

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 22.985, 149.855)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 22.985, 149.855)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(28, 23.129, 150.113)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	254A30
RGB	37, 74, 48
RGB Percent	15%, 29%, 19%
CMY	0.8560, 0.7110, 0.8128
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.35, 0.71
HSL	138°, 34%, 22%
HSV	138°, 50%, 29%
XYZ	3.7096, 5.4574, 3.6246
YIQ	59.9730, -13.7060, -15.9300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

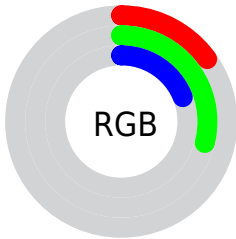
Format	Color
R_{YB}	37, 66, 74
Decimal	2443824
CIE Lab	28.00, -20.05, 11.52
CIE LCh	28, 23.129, 150.113
Yxy	5.4574, 0.2900, 0.4266
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280633904 (0xFF254A30)
YUV	59.9730, -5.9027, -20.1473
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, -12.5373, 7.1537

Details

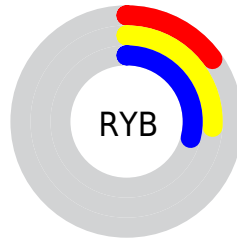
The CIELCh color **28, 23.129, 150.113** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **20, 23.357, 337.622**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 23.278, 150.188**, and **9, 21.761, 144.954** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28, 27.372, 148.941**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 18.678, 151.147**.

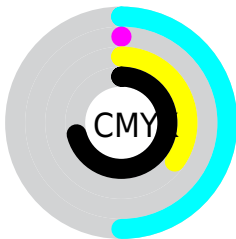
Distribution



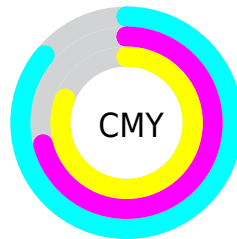
- Red (15%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (71%)





- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (81%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 23.129, 150.113 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 23.129, 150.113 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 28, 23.129,
150.113


 28, 23.129,
150.113

 100, 23.129,
150.113


 18, 23.129,
150.113


 48, 23.129,
150.113


 8, 23.129, 150.113

 58, 23.129,
150.113

 0, 23.129, 150.113

 68, 23.129,
150.113

 78, 23.129,
150.113

 88, 23.129,
150.113

 98, 23.129,

150.113

■ 28, 23.129,
150.113

■ 28, 23.129,
150.113

■ 28, 27.372,
148.941

■ 29, 18.678,
151.147

■ 27, 31.334,
147.623

■ 29, 14.088,
152.060

■ 27, 34.946,
146.155

■ 30, 9.424, 152.867

■ 27, 38.176,
144.587

■ 31, 4.742, 153.591

■ 31, 0.086, 156.106

■ 26, 41.175,
143.328

■ 32, 4.509, 334.707

■ 33, 9.016, 335.227

■ 34, 13.419,
335.686

■ 35, 17.706,
336.099

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 23.129, 150.113



20, 23.357, 337.622

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 23.129, 150.113



28, 23.129, 200.113



28, 23.129, 330.113



28, 23.129, 20.113

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 23.130, 150.113



40, 8.772, 153.208



30, 23.495, 118.539



19, 5.905, 153.134



72, 0.009, 296.813



20, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 23.130, 150.113



36, 34.103, 148.665



28, 15.567, 177.503



14, 2.522, 153.707



36, 51.700, 142.363



79, 97.886, 140.799

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 23.357, 337.622



25, 34.194, 338.654



20, 18.702, 7.884



13, 2.534, 334.673



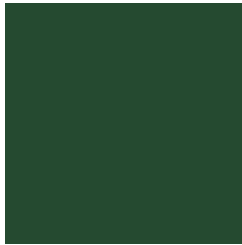
21, 46.856, 343.490



50, 84.434, 345.011

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 23.129, 150.113 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

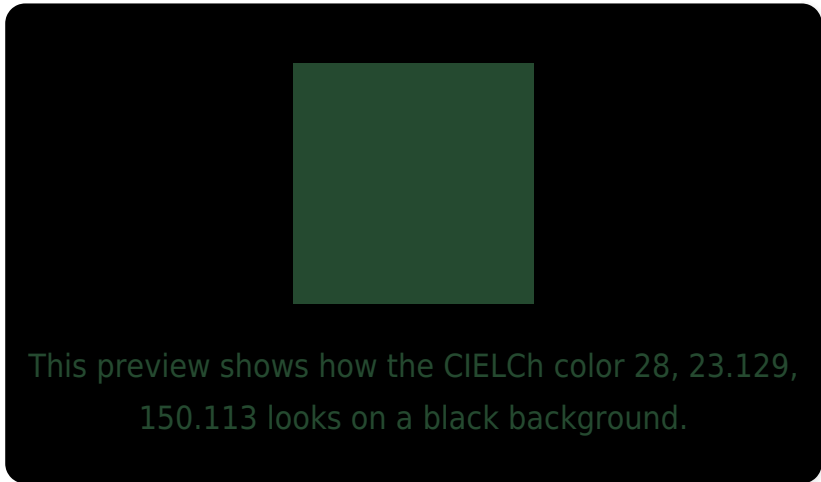
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 23.129, 150.113

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 23.129, 150.113.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 23.129, 150.113.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

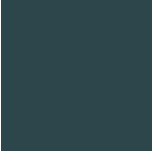
Dichromacy



Original Color
28, 23.129, 150.113

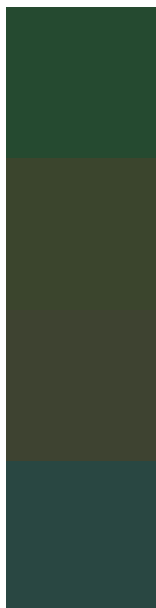
Protanopia
28, 14.302, 97.360

Deuteranopia
28, 10.940, 69.549



Tritanopia
28, 10.542, 219.813

Trichromacy



Original Color
28, 23.129, 150.113

Protanomaly
28, 16.031, 124.572

Deuteranomaly
27, 11.800, 119.544

Tritanomaly
28, 12.583, 182.409

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 23.129, 150.113

Achromatopsia
25, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
26, 8.342, 153.306

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 23.129, 150.113 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(37, 74, 48)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(37, 74, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 74, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(37, 74, 48) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 23.129, 150.113 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(37, 74, 48) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(37, 74, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(37, 74, 48)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(37, 74, 48); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 74, 48);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 74, 48)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 23.129, 150.113 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(37, 74, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(37, 74,  
48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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