

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 5.610, 63.731)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 5.610, 63.731) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(28, 5.887, 69.534)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	49413A
RGB	73, 65, 58
RGB Percent	29%, 25%, 23%
CMY	0.7148, 0.7462, 0.7736
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.21, 0.71
HSL	28°, 11%, 26%
HSV	28°, 21%, 29%
XYZ	5.3578, 5.4574, 4.7381
YIQ	66.5940, 7.0150, -0.4810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

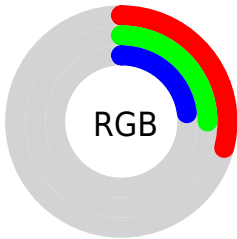
Format	Color
RYB	73, 71, 58
Decimal	4800826
CIELab	28.00, 2.06, 5.52
CIElCh	28, 5.887, 69.534
Yxy	5.4574, 0.3445, 0.3509
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282990906 (0xFF49413A)
YUV	66.5940, -4.2368, 5.6181
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, 0.0568, 4.3276

Details

The CIELCh color **28, 5.887, 69.534** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **27, 5.554, 254.288**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 6.033, 70.553**, and **8, 6.022, 76.331** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27, 8.954, 68.497**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 2.960, 70.570**.

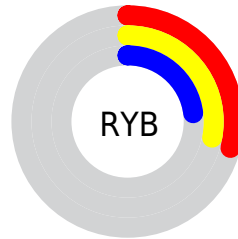
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (25%)

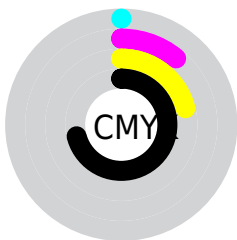
Blue (23%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (23%)

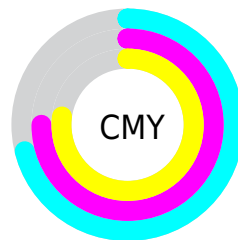


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (71%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 5.887, 69.534 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 5.887, 69.534 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28, 5.887, 69.534

■ 28, 5.887, 69.534

■ 100, 5.887, 69.534

■ 18, 5.887, 69.534

■ 48, 5.887, 69.534

■ 8, 5.887, 69.534

■ 58, 5.887, 69.534

■ 0, 5.887, 69.534

■ 68, 5.887, 69.534

■ 78, 5.887, 69.534

■ 88, 5.887, 69.534

■ 98, 5.887, 69.534

■ 28, 5.887, 69.534

■ 28, 5.887, 69.534

■ 27, 8.954, 68.497

■ 29, 2.960, 70.570

■ 25, 12.167, 67.443

■ 31, 0.164, 70.510

■ 24, 15.526, 66.391

■ 32, 2.514, 252.784

■ 23, 19.017, 65.338

■ 34, 5.085, 253.751

■ 21, 22.598, 64.263

■ 35, 7.560, 254.718

■ 20, 26.079, 63.002

■ 37, 9.949, 255.662

■ 19, 28.746, 60.909

■ 38, 12.261,
256.576

■ 18, 31.116, 59.136

■ 40, 14.505,
257.457

■ 41, 16.688,
258.305

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 5.887, 69.534



27, 5.554, 254.288

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 5.887, 69.534



28, 5.887, 119.534



28, 5.887, 249.534



28, 5.887, 299.534

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 5.887, 69.546



39, 2.055, 70.982



26, 8.537, 343.431



19, 1.376, 70.961



72, 0.009, 296.813



20, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 5.887, 69.546



36, 8.975, 68.986



30, 9.189, 106.989



13, 1.523, 70.769



26, 41.925, 59.700



59, 79.472, 57.397

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 5.554, 254.288



35, 8.323, 255.080



25, 9.558, 290.916



13, 1.492, 252.768



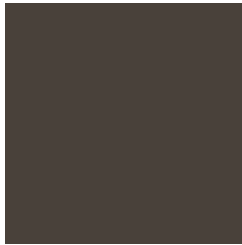
22, 32.057, 277.541



51, 62.624, 281.290

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 5.887, 69.534 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 28, 5.887, 69.534 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

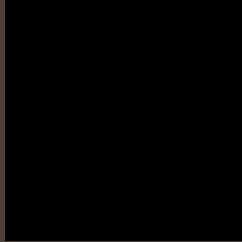
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 5.887, 69.534

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 5.887, 69.534.

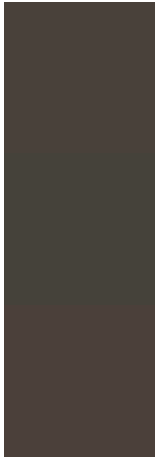


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 5.887, 69.534.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

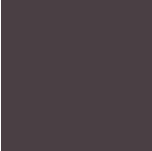
28, 5.887, 69.534

Protanopia

28, 5.337, 93.952

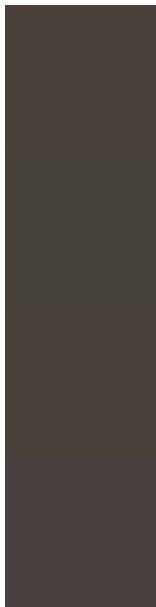
Deuteranopia

28, 6.502, 56.375



Tritanopia
28, 5.906, 347.324

Trichromacy



Original Color
28, 5.887, 69.534

Protanomaly
28, 5.479, 89.198

Deuteranomaly
28, 6.120, 59.016

Tritanomaly
28, 4.576, 20.144

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 5.887, 69.534

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 2.129, 84.540

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 5.887, 69.534 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 65, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 65, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 65, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 65, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 5.887, 69.534 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 65, 58) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 65, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 65, 58)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 65, 58); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 65, 58);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 65, 58)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 5.887, 69.534 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 65, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 65,  
58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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