

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 10.113, 197.254)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 10.113, 197.254)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(29, 9.985, 197.899)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	304949
RGB	48, 73, 73
RGB Percent	19%, 29%, 29%
CMY	0.8126, 0.7146, 0.7146
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.00, 0.71
HSL	180°, 21%, 24%
HSV	180°, 34%, 29%
XYZ	4.7727, 5.8380, 7.1411
YIQ	65.5250, -14.9000, -5.3000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

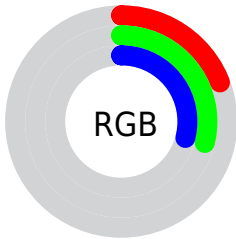
Format	Color
R_YB	48, 61, 73
Decimal	3164489
CIE Lab	29.00, -9.50, -3.07
CIE LCh	29, 9.985, 197.899
Yxy	5.8380, 0.2689, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281354569 (0xFF304949)
YUV	65.5250, 3.6852, -15.3694
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, -7.0245, -0.6098

Details

The CIELCh color **29, 9.985, 197.899** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **23, 12.323, 21.995**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49, 10.277, 195.032**, and **9, 9.735, 201.693** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29, 12.406, 197.530**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 7.312, 198.309**.

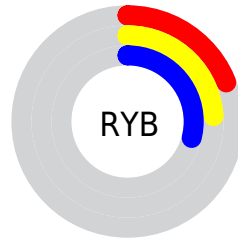
Distribution



Red (19%)

Green (29%)

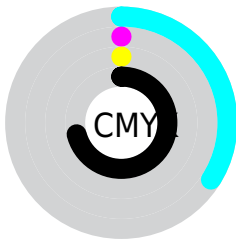
Blue (29%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (29%)

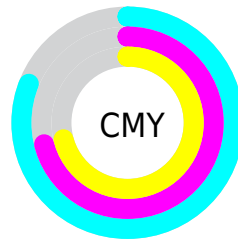


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (71%)



Cyan (81%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 9.985, 197.899 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 9.985, 197.899 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29, 9.985, 197.899

■ 29, 9.985, 197.899

■ 100, 9.985,
197.899

■ 19, 9.985, 197.899

■ 49, 9.985, 197.899

■ 9, 9.985, 197.899

■ 59, 9.985, 197.899

■ 0, 9.985, 197.899

■ 69, 9.985, 197.899

■ 79, 9.985, 197.899

■ 89, 9.985, 197.899

■ 99, 9.985, 197.899

■ 29, 9.985, 197.899

■ 29, 9.985, 197.899

■ 29, 12.406,
197.530

■ 29, 7.312, 198.309

■ 28, 14.535,
197.214

■ 30, 4.426, 198.776

■ 31, 1.370, 199.386

■ 28, 16.340,
196.950

■ 31, 1.820, 19.546

■ 28, 17.799,
196.739

■ 32, 5.108, 20.165

■ 33, 8.465, 20.726

■ 28, 18.903,
196.581

■ 34, 11.865, 21.287

■ 27, 19.777,
196.457

■ 35, 15.289, 21.850

■ 27, 20.276,
196.386

■ 35, 18.718, 22.414

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 9.985, 197.899



23, 12.323, 21.995

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 9.985, 197.899



29, 9.985, 247.899



29, 9.985, 17.899



29, 9.985, 67.899

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 9.985, 197.895



39, 3.863, 198.982



28, 19.518, 141.895



20, 2.654, 198.943



72, 0.009, 296.813



20, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 9.985, 197.895



37, 14.328, 197.591



25, 9.291, 258.391



14, 1.715, 199.086



38, 25.122, 196.386



82, 45.890, 196.386

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 12.323, 21.995



28, 18.729, 23.007



26, 10.208, 69.858



13, 1.799, 19.788



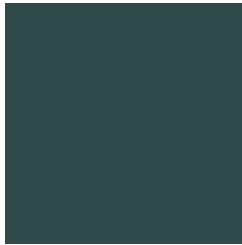
19, 49.402, 35.622



47, 95.758, 40.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 9.985, 197.899 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 9.985, 197.899 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

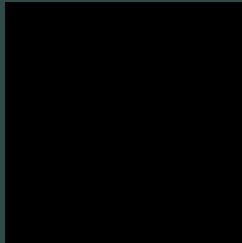
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

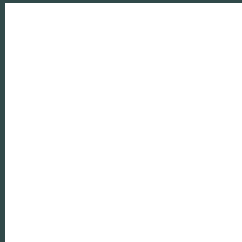
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 9.985, 197.899

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 9.985, 197.899.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 9.985, 197.899.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

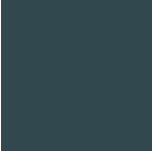
29, 9.985, 197.899

Protanopia

29, 1.369, 309.138

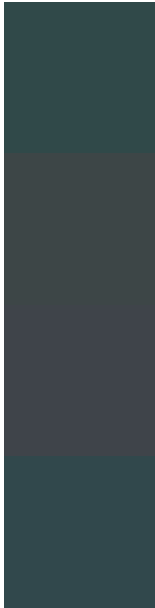
Deuteranopia

29, 5.808, 317.691



Tritanopia
29, 9.604, 222.083

Trichromacy



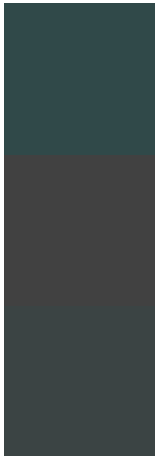
Original Color
29, 9.985, 197.899

Protanomaly
29, 3.873, 208.474

Deuteranomaly
29, 4.364, 262.044

Tritanomaly
29, 9.325, 214.273

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 9.985, 197.899

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 3.872, 198.839

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 9.985, 197.899 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 73, 73)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 73, 73)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 73, 73) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 73, 73) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 9.985, 197.899 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 73, 73) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 73, 73) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(48, 73, 73)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 73, 73); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 73, 73);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 73, 73)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 9.985, 197.899 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 73, 73) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 73,  
73) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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