

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 1.800, 69.328)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 1.800, 69.328) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(29, 1.854, 63.146)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	474442
RGB	71, 68, 66
RGB Percent	28%, 27%, 26%
CMY	0.7222, 0.7340, 0.7418
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.07, 0.72
HSL	24°, 4%, 27%
HSV	24°, 7%, 28%
XYZ	5.6210, 5.8380, 5.9586
YIQ	68.6690, 2.4300, 0.0140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

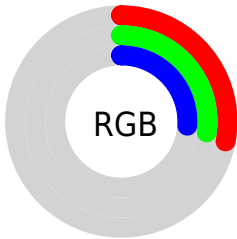
Format	Color
R_YB	71, 69, 66
Decimal	4670530
CIE Lab	29.00, 0.84, 1.65
CIE LCh	29, 1.854, 63.146
Yxy	5.8380, 0.3227, 0.3352
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282860610 (0xFF474442)
YUV	68.6690, -1.3158, 2.0443
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, -0.7572, 2.2917

Details

The CIELCh color $29, 1.854, 63.146$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 333333 . A complement of this color would be $29, 1.813, 244.723$, and the grayscale version is $29, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $49, 1.683, 63.310$, and $9, 2.178, 62.548$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $27, 4.610, 62.348$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $31, 0.758, 244.479$.

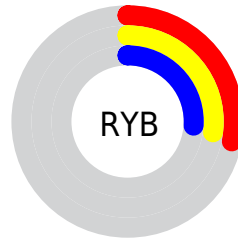
Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (27%)

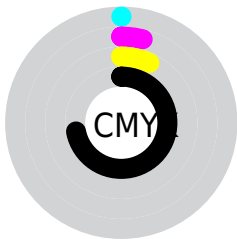
Blue (26%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (26%)

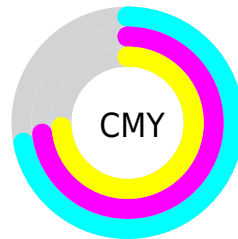


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (72%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 1.854, 63.146 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 1.854, 63.146 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29, 1.854, 63.146 ■ 29, 1.854, 63.146

■ 100, 1.854, 63.146 ■ 19, 1.854, 63.146

■ 49, 1.854, 63.146 ■ 9, 1.854, 63.146

■ 59, 1.854, 63.146 ■ 0, 1.854, 63.146

■ 69, 1.854, 63.146

■ 79, 1.854, 63.146

■ 89, 1.854, 63.146

■ 99, 1.854, 63.146

■ 29, 1.854, 63.146 ■ 29, 1.854, 63.146

■ 27, 4.610, 62.348 ■ 31, 0.758, 244.479

26, 7.524, 61.480	32, 3.240, 245.168
25, 10.608, 60.626	34, 5.605, 246.034
23, 13.867, 59.800	35, 7.866, 246.901
22, 17.299, 59.006	37, 10.034, 247.754
20, 20.883, 58.237	38, 12.119, 248.586
19, 24.511, 57.381	40, 14.132, 249.395
18, 27.412, 55.475	42, 16.080, 250.177
17, 29.973, 53.475	43, 17.969, 250.932

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 1.854, 63.146



29, 1.813, 244.723

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 1.854, 63.146



29, 1.854, 113.146



29, 1.854, 243.146



29, 1.854, 293.146

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 1.854, 63.180



39, 0.641, 63.351



28, 2.959, 339.041



19, 0.359, 63.320



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 1.854, 63.180



37, 2.617, 63.084



30, 2.877, 105.138



13, 1.481, 63.061



24, 42.792, 54.355



56, 82.298, 52.635

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 1.813, 244.723



37, 2.545, 244.835



28, 2.915, 286.499



13, 1.438, 244.862



24, 28.236, 269.112



55, 54.568, 273.115

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 1.854, 63.146 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 1.854, 63.146 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

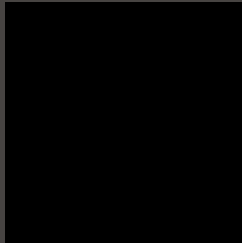
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

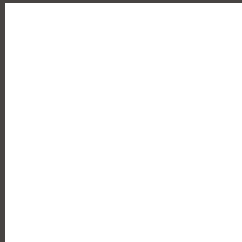
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 1.854, 63.146

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 1.854, 63.146.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 1.854, 63.146.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29, 1.854, 63.146

Protanopia

29, 1.558, 74.695

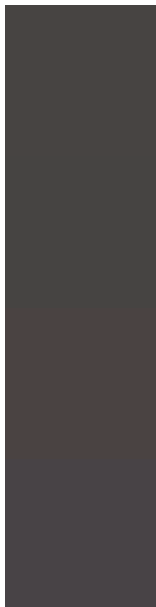
Deuteranopia

29, 4.551, 20.122



Tritanopia
29, 3.916, 324.749

Trichromacy



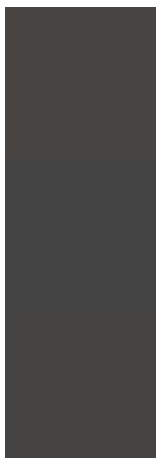
Original Color
29, 1.854, 63.146

Protanomaly
29, 1.558, 74.695

Deuteranomaly
29, 3.235, 31.245

Tritanomaly
29, 2.952, 339.034

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 1.854, 63.146

Achromatopsia
29, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
29, 0.775, 74.888

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 1.854, 63.146 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 68, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 68, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 68, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 68, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 1.854, 63.146 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 68, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 68, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 68, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 68, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 68, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 68, 66)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 1.854, 63.146 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 68, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 68,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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