

Converting Colors

CIELCh(28, 9.898, 71.184)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(28, 9.898, 71.184) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(28, 9.750, 71.888)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C4034
RGB	76, 64, 52
RGB Percent	30%, 25%, 20%
CMY	0.7018, 0.7489, 0.7959
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.32, 0.70
HSL	30°, 19%, 25%
HSV	30°, 32%, 30%
XYZ	5.4398, 5.4574, 4.0197
YIQ	66.2200, 11.0040, -1.1880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

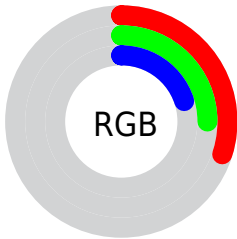
Format	Color
R_{YB}	76, 76, 52
Decimal	4997172
CIE _{Lab}	28.00, 3.03, 9.27
CIE _{LCh}	28, 9.750, 71.888
Yxy	5.4574, 0.3647, 0.3659
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283187252 (0xFF4C4034)
YUV	66.2200, -7.0105, 8.5771
Hunter-Lab	23.3610, 0.6831, 6.1507

Details

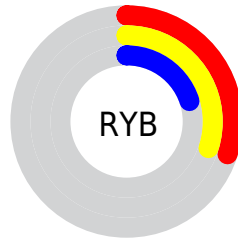
The CIELCh color $28, 9.750, 71.888$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 333333 . A complement of this color would be $27, 9.019, 259.825$, and the grayscale version is $28, 0.004, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $48, 9.980, 74.785$, and $8, 9.696, 73.617$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $27, 13.116, 70.762$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $29, 6.520, 73.016$.

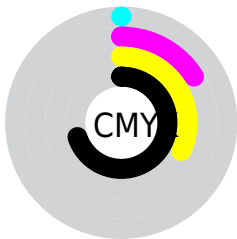
Distribution



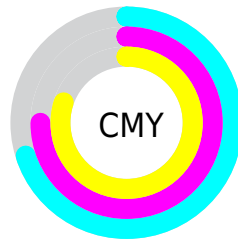
- Red (30%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (70%)




- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 28, 9.750, 71.888 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 28, 9.750, 71.888 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 28, 9.750, 71.888  28, 9.750, 71.888

 100, 9.750, 71.888  18, 9.750, 71.888

 48, 9.750, 71.888  8, 9.750, 71.888

 58, 9.750, 71.888  0, 9.750, 71.888

 68, 9.750, 71.888

 78, 9.750, 71.888

 88, 9.750, 71.888

 98, 9.750, 71.888

 28, 9.750, 71.888  28, 9.750, 71.888

 27, 13.116, 70.762  29, 6.520, 73.016

■ 25, 16.613, 69.619

■ 31, 3.423, 74.106

■ 24, 20.220, 68.459

■ 32, 0.451, 74.850

■ 23, 23.882, 67.258

■ 34, 2.406, 256.408

■ 22, 27.449, 65.920

■ 35, 5.160, 257.413

■ 21, 30.220, 63.915

■ 36, 7.820, 258.415

■ 20, 32.435, 62.373

■ 38, 10.396,
259.388

■ 39, 12.898,
260.328

■ 41, 15.332,
261.231

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 9.750, 71.888



27, 9.019, 259.825

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 9.750, 71.888



28, 9.750, 121.888



28, 9.750, 251.888



28, 9.750, 301.888

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 9.750, 71.896



41, 3.311, 74.339



25, 13.371, 346.267



20, 2.324, 74.248



73, 0.009, 296.813



21, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 9.750, 71.896



36, 14.907, 71.004



32, 15.009, 107.433



14, 1.650, 74.408



27, 42.519, 62.506



61, 78.942, 60.027

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 9.019, 259.825



33, 13.488, 261.294



23, 16.072, 293.628



14, 1.622, 256.498



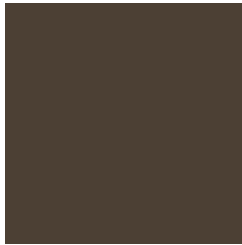
21, 34.895, 281.286



49, 67.635, 284.754

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 28, 9.750, 71.888 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 28, 9.750, 71.888 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

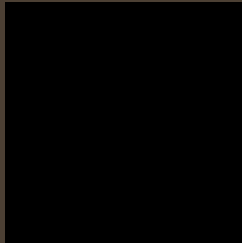
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 28, 9.750, 71.888

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 9.750, 71.888.

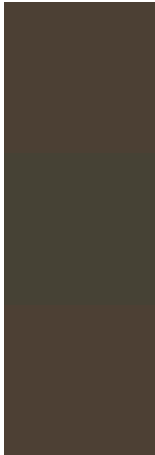


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 28, 9.750, 71.888.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28, 9.750, 71.888

Protanopia

28, 8.580, 95.630

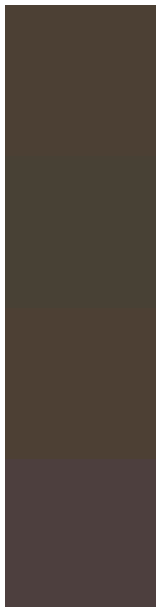
Deuteranopia

28, 10.063, 69.677



Tritanopia
28, 7.931, 356.942

Trichromacy



Original Color
28, 9.750, 71.888

Protanomaly
28, 8.449, 85.173

Deuteranomaly
28, 10.063, 69.677

Tritanomaly
28, 6.541, 26.107

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 9.750, 71.888

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 3.455, 67.831

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 28, 9.750, 71.888 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 64, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 64, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 64, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 64, 52) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 28, 9.750, 71.888 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 64, 52) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 64, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 64, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 64, 52); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 64, 52);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 64, 52)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 28, 9.750, 71.888 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 64, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 64,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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