

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 64.048, 36.503)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 64.048, 36.503) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(28, 63.756, 36.669)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B0008
RGB	139, 0, 8
RGB Percent	55%, 0%, 3%
CMY	0.4565, 1.0000, 0.9700
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.94, 0.46
HSL	357°, 100%, 27%
HSV	357°, 100%, 54%
XYZ	10.6161, 5.4574, 0.7132
YIQ	42.4730, 80.2760, 31.9560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

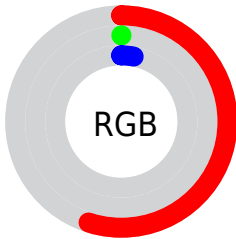
Format	Color
RYB	139, 0, 8
Decimal	9109512
CIELab	28.00, 51.14, 38.07
CIElCh	28, 63.756, 36.669
Yxy	5.4574, 0.6324, 0.3251
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287299592 (0xFF8B0008)
YUV	42.4730, -16.9952, 84.6542
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, 40.2349, 14.5426

Details

The CIELCh color **28, 63.756, 36.669** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **52, 33.324, 188.463**, and the grayscale version is **17, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 63.575, 36.417**, and **14, 40.336, 31.871** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28, 63.686, 36.752**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 58.709, 33.518**.

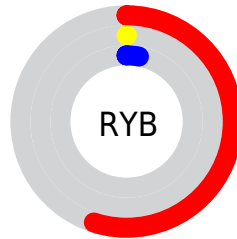
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (0%)

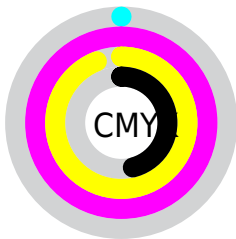
Blue (3%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (3%)

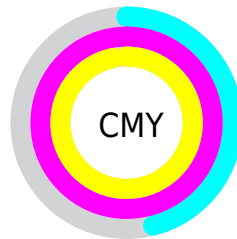


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (94%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (97%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 63.756, 36.669 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 63.756, 36.669 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 28, 63.756, 36.669

 28, 63.756, 36.669

 100, 63.756,
36.669

 18, 63.756, 36.669

 48, 63.756, 36.669

 8, 63.756, 36.669

 58, 63.756, 36.669

 0, 63.756, 36.669

 68, 63.756, 36.669

 78, 63.756, 36.669

 88, 63.756, 36.669

 98, 63.756, 36.669

 28, 63.756, 36.669

 28, 63.756, 36.669

■ 28, 63.686, 36.752

■ 29, 58.709, 33.518

■ 30, 52.675, 29.550

■ 32, 46.007, 26.018

■ 35, 38.994, 23.113

■ 38, 31.873, 20.806

■ 42, 24.851, 18.995

■ 46, 18.083, 17.569

■ 49, 11.663, 16.433

■ 54, 5.634, 15.493

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 63.756, 36.669



52, 33.324, 188.463

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 63.756, 36.669



28, 63.756, 86.669



28, 63.756, 216.669



28, 63.756, 266.669

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 63.686, 36.752



59, 22.537, 17.654



31, 73.709, 325.686



29, 15.678, 18.154



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 63.686, 36.752



38, 78.518, 37.785



35, 55.512, 56.390



27, 3.153, 15.417



27, 61.438, 36.446



0, 1.420, 14.827

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 63.686, 36.752



38, 78.518, 37.785



33, 39.263, 275.455



27, 3.153, 15.417



27, 61.438, 36.446



0, 1.420, 14.827

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 63.756, 36.669 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 63.756, 36.669 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 63.756, 36.669

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 63.756, 36.669.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 63.756, 36.669.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28, 63.756, 36.669

Protanopia

30, 29.834, 96.387

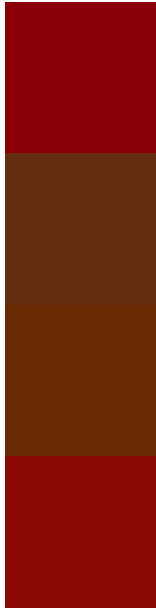
Deuteranopia

29, 38.748, 85.033



Tritanopia
29, 63.952, 40.627

Trichromacy



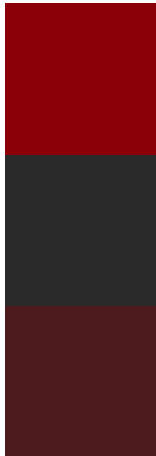
Original Color
28, 63.756, 36.669

Protanomaly
26, 37.018, 52.063

Deuteranomaly
26, 44.450, 53.136

Tritanomaly
28, 63.721, 39.101

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 63.756, 36.669

Achromatopsia
17, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
18, 25.974, 22.887

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 63.756, 36.669 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 0, 8)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 0, 8)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 0, 8) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 0, 8) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 63.756, 36.669 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 0, 8) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 0, 8) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 0, 8)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 0, 8); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 0, 8); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 0, 8) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 63.756, 36.669 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 0, 8) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139, 0,  
8) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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