

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 0.800, 339.934)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(29, 0.800, 339.934) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(29, 0.789, 324.359)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	454445
RGB	69, 68, 69
RGB Percent	27%, 27%, 27%
CMY	0.7292, 0.7331, 0.7292
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.73
HSL	300°, 1%, 27%
HSV	300°, 1%, 27%
XYZ	5.6040, 5.8380, 6.4703
YIQ	68.4130, 0.2750, 0.5230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	69, 68, 69
Decimal	4539461
CIELab	29.00, 0.64, -0.46
CIELCh	29, 0.789, 324.359
Yxy	5.8380, 0.3129, 0.3259
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282729541 (0xFF454445)
YUV	68.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, -0.8826, 1.0363

# Details

The CIELCh color  $29, 0.789, 324.359$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $333333$ . A complement of this color would be  $29, 0.780, 144.525$ , and the grayscale version is  $29, 0.005, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $49, 0.722, 324.246$ , and  $9, 0.911, 324.514$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $27, 6.248, 324.977$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $31, 4.588, 144.061$ .

# Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (27%)

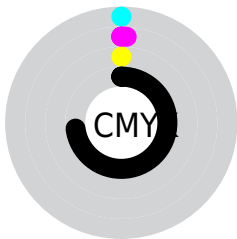
Blue (27%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (27%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (73%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (73%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 0.789, 324.359 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 0.789, 324.359 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 29, 0.789, 324.359

■ 29, 0.789, 324.359

100, 0.789,  
324.359

■ 19, 0.789, 324.359

■ 49, 0.789, 324.359

■ 9, 0.789, 324.359

■ 59, 0.789, 324.359

■ 0, 0.789, 324.359

■ 69, 0.789, 324.359

■ 79, 0.789, 324.359

■ 89, 0.789, 324.359

■ 99, 0.789, 324.359

■ 29, 0.789, 324.359

■ 29, 0.789, 324.359

27, 6.248, 324.977

31, 4.588, 144.061

25, 11.746,  
325.470

33, 9.849, 143.582

23, 17.213,  
325.950

36, 14.978,  
143.129

21, 22.558,  
326.410

38, 19.967,  
142.697

19, 27.656,  
326.839

40, 24.812,  
142.287

18, 32.361,  
327.227

42, 29.514,  
141.899

16, 36.507,  
327.561

45, 34.078,  
141.534

15, 39.930,  
327.831

47, 38.509,  
141.191

15, 42.696,  
328.045

49, 42.813,  
140.869



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 0.789, 324.359



29, 0.780, 144.525

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 0.789, 324.359



29, 0.789, 14.359



29, 0.789, 144.359



29, 0.789, 194.359

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 0.788, 324.358



38, 0.005, 296.813



29, 0.636, 289.687



19, 0.004, 296.813



71, 0.009, 296.813

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 0.788, 324.358



37, 1.346, 324.435



29, 0.559, 342.532



14, 0.624, 324.397



22, 57.932, 328.231



54, 105.823, 328.231





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 0.444, 18.899



37, 0.760, 19.109



29, 0.552, 163.001



14, 0.352, 19.008



19, 49.401, 35.621

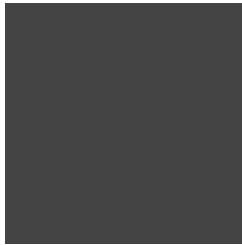


47, 95.756, 39.999



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 0.789, 324.359 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 0.789, 324.359 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

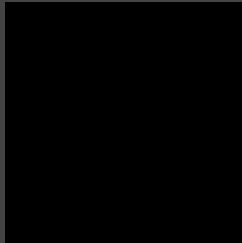
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

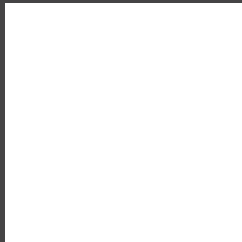
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 29, 0.789, 324.359**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 0.789, 324.359.

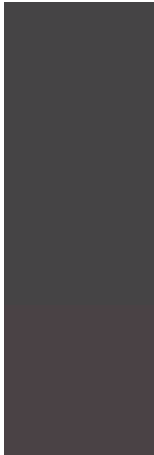


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 0.789, 324.359.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29, 0.789, 324.359

### Protanopia

29, 0.789, 324.359

### Deuteranopia

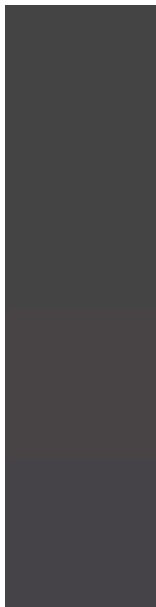
29, 4.072, 351.819



**Tritanopia**  
29, 4.101, 309.380



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29, 0.789, 324.359

## Protanomaly

29, 0.789, 324.359

## Deuteranomaly

29, 2.580, 349.885

## Tritanomaly

29, 3.497, 312.719

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29, 0.789, 324.359

## Achromatopsia

29, 0.005, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

29, 0.005, 296.813

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 0.789, 324.359 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 68, 69)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 68, 69)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 68, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 68, 69) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 0.789, 324.359 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 68, 69) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 68, 69) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 68, 69)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 68, 69); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 68, 69);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 68, 69)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 0.789, 324.359 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 68, 69) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 68,  
69) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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