

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 3.505, 356.743)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(28, 3.505, 356.743) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(28, 3.415, 357.724)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	474042
RGB	71, 64, 66
RGB Percent	28%, 25%, 26%
CMY	0.7202, 0.7476, 0.7398
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.07, 0.72
HSL	343°, 5%, 27%
HSV	343°, 10%, 28%
XYZ	5.4721, 5.4574, 5.9741
YIQ	66.3210, 3.5300, 2.1060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

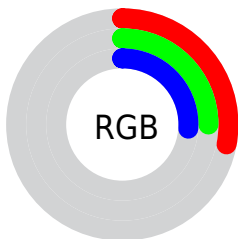
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	71, 64, 66
Decimal	4669506
CIELab	28.00, 3.41, -0.14
CIELCh	28, 3.415, 357.724
Yxy	5.4574, 0.3237, 0.3229
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282859586 (0xFF474042)
YUV	66.3210, -0.1583, 4.1035
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, 0.9303, 1.1906

# Details

The CIELCh color **28, 3.415, 357.724** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **30, 3.324, 176.236**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 3.101, 357.374**, and **8, 3.273, 7.156** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 7.019, 358.724**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 0.060, 180.827**.

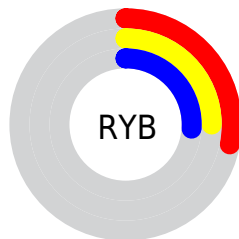
# Distribution



 Red (28%)

 Green (25%)

 Blue (26%)



 Red (28%)

 Yellow (25%)

 Blue (26%)

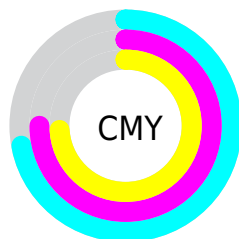



 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (10%)

 Yellow (7%)

 Black (72%)



 Cyan (72%)

 Magenta (75%)

 Yellow (74%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 3.415, 357.724 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 3.415, 357.724 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28, 3.415, 357.724

■ 28, 3.415, 357.724

■ 100, 3.415,  
357.724

■ 18, 3.415, 357.724

■ 48, 3.415, 357.724

■ 8, 3.415, 357.724

■ 58, 3.415, 357.724

■ 0, 3.415, 357.724

■ 68, 3.415, 357.724

■ 78, 3.415, 357.724

■ 88, 3.415, 357.724

■ 98, 3.415, 357.724

■ 28, 3.415, 357.724

■ 28, 3.415, 357.724

26, 7.019, 358.724

30, 0.060, 180.827

23, 10.732,  
359.833

33, 3.393, 176.276

21, 14.509, 1.120

35, 6.584, 175.566

19, 18.284, 2.643

38, 9.639, 174.941

17, 21.959, 4.479

40, 12.565,  
174.375

16, 25.409, 6.723

42, 15.371,  
173.856

14, 28.500, 9.494

45, 18.067,  
173.378

13, 31.194, 12.807

12, 34.123, 15.501

47, 20.662,  
172.935

50, 23.166,  
172.523

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 3.415, 357.724



30, 3.324, 176.236

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 3.415, 357.724



28, 3.415, 47.724



28, 3.415, 177.724



28, 3.415, 227.724

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 3.414, 357.734



38, 1.270, 357.009



28, 5.046, 316.081



18, 0.950, 357.088



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 3.414, 357.734



36, 5.168, 357.988



28, 2.698, 39.215



13, 1.934, 357.615



19, 43.446, 18.700



48, 81.277, 23.243





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 3.414, 357.734



36, 5.168, 357.988



29, 2.556, 219.823



13, 1.934, 357.615



19, 43.446, 18.700

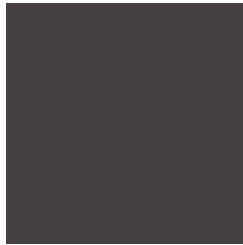


48, 81.277, 23.243



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 3.415, 357.724 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

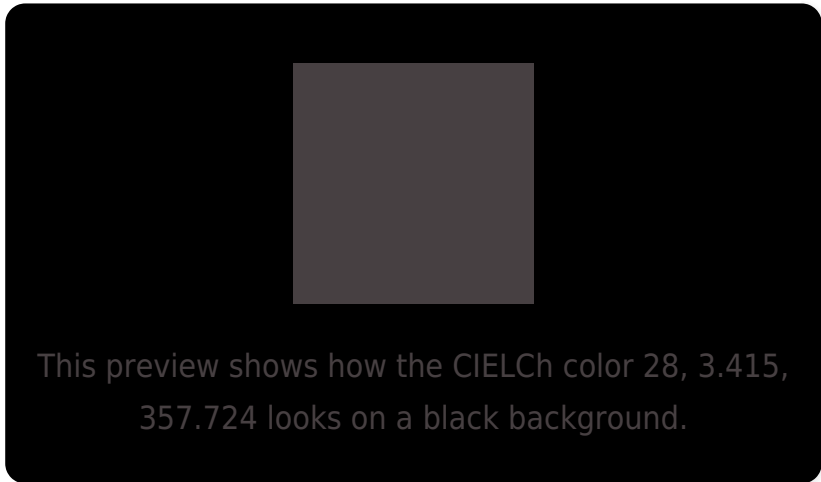
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

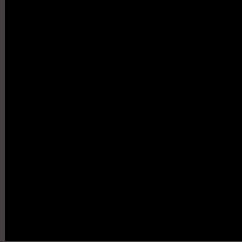
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 28, 3.415, 357.724

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 3.415, 357.724.

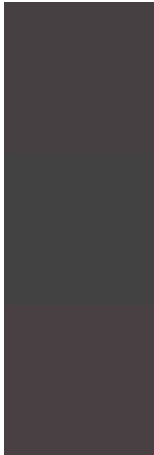


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 3.415, 357.724.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


28, 3.415, 357.724

### Protanopia

28, 0.792, 324.365

### Deuteranopia

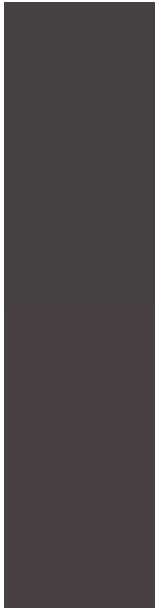
28, 3.840, 0.404



**Tritanopia**  
28, 4.825, 338.181



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28, 3.415, 357.724

## Protanomaly

28, 2.216, 343.986

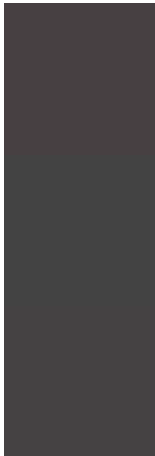
## Deuteranomaly

28, 3.840, 0.404

## Tritanomaly

28, 4.426, 344.437

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28, 3.415, 357.724

## Achromatopsia

28, 0.004, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

28, 1.493, 353.897

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 3.415, 357.724 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 64, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 64, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 64, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 64, 66) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 3.415, 357.724 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 64, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 64, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 64, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 64, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 64, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 64, 66)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 3.415, 357.724 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 64, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 64,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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