

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 28.548, 338.367)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 28.548, 338.367)
contains.

CIELCh(28, 28.548, 338.367)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(28, 28.548, 338.367)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	623253
RGB	98, 50, 83
RGB Percent	38%, 20%, 33%
CMY	0.6169, 0.8050, 0.6756
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.15, 0.62
HSL	319°, 33%, 29%
HSV	319°, 49%, 38%
XYZ	7.6833, 5.4574, 8.7742
YIQ	68.1140, 18.0150, 20.4390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

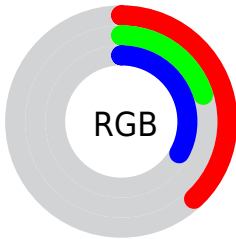
Format	Color
R_{YB}	98, 50, 83
Decimal	6435411
CIE _{Lab}	28.00, 26.54, -10.52
CIE _{LCh}	28, 28.548, 338.367
Yxy	5.4574, 0.3506, 0.2490
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284625491 (0xFF623253)
YUV	68.1140, 7.3388, 26.2100
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, 17.8260, -5.9162

Details

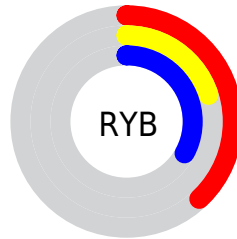
The CIELCh color **28, 28.548, 338.367** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **37, 28.223, 150.567**, and the grayscale version is **29, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 28.717, 337.963**, and **8, 28.724, 338.848** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 33.672, 339.282**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 22.972, 337.533**.

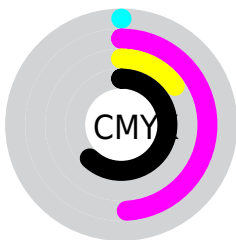
Distribution



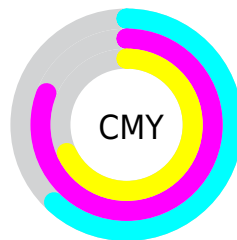
- Red (38%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (62%)




- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (68%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 28.548, 338.367 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 28.548, 338.367 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 28, 28.548,
338.367


 28, 28.548,
338.367

 100, 28.548,
338.367


 18, 28.548,
338.367


 48, 28.548,
338.367

 8, 28.548, 338.367

 58, 28.548,
338.367

 0, 28.548, 338.367

 68, 28.548,
338.367

 78, 28.548,
338.367

 88, 28.548,
338.367

 98, 28.548,

338.367

■ 28, 28.548,
338.367

■ 28, 28.548,
338.367

■ 26, 33.672,
339.282

■ 30, 22.972,
337.533

■ 24, 38.109,
340.302

■ 33, 17.148,
336.758

■ 22, 41.607,
341.470

■ 36, 11.227,
336.032

■ 21, 43.958,
342.841

■ 39, 5.317, 335.334

■ 20, 45.713,
344.306

■ 42, 0.513, 155.131

■ 45, 6.219, 154.165

■ 20, 45.881,
344.433

■ 48, 11.776,
153.581

■ 51, 17.175,
153.039

■ 54, 22.412,
152.529

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 28.548, 338.367



37, 28.223, 150.567

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 28.548, 338.367



28, 28.548, 28.367



28, 28.548, 158.367



28, 28.548, 208.367

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 28.546, 338.368



48, 10.952, 335.775



24, 32.119, 305.211



23, 7.413, 335.874



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 28.546, 338.368



34, 41.651, 339.445



27, 23.091, 9.310



18, 3.253, 335.318



24, 50.430, 344.788



53, 87.132, 346.191

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 28.546, 338.368



34, 41.651, 339.445



38, 18.949, 178.761



18, 3.253, 335.318



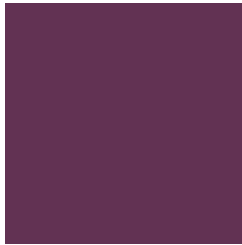
24, 50.430, 344.788



53, 87.132, 346.191

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 28.548, 338.367 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 28, 28.548, 338.367 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

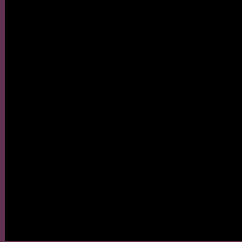
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 28.548, 338.367

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 28.548, 338.367.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 28.548, 338.367.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28, 28.548, 338.367

Protanopia

28, 18.847, 284.865

Deuteranopia

28, 9.768, 296.868



Tritanopia
28, 19.108, 15.657

Trichromacy



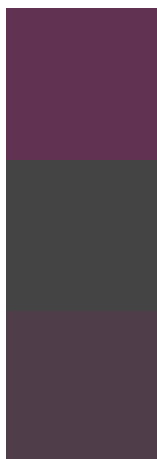
Original Color
28, 28.548, 338.367

Protanomaly
28, 20.744, 306.865

Deuteranomaly
28, 16.373, 321.827

Tritanomaly
28, 21.419, 357.634

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 28.548, 338.367

Achromatopsia
29, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 11.083, 337.160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 28.548, 338.367 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 50, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 50, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 50, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 50, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 28.548, 338.367 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 50, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 50, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 50, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 50, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 50, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 50, 83)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 28.548, 338.367 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 50, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 50,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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