, 17.235, 254.922**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 22.405, 59.115**, and **8, 17.247, 47.008** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 26.871, 58.528**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 18.124, 60.210**.

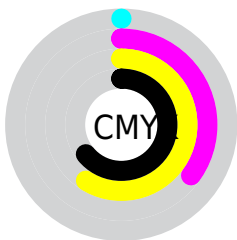
Distribution



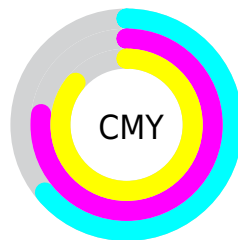
- Red (36%)
- Green (23%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 22.417, 59.360 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 22.417, 59.360 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28, 22.417, 59.360

■ 28, 22.417, 59.360

■ 100, 22.417,
59.360

■ 18, 22.417, 59.360

■ 48, 22.417, 59.360

■ 8, 22.417, 59.360

■ 58, 22.417, 59.360

■ 0, 22.417, 59.360

■ 68, 22.417, 59.360

■ 78, 22.417, 59.360

■ 88, 22.417, 59.360

■ 98, 22.417, 59.360

■ 28, 22.417, 59.360

■ 28, 22.417, 59.360

■ 26, 26.871, 58.528

■ 30, 18.124, 60.210

■ 25, 31.378, 57.643

■ 31, 14.038, 61.085

■ 23, 35.518, 56.369

■ 33, 10.173, 61.989

■ 22, 39.049, 54.793

■ 35, 6.524, 62.911

■ 22, 39.249, 54.718

■ 37, 3.077, 63.820

■ 39, 0.184, 246.204

■ 41, 3.277, 245.889

■ 42, 6.221, 246.797

■ 44, 9.031, 247.711

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 22.417, 59.360



28, 17.235, 254.922

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 22.417, 59.360



28, 22.417, 109.360



28, 22.417, 239.360



28, 22.417, 289.360

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 22.417, 59.364



45, 7.444, 62.991



24, 30.220, 343.841



22, 5.149, 62.812



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 22.417, 59.364



34, 34.223, 58.205



36, 29.090, 99.964



18, 1.841, 63.871



27, 46.529, 54.989



59, 84.804, 53.014

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 17.235, 254.922



34, 24.630, 259.181



19, 33.064, 294.717



18, 1.786, 245.802



26, 30.933, 270.760



57, 57.373, 274.233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 22.417, 59.360 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 22.417, 59.360 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 22.417, 59.360

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 22.417, 59.360.

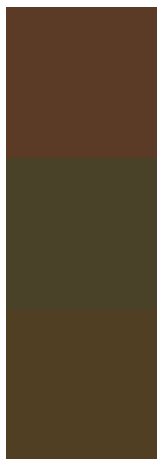


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 22.417, 59.360.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28, 22.417, 59.360

Protanopia

28, 16.966, 94.832

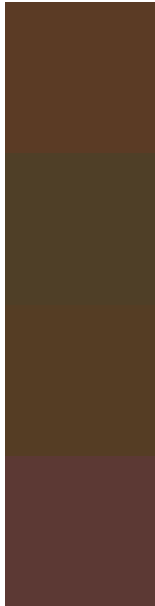
Deuteranopia

28, 19.837, 78.628



Tritanopia
28, 17.159, 14.321

Trichromacy



Original Color
28, 22.417, 59.360

Protanomaly
28, 17.614, 79.293

Deuteranomaly
28, 20.709, 69.801

Tritanomaly
28, 17.684, 32.769

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 22.417, 59.360

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 7.775, 61.459

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 22.417, 59.360 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 59, 37)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 59, 37)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 59, 37) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 59, 37) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 22.417, 59.360 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 59, 37) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 59, 37) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 59, 37)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 59, 37); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 59, 37);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 59, 37)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 22.417, 59.360 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 59, 37) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 59,  
37) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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