

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 10.134, 38.390)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 10.134, 38.390) contains.

CIELCh(29, 10.108, 39.190)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(29, 10.108, 39.190)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	54403B
RGB	84, 64, 59
RGB Percent	33%, 25%, 23%
CMY	0.6713, 0.7497, 0.7693
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.30, 0.67
HSL	12°, 18%, 28%
HSV	12°, 30%, 33%
XYZ	6.2487, 5.8380, 4.9124
YIQ	69.4100, 13.5250, 2.6850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

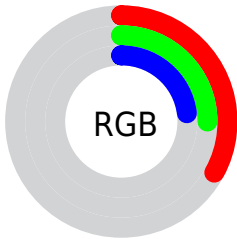
Format	Color
R_YB	84, 65, 59
Decimal	5521467
CIE Lab	29.00, 7.83, 6.39
CIE LCh	29, 10.108, 39.190
Yxy	5.8380, 0.3676, 0.3434
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283711547 (0xFF54403B)
YUV	69.4100, -5.1321, 12.7954
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, 3.8799, 4.8591

Details

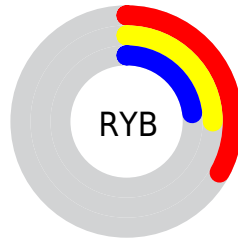
The CIELCh color **29, 10.108, 39.190** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **32, 8.393, 220.683**, and the grayscale version is **29, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49, 10.044, 40.690**, and **9, 10.012, 36.160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27, 14.023, 39.343**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31, 6.465, 39.174**.

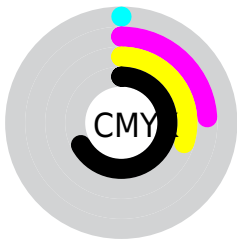
Distribution



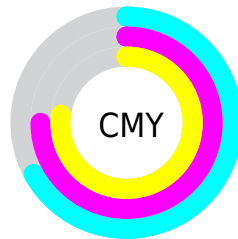
- Red (33%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 10.108, 39.190 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 10.108, 39.190 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29, 10.108, 39.190

■ 29, 10.108, 39.190

■ 100, 10.108,
39.190

■ 19, 10.108, 39.190

■ 49, 10.108, 39.190

■ 9, 10.108, 39.190

■ 59, 10.108, 39.190

■ 0, 10.108, 39.190

■ 69, 10.108, 39.190

■ 79, 10.108, 39.190

■ 89, 10.108, 39.190

■ 99, 10.108, 39.190

■ 29, 10.108, 39.190

■ 29, 10.108, 39.190

27, 14.023, 39.343

31, 6.465, 39.174

25, 18.217, 39.645

33, 3.083, 39.222

23, 22.675, 40.131

36, 0.059, 224.396

21, 27.354, 40.814

38, 2.983, 219.827

19, 32.120, 41.586

40, 5.711, 220.062

18, 36.029, 41.056

43, 8.265, 220.360

17, 39.378, 40.606

45, 10.663,
220.688

17, 39.439, 40.606

47, 12.924,
221.034

50, 15.064,
221.389

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 10.108, 39.190



32, 8.393, 220.683

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 10.108, 39.190



29, 10.108, 89.190



29, 10.108, 219.190



29, 10.108, 269.190

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 10.107, 39.197



44, 3.525, 39.224



28, 16.722, 332.265



22, 2.478, 39.220



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 10.107, 39.197



36, 15.677, 39.292



33, 11.543, 90.271



15, 1.711, 39.225



22, 48.543, 42.440



51, 92.845, 43.155

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 8.393, 220.683



41, 12.334, 221.194



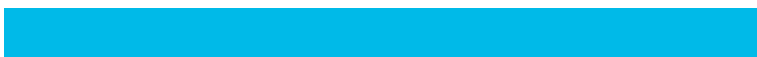
28, 11.596, 277.733



16, 1.629, 219.814



32, 22.714, 233.336



70, 40.974, 236.217

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 10.108, 39.190 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 10.108, 39.190 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

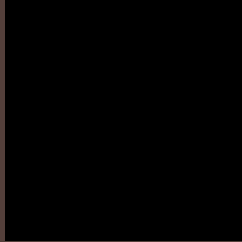
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 10.108, 39.190

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 10.108, 39.190.

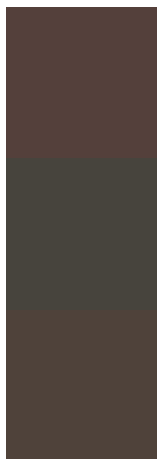


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 10.108, 39.190.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29, 10.108, 39.190

Protanopia

29, 4.692, 92.142

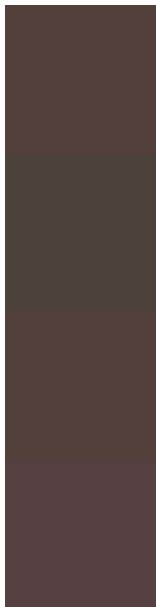
Deuteranopia

29, 8.075, 59.283



Tritanopia
29, 10.379, 7.101

Trichromacy



Original Color
29, 10.108, 39.190

Protanomaly
29, 6.084, 59.054

Deuteranomaly
29, 8.909, 50.462

Tritanomaly
29, 10.249, 17.664

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 10.108, 39.190

Achromatopsia
29, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
29, 3.434, 41.696

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 10.108, 39.190 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 64, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 64, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 64, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 64, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 10.108, 39.190 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 64, 59) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 64, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 64, 59)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 64, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 64, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 64, 59)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 10.108, 39.190 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 64, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 64,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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