

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 3.678, 9.916)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 3.678, 9.916) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(28, 3.687, 9.927)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	484041
RGB	72, 64, 65
RGB Percent	28%, 25%, 25%
CMY	0.7169, 0.7483, 0.7443
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.10, 0.72
HSL	353°, 6%, 27%
HSV	353°, 11%, 28%
XYZ	5.4908, 5.4574, 5.7940
YIQ	66.5060, 4.4470, 2.0070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	72, 64, 65
Decimal	4735041
CIELab	28.00, 3.63, 0.64
CIELCh	28, 3.687, 9.927
Yxy	5.4574, 0.3280, 0.3260
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282925121 (0xFF484041)
YUV	66.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, 1.0731, 1.6475

Details

The CIELCh color **28, 3.687, 9.927** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **30, 3.514, 188.415**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 3.337, 9.561**, and **8, 3.273, 7.156** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 7.207, 10.896**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 0.352, 8.496**.

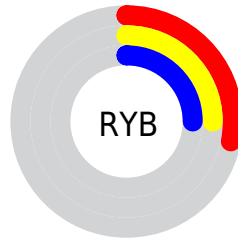
Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (25%)

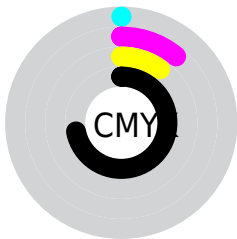
Blue (25%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (25%)

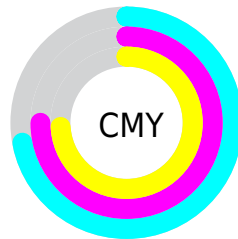


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (72%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 3.687, 9.927 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 3.687, 9.927 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28, 3.687, 9.927

■ 28, 3.687, 9.927

■ 100, 3.687, 9.927

■ 18, 3.687, 9.927

■ 48, 3.687, 9.927

■ 8, 3.687, 9.927

■ 58, 3.687, 9.927

■ 0, 3.687, 9.927

■ 68, 3.687, 9.927

■ 78, 3.687, 9.927

■ 88, 3.687, 9.927

■ 98, 3.687, 9.927

■ 28, 3.687, 9.927

■ 28, 3.687, 9.927

■ 26, 7.207, 10.896

■ 30, 0.352, 8.496

■ 23, 10.905, 12.010

■ 33, 2.798, 188.642

■ 21, 14.751, 13.350

■ 35, 5.772, 188.008

■ 19, 18.695, 14.989

■ 38, 8.581, 187.476

■ 17, 22.657, 17.013

■ 40, 11.241,
187.010

■ 15, 26.536, 19.522

■ 43, 13.765,
186.595

■ 14, 30.208, 22.551

■ 13, 33.326, 24.713

■ 45, 16.166,
186.221

■ 12, 35.946, 24.938

■ 48, 18.458,
185.881

■ 50, 20.652,
185.572

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 3.687, 9.927



30, 3.514, 188.415

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 3.687, 9.927



28, 3.687, 59.927



28, 3.687, 189.927



28, 3.687, 239.927

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 3.686, 9.939



39, 1.219, 9.122



28, 6.029, 321.211



19, 0.933, 9.206



72, 0.009, 296.813



20, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 3.686, 9.939



36, 5.434, 10.162



29, 2.974, 58.850



13, 1.823, 9.709



19, 46.953, 30.438



48, 90.077, 35.145

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 3.686, 9.939



36, 5.434, 10.162



29, 2.844, 240.905



13, 1.823, 9.709



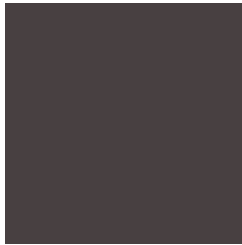
19, 46.953, 30.438



48, 90.077, 35.145

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 3.687, 9.927 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 28, 3.687, 9.927 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

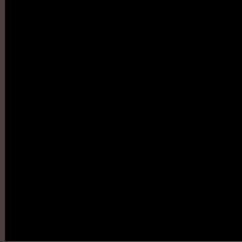
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 3.687, 9.927

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 3.687, 9.927.

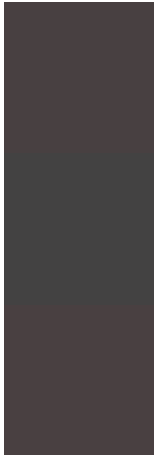


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 3.687, 9.927.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28, 3.687, 9.927

Protanopia

28, 0.446, 18.918

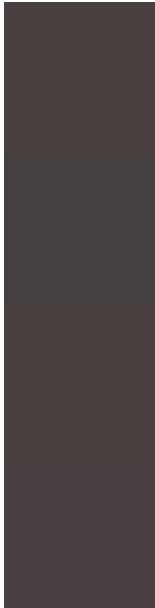
Deuteranopia

28, 4.142, 11.140



Tritanopia
28, 5.164, 341.617

Trichromacy



Original Color

28, 3.687, 9.927

Protanomaly

28, 1.913, 359.873

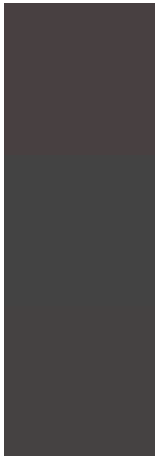
Deuteranomaly

28, 4.142, 11.140

Tritanomaly

28, 4.798, 347.691

Monochromacy



Original Color

28, 3.687, 9.927

Achromatopsia

28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

28, 1.345, 19.445

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 3.687, 9.927 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(72, 64, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(72, 64, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(72, 64, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(72, 64, 65) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 3.687, 9.927 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(72, 64, 65) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(72, 64, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(72, 64, 65)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(72, 64, 65); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 64, 65);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 64, 65)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 3.687, 9.927 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(72, 64, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(72, 64,  
65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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