

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 86.138, 170.590)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 86.138, 170.590)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(32, 39.802, 150.211)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	01582B
RGB	1, 88, 43
RGB Percent	0%, 35%, 17%
CMY	0.9963, 0.6566, 0.8333
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.51, 0.66
HSL	149°, 98%, 17%
HSV	149°, 99%, 34%
XYZ	3.8931, 7.0852, 3.4008
YIQ	56.8570, -37.4070, -32.4390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

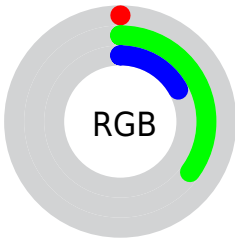
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 60, 88
Decimal	88107
CIE _{Lab}	32.00, -34.54, 19.77
CIE _{LCh}	32, 39.802, 150.211
Yxy	7.0852, 0.2707, 0.4927
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278278187 (0xFF01582B)
YUV	56.8570, -6.8315, -48.9866
Hunter-Lab	26.6180, -20.4745, 11.0576

Details

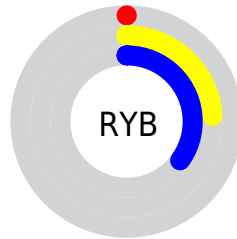
The CIELCh color **32, 39.802, 150.211** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **17, 39.172, 356.626**, and the grayscale version is **24, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52, 39.951, 150.015**, and **14, 31.326, 141.634** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32, 40.116, 150.043**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32, 36.918, 151.915**.

Distribution



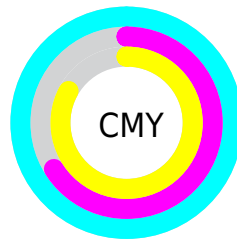
- Red (0%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (66%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (83%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 32, 39.802, 150.211 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 32, 39.802, 150.211 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 32, 39.802,
150.211


 32, 39.802,
150.211

 100, 39.802,
150.211


 22, 39.802,
150.211

 52, 39.802,
150.211


 12, 39.802,
150.211


 62, 39.802,
150.211

 2, 39.802, 150.211

 72, 39.802,
150.211

 0, 39.802, 150.211

 82, 39.802,
150.211

 92, 39.802,
150.211

■ 32, 39.802,
150.211

■ 32, 39.802,
150.211

■ 32, 40.116,
150.043

■ 32, 36.918,
151.915

■ 32, 33.847,
153.707

■ 33, 30.382,
155.320

■ 33, 26.557,
156.758

■ 34, 22.428,
158.038

■ 34, 18.059,
159.177

■ 35, 13.520,
160.195

■ 36, 8.874, 161.113

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32, 39.802, 150.211



17, 39.172, 356.626

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32, 39.802, 150.211



32, 39.802, 200.211



32, 39.802, 330.211



32, 39.802, 20.211

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32, 39.802, 150.211



45, 17.511, 159.990



33, 48.587, 125.640



23, 12.020, 159.720



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32, 39.802, 150.211



42, 49.329, 149.207



33, 23.461, 191.795



17, 2.603, 161.973



39, 46.783, 149.401



82, 86.017, 147.775

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 39.172, 356.626



24, 47.424, 358.251



16, 43.274, 32.325



16, 2.631, 343.181



22, 45.203, 357.924



51, 79.751, 0.776

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 32, 39.802, 150.211 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

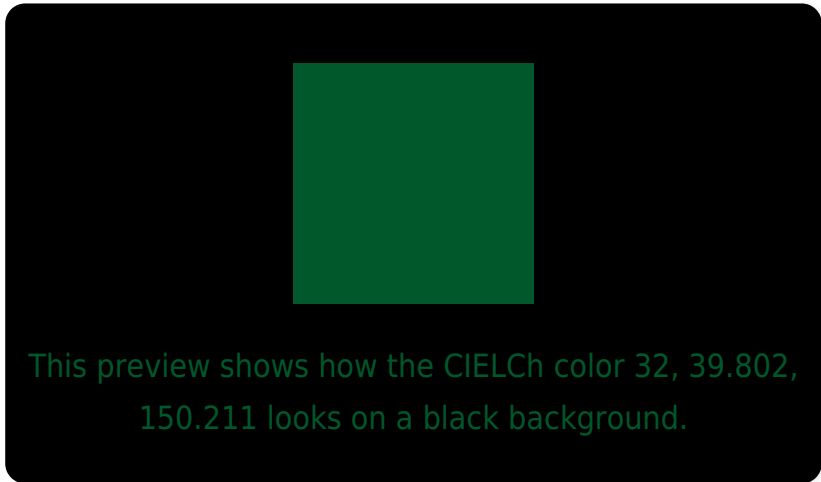
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 32, 39.802, 150.211

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 39.802, 150.211.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 39.802, 150.211.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

32, 39.822, 150.347

Protanopia

32, 23.669, 97.328

Deuteranopia

32, 19.095, 77.267



Tritanopia
32, 16.513, 213.058

Trichromacy



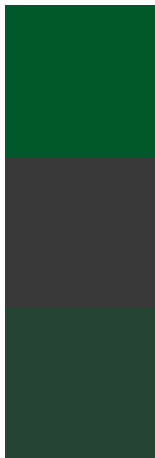
Original Color
32, 39.822, 150.347

Protanomaly
31, 27.667, 132.703

Deuteranomaly
31, 22.592, 130.903

Tritanomaly
32, 22.756, 176.603

Monochromacy



Original Color
32, 39.822, 150.347

Achromatopsia
24, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
26, 17.000, 158.837

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 32, 39.802, 150.211 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 88, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 88, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 88, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 88, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 32, 39.802, 150.211 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 88, 43) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 88, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 88, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 88, 43); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 88, 43); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 88, 43) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 32, 39.802, 150.211 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 88, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 88,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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