

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 4.402, 152.711)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 4.402, 152.711) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(28, 4.517, 153.119)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3D443F
RGB	61, 68, 63
RGB Percent	24%, 27%, 25%
CMY	0.7614, 0.7340, 0.7536
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.07, 0.73
HSL	137°, 5%, 25%
HSV	137°, 10%, 27%
XYZ	4.8635, 5.4574, 5.4750
YIQ	65.3370, -2.5670, -3.0390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	61, 66, 68
Decimal	4015167
CIELab	28.00, -4.03, 2.04
CIELCh	28, 4.517, 153.119
Yxy	5.4574, 0.3079, 0.3455
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282205247 (0xFF3D443F)
YUV	65.3370, -1.1521, -3.8035
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, -3.7203, 2.4571

Details

The CIELCh color **28, 4.517, 153.119** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **27, 4.539, 334.293**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 4.401, 157.057**, and **8, 4.187, 154.612** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27, 8.927, 152.409**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 0.134, 154.850**.

Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (27%)

Blue (25%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (26%)

Blue (27%)

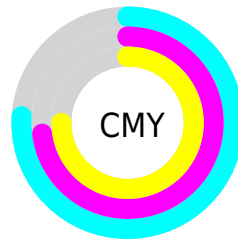


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (73%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 4.517, 153.119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 4.517, 153.119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28, 4.517, 153.119

■ 28, 4.517, 153.119

■ 100, 4.517,
153.119

■ 18, 4.517, 153.119

■ 48, 4.517, 153.119

■ 8, 4.517, 153.119

■ 58, 4.517, 153.119

■ 0, 4.517, 153.119

■ 68, 4.517, 153.119

■ 78, 4.517, 153.119

■ 88, 4.517, 153.119

■ 98, 4.517, 153.119

■ 28, 4.517, 153.119

■ 28, 4.517, 153.119

■ 27, 8.927, 152.409

■ 29, 0.134, 154.850

■ 27, 13.321,
151.621

■ 30, 4.192, 334.206

■ 26, 17.649,
150.731

■ 30, 8.437, 334.714

■ 26, 21.852,
149.722

■ 31, 12.584,
335.162

■ 25, 25.865,
148.582

■ 32, 16.623,
335.565

■ 25, 29.621,
147.299

■ 33, 20.548,
335.931

■ 25, 33.054,
145.874

■ 34, 24.356,
336.266

■ 24, 36.152,
144.385

■ 35, 28.049,
336.574

■ 24, 39.020,
143.252

■ 37, 31.628,
336.858

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 4.517, 153.119



27, 4.539, 334.293

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 4.517, 153.119



28, 4.517, 203.119



28, 4.517, 333.119



28, 4.517, 23.119

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 4.518, 153.117



38, 1.641, 153.645



28, 4.595, 120.646



19, 1.256, 153.593



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 4.518, 153.117



37, 6.608, 152.966



28, 3.228, 181.241



12, 2.387, 153.243



35, 51.125, 142.055



78, 97.821, 140.460

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 4.539, 334.293



35, 6.641, 334.433



26, 3.341, 2.777



12, 2.398, 334.175



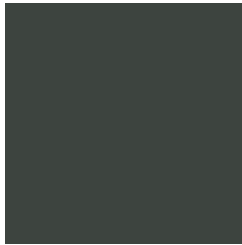
20, 46.391, 342.627



50, 84.389, 344.103

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 4.517, 153.119 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

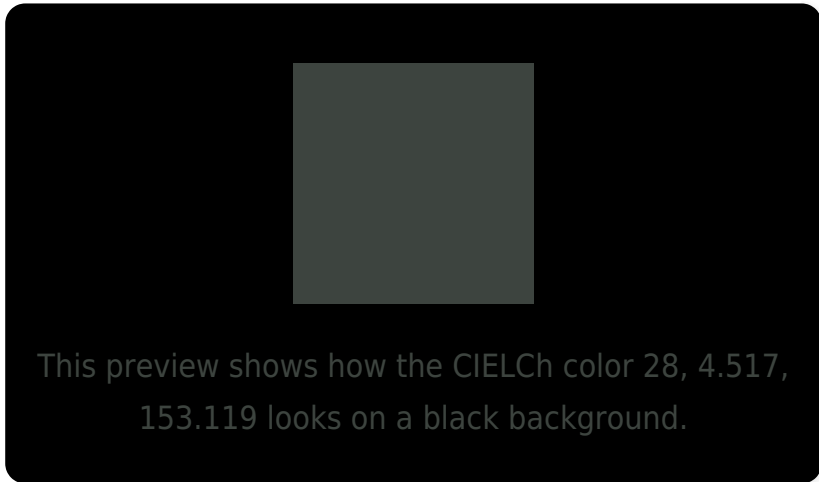
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

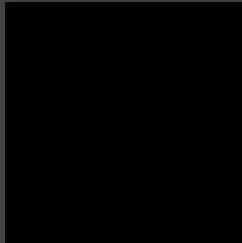
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

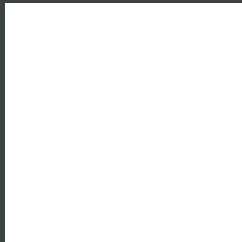
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 4.517, 153.119

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 4.517, 153.119.

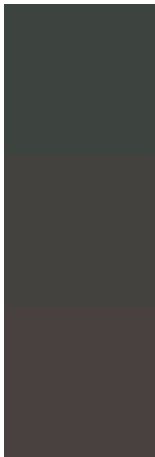


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 4.517, 153.119.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

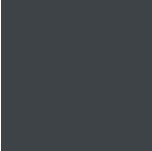
28, 4.517, 153.119

Protanopia

28, 2.729, 90.121

Deuteranopia

28, 4.110, 20.056



Tritanopia
28, 3.828, 257.117

Trichromacy



Original Color

28, 4.517, 153.119

Protanomaly

28, 3.355, 125.193

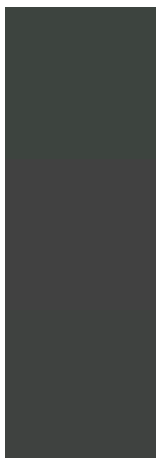
Deuteranomaly

28, 1.918, 39.218

Tritanomaly

28, 2.496, 230.500

Monochromacy



Original Color

28, 4.517, 153.119

Achromatopsia

28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

28, 1.872, 155.471

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 4.517, 153.119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 68, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 68, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 68, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 68, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 4.517, 153.119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 68, 63) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 68, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(61, 68, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 68, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 68, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 68, 63)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 4.517, 153.119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 68, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 68,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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