

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 61.517, 34.130)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 61.517, 34.130) contains.

CIELCh(28, 61.557, 34.339)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(28, 61.557, 34.339)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8A010F
RGB	138, 1, 15
RGB Percent	54%, 0%, 6%
CMY	0.4589, 0.9961, 0.9412
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.89, 0.46
HSL	354°, 99%, 27%
HSV	354°, 99%, 54%
XYZ	10.5751, 5.4574, 0.9475
YIQ	43.5590, 77.1580, 33.3980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

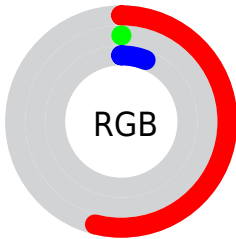
Format	Color
RYB	138, 1, 15
Decimal	9044239
CIELab	28.00, 50.83, 34.72
CIELCh	28, 61.557, 34.339
Yxy	5.4574, 0.6228, 0.3214
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287234319 (0xFF8A010F)
YUV	43.5590, -14.0796, 82.8248
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, 39.9219, 13.9480

Details

The CIELCh color **28, 61.557, 34.339** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **51, 34.777, 182.374**, and the grayscale version is **18, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 61.509, 34.606**, and **13, 39.883, 31.626** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28, 61.908, 34.574**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 56.453, 30.202**.

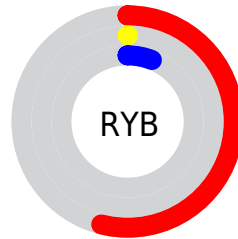
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (0%)

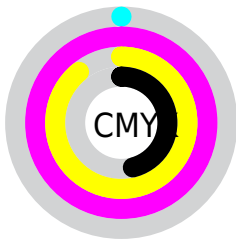
Blue (6%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (6%)

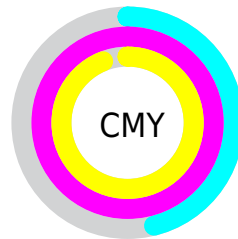


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (99%)

Yellow (89%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (94%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 61.557, 34.339 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 61.557, 34.339 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28, 61.557, 34.339

■ 28, 61.557, 34.339

■ 100, 61.557,
34.339

■ 18, 61.557, 34.339

■ 48, 61.557, 34.339

■ 8, 61.557, 34.339

■ 58, 61.557, 34.339

■ 0, 61.557, 34.339

■ 68, 61.557, 34.339

■ 78, 61.557, 34.339

■ 88, 61.557, 34.339

■ 98, 61.557, 34.339

■ 28, 61.557, 34.339

■ 28, 61.557, 34.339

28, 61.908, 34.574

29, 56.453, 30.202

30, 50.767, 25.983

33, 44.493, 22.378

35, 37.822, 19.456

38, 30.973, 17.138

42, 24.158, 15.303

46, 17.535, 13.839

50, 11.209, 12.650

54, 5.229, 11.646

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 61.557, 34.339



51, 34.777, 182.374

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 61.557, 34.339



28, 61.557, 84.339



28, 61.557, 214.339



28, 61.557, 264.339

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 61.555, 34.341



58, 22.252, 14.020



29, 73.603, 323.843



28, 15.274, 14.530



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 61.555, 34.341



37, 75.679, 35.617



34, 56.308, 53.010



27, 3.172, 11.633



27, 59.992, 34.342



0, 1.432, 10.969

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 61.555, 34.341



37, 75.679, 35.617



35, 35.252, 268.342



27, 3.172, 11.633



27, 59.992, 34.342



0, 1.432, 10.969

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 61.557, 34.339 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

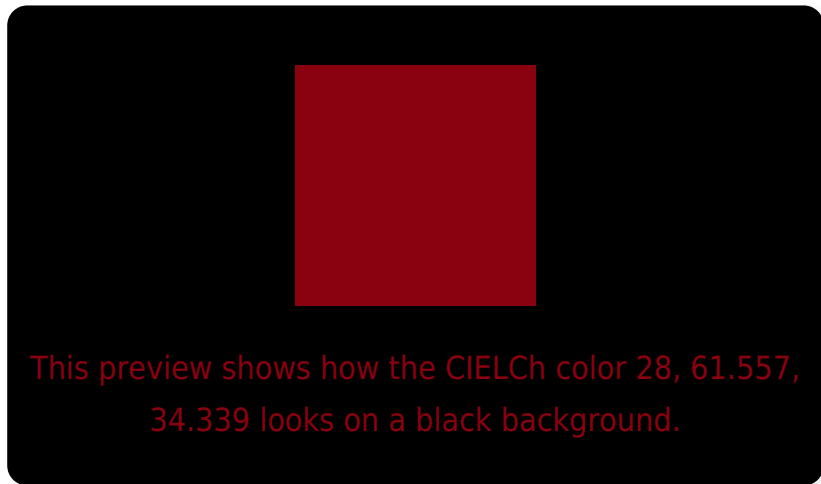
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 61.557, 34.339

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 61.557, 34.339.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 61.557, 34.339.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28, 61.557, 34.339

Protanopia

30, 26.747, 96.130

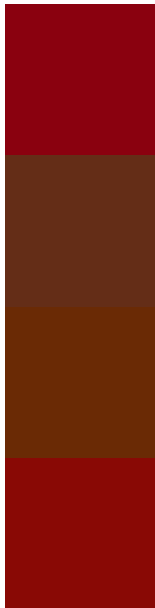
Deuteranopia

29, 38.748, 85.033



Tritanopia
28, 63.554, 40.610

Trichromacy



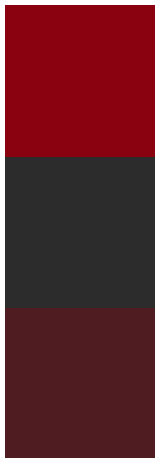
Original Color
28, 61.557, 34.339

Protanomaly
26, 34.298, 47.670

Deuteranomaly
26, 43.844, 52.448

Tritanomaly
28, 62.748, 38.605

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 61.557, 34.339

Achromatopsia
18, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
18, 25.589, 19.769

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 61.557, 34.339 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 1, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 1, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 1, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 1, 15) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 61.557, 34.339 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 1, 15) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 1, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 1, 15)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 1, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 1, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 1, 15)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 61.557, 34.339 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 1, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138, 1,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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