

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 46.346, 15.825)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(28, 46.346, 15.825) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(28, 46.346, 15.825)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	801831
RGB	128, 24, 49
RGB Percent	50%, 9%, 19%
CMY	0.4982, 0.9061, 0.8080
CMYK	0.00, 0.81, 0.62, 0.50
HSL	346°, 68%, 30%
HSV	346°, 81%, 50%
XYZ	9.7732, 5.4574, 3.4396
YIQ	57.9460, 53.9590, 29.8230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

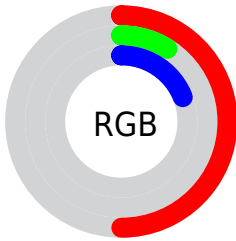
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	128, 24, 49
Decimal	8394801
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	28.00, 44.59, 12.64
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	28, 46.346, 15.825
Yxy	5.4574, 0.5235, 0.2923
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286584881 (0xFF801831)
YUV	57.9460, -4.4104, 61.4374
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, 33.7946, 7.6231

# Details

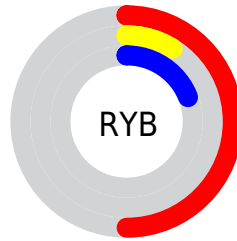
The CIELCh color **28, 46.346, 15.825** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **48, 35.054, 170.869**, and the grayscale version is **24, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 46.378, 15.788**, and **12, 37.449, 29.742** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27, 50.318, 20.275**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 41.596, 12.194**.

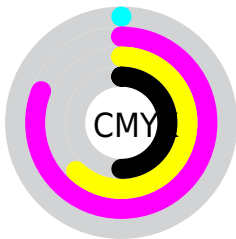
# Distribution



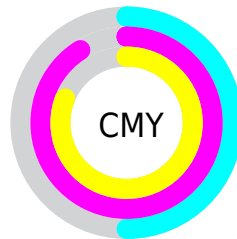
- Red (50%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (81%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 46.346, 15.825 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 46.346, 15.825 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 28, 46.346, 15.825

 28, 46.346, 15.825

 100, 46.346,  
15.825

 18, 46.346, 15.825

 48, 46.346, 15.825

 8, 46.346, 15.825

 58, 46.346, 15.825

 0, 46.346, 15.825

 68, 46.346, 15.825

 78, 46.346, 15.825

 88, 46.346, 15.825

 98, 46.346, 15.825

 28, 46.346, 15.825

 28, 46.346, 15.825

27, 50.318, 20.275

30, 41.596, 12.194

26, 53.595, 24.322

32, 36.176, 9.291

35, 30.299, 6.977

38, 24.199, 5.112

42, 18.074, 3.584

46, 12.065, 2.304

49, 6.257, 1.199

53, 0.697, 359.813

57, 4.599, 179.592

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 46.346, 15.825



48, 35.054, 170.869

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 46.346, 15.825



28, 46.346, 65.825



28, 46.346, 195.825



28, 46.346, 245.825

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 46.344, 15.827



57, 16.923, 2.700



27, 64.216, 319.768



28, 11.785, 3.085



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 46.344, 15.827



35, 64.491, 24.780



32, 45.799, 45.272



25, 3.101, 0.970



26, 53.452, 24.300



0, 0.000, 0.000





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 46.344, 15.827



35, 64.491, 24.780



40, 24.865, 237.651



25, 3.101, 0.970



26, 53.452, 24.300

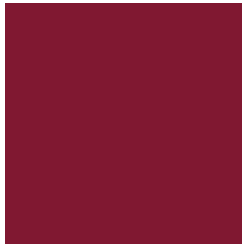


0, 0.000, 0.000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 46.346, 15.825 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

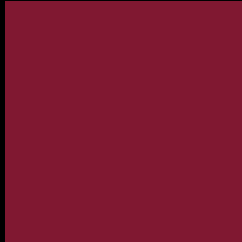
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 28, 46.346, 15.825 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

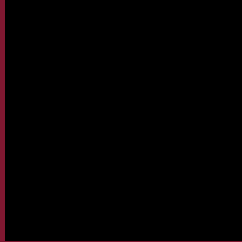
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 28, 46.346, 15.825**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 46.346, 15.825.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 46.346, 15.825.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28, 46.346, 15.825

### Protanopia

29, 0.444, 18.902

### Deuteranopia

29, 16.109, 75.364



**Tritanopia**  
28, 48.772, 31.860



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
28, 46.346, 15.825

**Protanomaly**  
27, 18.496, 5.259

**Deuteranomaly**  
27, 24.913, 30.074

**Tritanomaly**  
28, 47.426, 26.403

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
28, 46.346, 15.825

**Achromatopsia**  
24, 0.004, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
24, 18.323, 5.083

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 46.346, 15.825 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 24, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 24, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 24, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 24, 49) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 46.346, 15.825 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 24, 49) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 24, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 24, 49)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 24, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 24, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 24,  
49) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 46.346, 15.825 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 24, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128, 24,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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