

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 8.169, 202.733)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 8.169, 202.733) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(28, 8.160, 202.741)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	324647
RGB	50, 70, 71
RGB Percent	20%, 27%, 28%
CMY	0.8052, 0.7268, 0.7229
CMYK	0.30, 0.01, 0.00, 0.72
HSL	183°, 17%, 24%
HSV	183°, 30%, 28%
XYZ	4.5938, 5.4574, 6.7146
YIQ	64.1340, -12.2410, -3.9290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

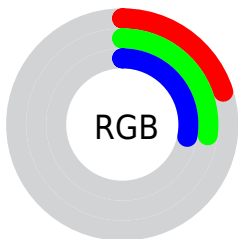
Format	Color
R_YB	50, 60, 71
Decimal	3294791
CIE Lab	28.00, -7.53, -3.15
CIE LCh	28, 8.160, 202.741
Yxy	5.4574, 0.2740, 0.3255
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281484871 (0xFF324647)
YUV	64.1340, 3.3849, -12.3955
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, -5.7811, -0.6889

Details

The CIELCh color **28, 8.160, 202.741** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **23, 9.794, 25.168**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 8.068, 202.776**, and **8, 8.245, 203.377** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27, 10.522, 202.557**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 5.580, 202.990**.

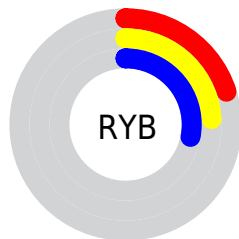
Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (27%)

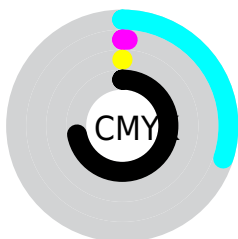
Blue (28%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (28%)

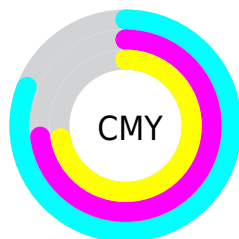


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (81%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 8.160, 202.741 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 8.160, 202.741 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28, 8.160, 202.741

■ 28, 8.160, 202.741

■ 100, 8.160,
202.741

■ 18, 8.160, 202.741

■ 48, 8.160, 202.741

■ 8, 8.160, 202.741

■ 58, 8.160, 202.741

■ 0, 8.160, 202.741

■ 68, 8.160, 202.741

■ 78, 8.160, 202.741

■ 88, 8.160, 202.741

■ 98, 8.160, 202.741

■ 28, 8.160, 202.741

■ 28, 8.160, 202.741

■ 27, 10.522,
202.557

■ 29, 5.580, 202.990

■ 27, 12.627,
202.460

■ 29, 2.819, 203.330

■ 30, 0.086, 20.512

■ 26, 14.441,
202.454

■ 31, 3.103, 23.868

■ 32, 6.202, 24.315

■ 26, 15.936,
202.551

■ 33, 9.359, 24.756

■ 26, 17.093,
202.762

■ 33, 12.553, 25.204

■ 26, 17.936,
203.085

■ 34, 15.768, 25.659

■ 35, 18.990, 26.117

■ 25, 18.739,
203.390

■ 25, 18.763,
203.399

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 8.160, 202.741



23, 9.794, 25.168

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 8.160, 202.741



28, 8.160, 252.741



28, 8.160, 22.741



28, 8.160, 72.741

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 8.160, 202.736



38, 3.249, 203.345



28, 16.209, 143.535



18, 2.221, 203.315



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 8.160, 202.736



36, 11.957, 202.591



25, 8.267, 263.018



14, 1.636, 203.378



36, 23.651, 203.776



79, 43.027, 204.368

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24, 16.060, 327.214



30, 24.108, 327.595



26, 8.753, 75.562



13, 3.023, 326.140



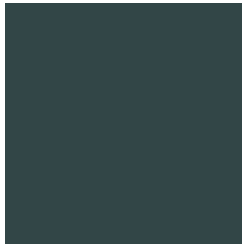
22, 55.930, 330.100



53, 101.896, 330.247

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 8.160, 202.741 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 28, 8.160, 202.741 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

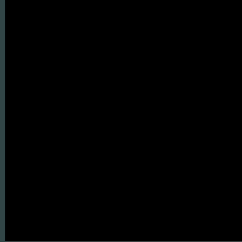
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 8.160, 202.741

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 8.160, 202.741.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 8.160, 202.741.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

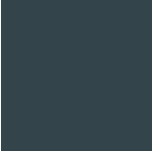
28, 8.160, 202.741

Protanopia

28, 1.298, 290.453

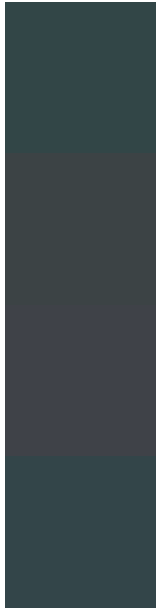
Deuteranopia

28, 5.836, 317.701



Tritanopia
28, 8.044, 227.496

Trichromacy



Original Color

28, 8.160, 202.741

Protanomaly

28, 3.244, 222.632

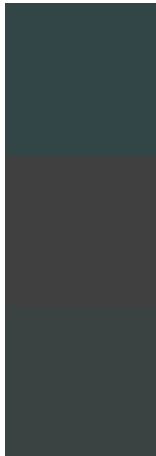
Deuteranomaly

28, 4.067, 272.628

Tritanomaly

28, 7.641, 218.305

Monochromacy



Original Color

28, 8.160, 202.741

Achromatopsia

27, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

27, 3.045, 198.980

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 8.160, 202.741 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 70, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 70, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 70, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 70, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 8.160, 202.741 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 70, 71) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 70, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(50, 70, 71)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 70, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 70, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 70, 71)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 8.160, 202.741 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 70, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 70,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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