

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 24.129, 117.625)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 24.129, 117.625)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(28, 24.145, 117.517)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C4620
RGB	60, 70, 32
RGB Percent	24%, 27%, 13%
CMY	0.7644, 0.7252, 0.8742
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.54, 0.73
HSL	76°, 37%, 20%
HSV	76°, 54%, 27%
XYZ	4.3246, 5.4574, 2.1970
YIQ	62.6780, 6.2380, -13.9380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

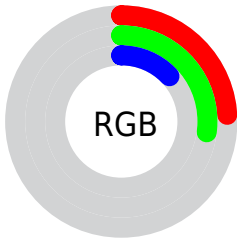
Format	Color
R_{YB}	32, 70, 42
Decimal	3950112
CIE Lab	28.00, -11.16, 21.41
CIE LCh	28, 24.145, 117.517
Yxy	5.4574, 0.3610, 0.4556
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282140192 (0xFF3C4620)
YUV	62.6780, -15.1243, -2.3486
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, -7.8381, 10.7768

Details

The CIELCh color **28, 24.145, 117.517** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **15, 26.980, 304.347**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 24.121, 117.575**, and **8, 15.687, 131.278** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28, 28.142, 117.114**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28, 19.910, 118.006**.

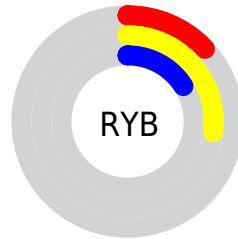
Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (27%)

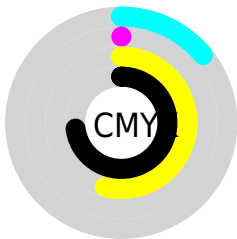
Blue (13%)



Red (13%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (16%)

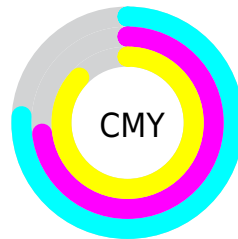


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (54%)

Black (73%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (73%)


Yellow (87%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 24.145, 117.517 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 24.145, 117.517 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 28, 24.145,
117.517


 28, 24.145,
117.517

 100, 24.145,
117.517

 18, 24.145,
117.517


 48, 24.145,
117.517


 8, 24.145, 117.517

 58, 24.145,
117.517

 0, 24.145, 117.517

 68, 24.145,
117.517

 78, 24.145,
117.517

 88, 24.145,
117.517

 98, 24.145,

117.517

■ 28, 24.145,
117.517

■ 28, 24.145,
117.517

■ 28, 28.142,
117.114

■ 28, 19.910,
118.006

■ 28, 31.781,
116.843

■ 29, 15.520,
118.538

■ 27, 34.912,
116.770

■ 29, 11.034,
119.090

■ 27, 37.754,
116.772

■ 29, 6.495, 119.644

■ 27, 39.450,
116.738

■ 30, 1.930, 120.193

■ 30, 2.639, 300.703

■ 30, 7.196, 301.209

■ 31, 11.731,
301.686

■ 31, 16.234,
302.134

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 24.145, 117.517



15, 26.980, 304.347

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 24.145, 117.517



28, 24.145, 167.517



28, 24.145, 297.517



28, 24.145, 347.517

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 24.146, 117.519



38, 9.131, 119.510



20, 16.820, 44.305



18, 6.074, 119.466



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 24.146, 117.519



36, 35.380, 117.003



27, 27.410, 134.694



14, 2.583, 119.953



39, 50.473, 117.277



84, 92.677, 118.227

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15, 26.980, 304.347



18, 40.995, 305.590



18, 28.152, 319.311



13, 2.626, 300.885



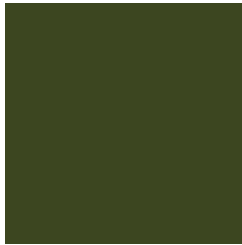
10, 65.037, 308.394



31, 119.804, 307.772

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 24.145, 117.517 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 28, 24.145, 117.517 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

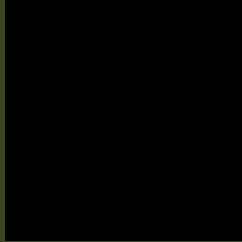
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 24.145, 117.517

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 24.145, 117.517.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 24.145, 117.517.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

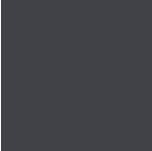
28, 24.145, 117.517

Protanopia

28, 22.322, 96.407

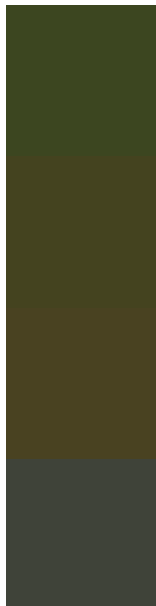
Deuteranopia

28, 20.958, 79.830



Tritanopia
28, 3.260, 283.217

Trichromacy



Original Color
28, 24.145, 117.517

Protanomaly
28, 22.540, 104.371

Deuteranomaly
28, 21.157, 96.176

Tritanomaly
28, 6.715, 124.857

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 24.145, 117.517

Achromatopsia
27, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
27, 9.228, 120.166

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 24.145, 117.517 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 70, 32)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 70, 32)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 70, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 70, 32) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 24.145, 117.517 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 70, 32) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 70, 32) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 70, 32)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 70, 32); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 70, 32);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 70, 32)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 24.145, 117.517 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 70, 32) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 70,  
32) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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