

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 5.185, 31.848)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 5.185, 31.848) contains.

CIELCh(28, 5.260, 34.312)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(28, 5.260, 34.312)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4B403E
RGB	75, 64, 62
RGB Percent	29%, 25%, 24%
CMY	0.7072, 0.7503, 0.7581
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.17, 0.71
HSL	9°, 10%, 27%
HSV	9°, 17%, 29%
XYZ	5.5518, 5.4574, 5.2723
YIQ	67.0610, 7.1980, 1.7100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	75, 64, 62
Decimal	4931646
CIELab	28.00, 4.34, 2.97
CIElCh	28, 5.260, 34.312
Yxy	5.4574, 0.3410, 0.3352
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283121726 (0xFF4B403E)
YUV	67.0610, -2.4951, 6.9625
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, 1.5390, 2.9717

Details

The CIELCh color **28, 5.260, 34.312** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **30, 4.743, 214.498**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 5.308, 39.200**, and **8, 5.126, 35.792** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 8.601, 34.542**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 2.154, 34.164**.

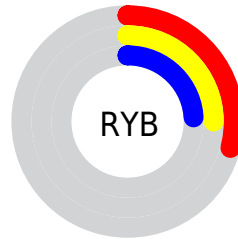
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (25%)

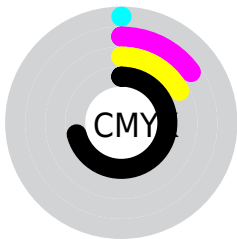
Blue (24%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (24%)

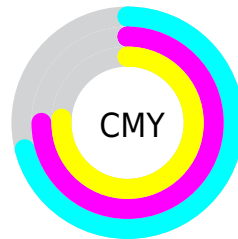


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (71%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (75%)


Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 5.260, 34.312 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 5.260, 34.312 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 28, 5.260, 34.312  28, 5.260, 34.312

 100, 5.260, 34.312  18, 5.260, 34.312

 48, 5.260, 34.312  8, 5.260, 34.312

 58, 5.260, 34.312  0, 5.260, 34.312


 68, 5.260, 34.312

 78, 5.260, 34.312

 88, 5.260, 34.312

 98, 5.260, 34.312

 28, 5.260, 34.312  28, 5.260, 34.312

 26, 8.601, 34.542  30, 2.154, 34.164

■ 24, 12.190, 34.890

■ 32, 0.733, 214.664

■ 22, 16.029, 35.411

■ 35, 3.420, 214.439

■ 20, 20.106, 36.142

■ 37, 5.928, 214.524

■ 18, 24.386, 37.112

■ 39, 8.275, 214.667

■ 17, 28.685, 38.040

■ 41, 10.480,
214.843

■ 15, 32.198, 37.510

■ 43, 12.558,
215.042

■ 14, 35.173, 37.054

■ 14, 35.899, 37.092

■ 46, 14.524,
215.256

■ 48, 16.390,
215.480

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 5.260, 34.312



30, 4.743, 214.498

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 5.260, 34.312



28, 5.260, 84.312



28, 5.260, 214.312



28, 5.260, 264.312

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 5.259, 34.324



40, 1.793, 34.102



28, 9.163, 329.766



19, 1.208, 34.114



72, 0.009, 296.813



20, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 5.259, 34.324



36, 8.011, 34.407



30, 5.777, 87.779



14, 1.667, 34.189



21, 48.258, 40.422



49, 93.635, 41.980

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 4.743, 214.498



39, 7.021, 214.577



28, 5.743, 271.947



15, 1.586, 214.437



33, 22.261, 223.716



72, 40.217, 225.980

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 5.260, 34.312 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 28, 5.260, 34.312 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

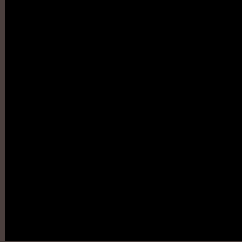
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 5.260, 34.312

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 5.260, 34.312.

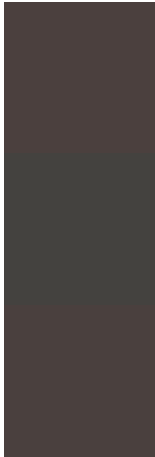


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 5.260, 34.312.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

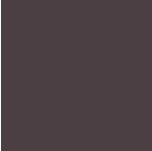
28, 5.260, 34.312

Protanopia

28, 2.129, 84.540

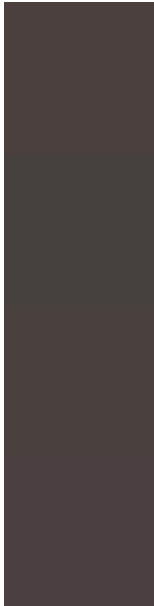
Deuteranopia

28, 4.802, 35.622



Tritanopia
28, 6.290, 349.693

Trichromacy



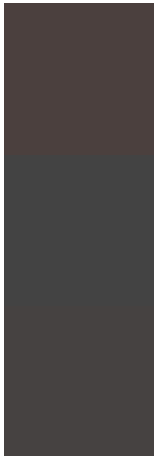
Original Color
28, 5.260, 34.312

Protanomaly
28, 2.615, 49.176

Deuteranomaly
28, 4.802, 35.622

Tritanomaly
28, 5.779, 0.896

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 5.260, 34.312

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 1.912, 39.217

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 5.260, 34.312 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 64, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 64, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 64, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 64, 62) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 5.260, 34.312 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 64, 62) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 64, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(75, 64, 62)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 64, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 64, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 64, 62)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 5.260, 34.312 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 64, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 64,  
62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor