

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 24.557, 99.947)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 24.557, 99.947) contains.

CIELCh(28, 24.350, 100.449)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(28, 24.350, 100.449)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	47431C
RGB	71, 67, 28
RGB Percent	28%, 26%, 11%
CMY	0.7211, 0.7368, 0.8897
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.60, 0.72
HSL	54°, 43%, 19%
HSV	54°, 60%, 28%
XYZ	4.8331, 5.4574, 1.9045
YIQ	63.7500, 14.9030, -11.2810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

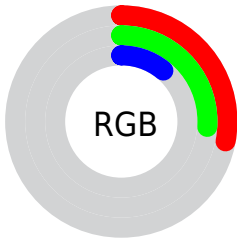
Format	Color
RYB	32, 71, 28
Decimal	4670236
CIELab	28.00, -4.42, 23.95
CIELCh	28, 24.350, 100.449
Yxy	5.4574, 0.3963, 0.4475
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282860316 (0xFF47431C)
YUV	63.7500, -17.6247, 6.3582
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, -3.9524, 11.5192

Details

The CIELCh color **28, 24.350, 100.449** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **14, 27.641, 294.767**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 24.485, 100.415**, and **8, 12.910, 107.665** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28, 27.869, 99.560**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28, 20.560, 101.378**.

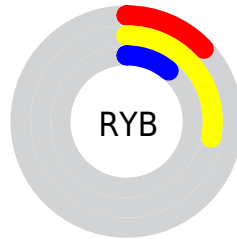
Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (26%)

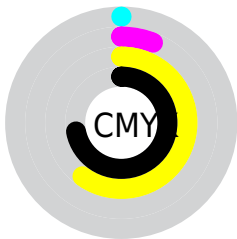
Blue (11%)



Red (13%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (11%)

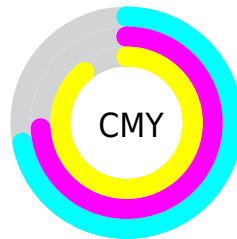


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (60%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (72%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 24.350, 100.449 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 24.350, 100.449 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 28, 24.350,
100.449

 28, 24.350,
100.449

 100, 24.350,
100.449

 18, 24.350,
100.449

 48, 24.350,
100.449

 8, 24.350, 100.449

 58, 24.350,
100.449

 0, 24.350, 100.449

 68, 24.350,
100.449

 78, 24.350,
100.449

 88, 24.350,
100.449

 98, 24.350,

100.449

■ 28, 24.350,
100.449

■ 28, 24.350,
100.449

■ 28, 27.869, 99.560

■ 28, 20.560,
101.378

■ 27, 30.968, 98.718

■ 29, 16.603,
102.324

■ 27, 33.579, 97.932

■ 27, 36.095, 97.259

■ 29, 12.549,
103.278

■ 29, 8.445, 104.228

■ 30, 4.319, 105.162

■ 30, 0.190, 105.835

■ 31, 3.930, 287.003

■ 31, 8.033, 287.865

■ 32, 12.114,
288.698

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 24.350, 100.449



14, 27.641, 294.767

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 24.350, 100.449



28, 24.350, 150.449



28, 24.350, 280.449



28, 24.350, 330.449

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 24.350, 100.452



38, 9.177, 104.395



17, 22.239, 18.713



18, 6.283, 104.256



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 24.350, 100.452



36, 35.207, 99.103



28, 27.801, 122.889



14, 2.305, 105.334



38, 45.640, 96.902



82, 83.010, 96.418

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14, 27.641, 294.767



15, 42.265, 298.105



15, 30.781, 308.829



13, 2.340, 286.980



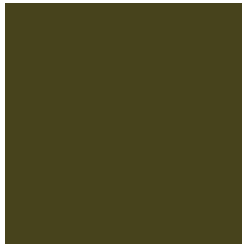
10, 61.872, 304.013



30, 118.120, 305.272

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 28, 24.350, 100.449 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 24.350, 100.449 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

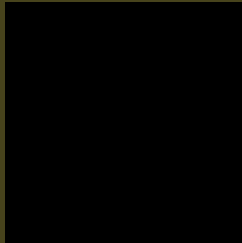
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 24.350, 100.449

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 24.350, 100.449.

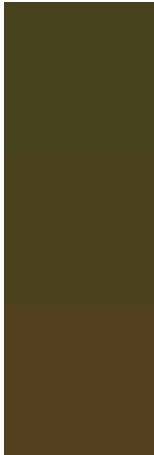


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 24.350, 100.449.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

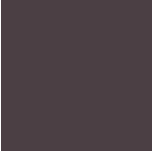
28, 24.350, 100.449

Protanopia

28, 24.131, 95.441

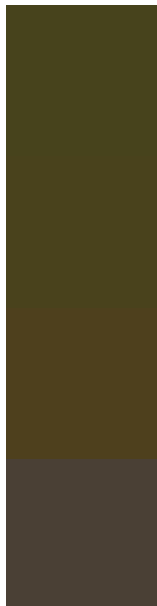
Deuteranopia

28, 23.975, 81.068



Tritanopia
28, 6.290, 349.693

Trichromacy



Original Color
28, 24.350, 100.449

Protanomaly
28, 24.034, 96.669

Deuteranomaly
28, 23.393, 87.358

Tritanomaly
28, 8.622, 74.726

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 24.350, 100.449

Achromatopsia
27, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
27, 9.077, 102.286

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 24.350, 100.449 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 67, 28)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 67, 28)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 67, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 67, 28) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 24.350, 100.449 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 67, 28) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 67, 28) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 67, 28)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 67, 28); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 67, 28);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 67, 28)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 24.350, 100.449 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 67, 28) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 67,  
28) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor