

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 54.119, 351.718)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 54.119, 351.718)
contains.

CIELCh(28, 53.833, 352.083)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(28, 53.833, 352.083)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	84004F
RGB	132, 0, 79
RGB Percent	52%, 0%, 31%
CMY	0.4827, 1.0000, 0.6905
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.40, 0.48
HSL	324°, 100%, 26%
HSV	324°, 100%, 52%
XYZ	10.9072, 5.4574, 7.8604
YIQ	48.4740, 53.3130, 52.5530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

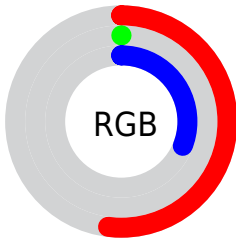
Format	Color
R_{YB}	132, 0, 79
Decimal	8650831
CIE _{Lab}	28.00, 53.32, -7.41
CIE _{LCh}	28, 53.833, 352.083
Yxy	5.4574, 0.4502, 0.2253
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286840911 (0xFF84004F)
YUV	48.4740, 15.0493, 73.2523
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, 42.4594, -3.5969

Details

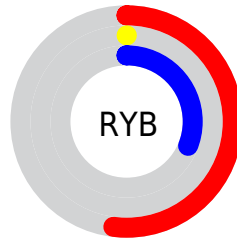
The CIELCh color **28, 53.833, 352.083** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **48, 59.101, 145.393**, and the grayscale version is **20, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 53.844, 351.991**, and **14, 35.635, 1.661** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28, 53.802, 352.095**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 52.471, 349.635**.

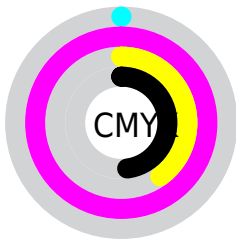
Distribution



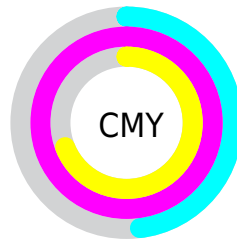
- Red (52%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (48%)





- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (69%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 53.833, 352.083 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 53.833, 352.083 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 28, 53.833,
352.083


 28, 53.833,
352.083

 100, 53.833,
352.083


 18, 53.833,
352.083


 48, 53.833,
352.083


 8, 53.833, 352.083

 58, 53.833,
352.083

 0, 53.833, 352.083

 68, 53.833,
352.083

 78, 53.833,
352.083

 88, 53.833,
352.083

 98, 53.833,

352.083

■ 28, 53.833,
352.083

■ 28, 53.833,
352.083

■ 28, 53.802,
352.095

■ 29, 52.471,
349.635

■ 30, 50.109,
347.502

■ 32, 46.241,
345.767

■ 35, 41.103,
344.328

■ 38, 35.023,
343.102

■ 41, 28.331,
342.033

■ 44, 21.304,
341.078

■ 48, 14.153,
340.210

■ 51, 7.022, 339.402

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 53.833, 352.083



48, 59.101, 145.393

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 53.833, 352.083



28, 53.833, 42.083



28, 53.833, 172.083



28, 53.833, 222.083

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 53.802, 352.095



56, 26.320, 341.139



18, 77.860, 310.168



28, 18.092, 341.475



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 53.802, 352.095



37, 64.753, 352.844



27, 59.815, 34.421



26, 3.974, 339.333



28, 53.267, 352.049



0, 0.944, 338.707

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 53.802, 352.095



37, 64.753, 352.844



49, 33.641, 182.625



26, 3.974, 339.333



28, 53.267, 352.049



0, 0.944, 338.707

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 53.833, 352.083 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 28, 53.833, 352.083 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

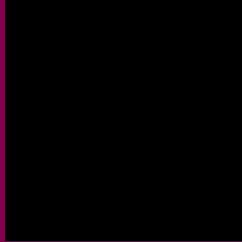
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 53.833, 352.083

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 53.833, 352.083.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 53.833, 352.083.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
28, 53.833, 352.083

Protanopia
30, 29.029, 285.451

Deuteranopia
30, 4.463, 334.241



Tritanopia
29, 48.328, 30.855

Trichromacy



Original Color
28, 53.833, 352.083

Protanomaly
25, 39.723, 316.547

Deuteranomaly
26, 29.701, 343.189

Tritanomaly
28, 48.063, 15.352

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 53.833, 352.083

Achromatopsia
20, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
20, 27.254, 344.797

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 53.833, 352.083 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 0, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 0, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 0, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 0, 79) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 53.833, 352.083 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 0, 79) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 0, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 0, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 0, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 0, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 0, 79)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 53.833, 352.083 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 0, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132, 0,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor