

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 40.857, 217.276)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 40.857, 217.276)
contains.

CIELCh(31, 22.722, 238.058)	3
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Color

CIELCh(31, 22.722, 238.058)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005067
RGB	0, 80, 103
RGB Percent	0%, 31%, 40%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6877, 0.5976
CMYK	1.00, 0.22, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	193°, 100%, 20%
HSV	193°, 100%, 40%
XYZ	5.2621, 6.6515, 13.7398
YIQ	58.7020, -55.0630, -9.8070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

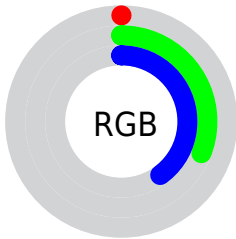
Format	Color
RYB	0, 45, 103
Decimal	20583
CIELab	31.00, -12.02, -19.28
CIELCh	31, 22.722, 238.058
Yxy	6.6515, 0.2051, 0.2593
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278210663 (0xFF005067)
YUV	58.7020, 21.8389, -51.4817
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, -8.7138, -13.5332

Details

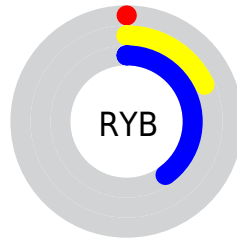
The CIELCh color **31, 22.722, 238.058** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **22, 47.283, 43.413**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 22.650, 238.439**, and **13, 17.323, 260.223** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 22.671, 238.173**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32, 21.728, 234.988**.

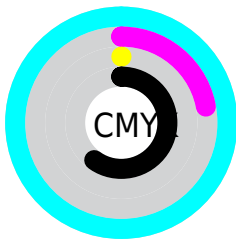
Distribution



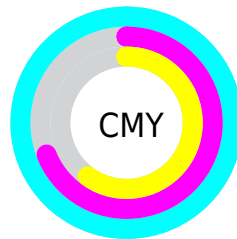
- Red (0%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (60%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 22.722, 238.058 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 22.722, 238.058 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 31, 22.722,
238.058


 31, 22.722,
238.058

 100, 22.722,
238.058

 21, 22.722,
238.058

 51, 22.722,
238.058


 11, 22.722,
238.058


 61, 22.722,
238.058

 1, 22.722, 238.058

 71, 22.722,
238.058

 0, 22.722, 238.058

 81, 22.722,
238.058

 91, 22.722,
238.058

■ 31, 22.722,
238.058

■ 31, 22.722,
238.058

■ 31, 22.671,
238.173

■ 32, 21.728,
234.988

■ 33, 20.658,
231.982

■ 34, 19.224,
229.533

■ 35, 17.409,
227.574

■ 36, 15.222,
226.031

■ 38, 12.692,
224.832

■ 39, 9.861, 223.916

■ 40, 6.773, 223.232

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 22.722, 238.058



22, 47.283, 43.413

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 22.722, 238.058



31, 22.722, 288.058



31, 22.722, 58.058



31, 22.722, 108.058

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 22.671, 238.173



50, 12.139, 223.983



37, 55.860, 139.963



24, 8.134, 224.232



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 22.671, 238.173



40, 27.334, 239.452



15, 51.056, 297.240



20, 1.945, 222.723



35, 24.582, 238.763



71, 43.059, 241.568

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22, 50.269, 338.895



29, 60.100, 339.267



33, 42.740, 81.745



20, 3.618, 331.875



25, 54.299, 339.066



55, 93.276, 339.896

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 22.722, 238.058 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 22.722, 238.058 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

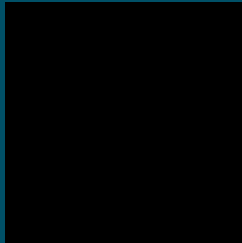
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 22.722, 238.058

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 22.722, 238.058.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 22.722, 238.058.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31, 22.722, 238.058

Protanopia

31, 16.014, 284.970

Deuteranopia

31, 19.932, 282.418



Tritanopia
31, 21.030, 209.071

Trichromacy



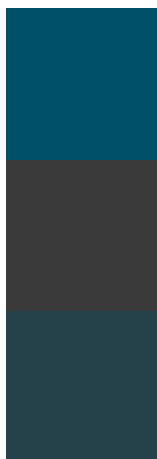
Original Color
31, 22.722, 238.058

Protanomaly
30, 18.235, 256.399

Deuteranomaly
31, 20.527, 259.943

Tritanomaly
31, 21.068, 218.421

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 22.722, 238.058

Achromatopsia
24, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
26, 11.747, 224.607

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 22.722, 238.058 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 80, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 80, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 80, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 80, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 22.722, 238.058 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 80, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 80, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 80, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 80, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 80, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 80, 103)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 22.722, 238.058 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 80, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 80,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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