

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 23.669, 95.881)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 23.669, 95.881) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(28, 23.567, 95.338)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4A421D
RGB	74, 66, 29
RGB Percent	29%, 26%, 11%
CMY	0.7094, 0.7408, 0.8859
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.61, 0.71
HSL	49°, 44%, 20%
HSV	49°, 61%, 29%
XYZ	5.0093, 5.4574, 1.9579
YIQ	64.1740, 16.6450, -9.8110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

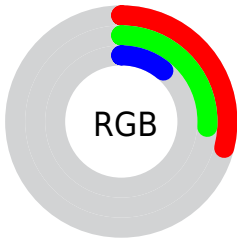
Format	Color
RYB	39, 74, 29
Decimal	4866589
CIELab	28.00, -2.19, 23.46
CIElCh	28, 23.567, 95.338
Yxy	5.4574, 0.4032, 0.4392
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283056669 (0xFF4A421D)
YUV	64.1740, -17.3408, 8.6174
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, -2.6064, 11.3835

Details

The CIELCh color **28, 23.567, 95.338** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **16, 25.896, 291.017**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 23.702, 95.847**, and **8, 12.311, 99.570** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27, 27.071, 94.260**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 19.836, 96.420**.

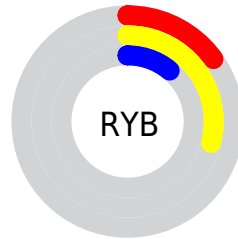
Distribution



 Red (29%)

 Green (26%)

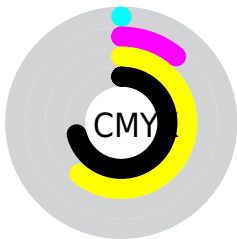
 Blue (11%)



 Red (15%)

 Yellow (29%)

 Blue (11%)

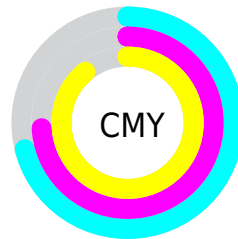


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (11%)

 Yellow (61%)

 Black (71%)



 Cyan (71%)

 Magenta (74%)

 Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 23.567, 95.338 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 23.567, 95.338 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28, 23.567, 95.338

■ 28, 23.567, 95.338

■ 100, 23.567,
95.338

■ 18, 23.567, 95.338

■ 48, 23.567, 95.338

■ 8, 23.567, 95.338

■ 58, 23.567, 95.338

■ 0, 23.567, 95.338

■ 68, 23.567, 95.338

■ 78, 23.567, 95.338

■ 88, 23.567, 95.338

■ 98, 23.567, 95.338

■ 28, 23.567, 95.338

■ 28, 23.567, 95.338

■ 27, 27.071, 94.260

■ 29, 19.836, 96.420

■ 27, 30.192, 93.177

■ 29, 15.980, 97.494

■ 27, 32.823, 92.095

■ 30, 12.064, 98.557

■ 26, 35.221, 91.205

■ 30, 8.128, 99.601

■ 31, 4.196, 100.617

■ 31, 0.283, 101.379

■ 32, 3.604, 282.616

■ 33, 7.459, 283.536

■ 33, 11.281,
284.426

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 23.567, 95.338



16, 25.896, 291.017

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 23.567, 95.338



28, 23.567, 145.338



28, 23.567, 275.338



28, 23.567, 325.338

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 23.567, 95.341



40, 8.806, 99.811



18, 22.873, 12.535



19, 6.039, 99.647



72, 0.009, 296.813



20, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 23.567, 95.341



36, 34.526, 93.708



29, 28.322, 119.500



15, 2.237, 100.818



36, 44.282, 90.582



78, 79.643, 89.563

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 25.896, 291.017



18, 39.809, 294.622



15, 31.931, 306.482



14, 2.263, 282.627



12, 58.234, 301.670



32, 111.807, 303.451

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 23.567, 95.338 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 28, 23.567, 95.338 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

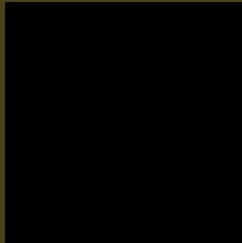
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 23.567, 95.338

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 23.567, 95.338.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 23.567, 95.338.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28, 23.567, 95.338

Protanopia

28, 23.567, 95.338

Deuteranopia

28, 23.429, 80.637



Tritanopia
28, 7.514, 355.408

Trichromacy



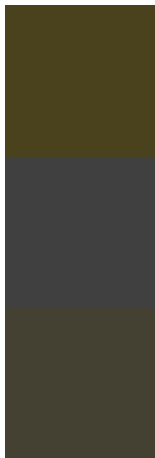
Original Color
28, 23.567, 95.338

Protanomaly
28, 23.567, 95.338

Deuteranomaly
28, 23.027, 85.831

Tritanomaly
28, 9.083, 65.013

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 23.567, 95.338

Achromatopsia
27, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
27, 9.140, 99.276

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 23.567, 95.338 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(74, 66, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(74, 66, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(74, 66, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(74, 66, 29) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 23.567, 95.338 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(74, 66, 29) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(74, 66, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(74, 66, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(74, 66, 29); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 66, 29);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 66, 29)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 23.567, 95.338 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(74, 66, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(74, 66,  
29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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