

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 11.708, 298.311)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 11.708, 298.311)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(29, 11.708, 298.311)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	454254
RGB	69, 66, 84
RGB Percent	27%, 26%, 33%
CMY	0.7286, 0.7403, 0.6697
CMYK	0.18, 0.21, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	250°, 12%, 29%
HSV	250°, 21%, 33%
XYZ	6.0391, 5.8380, 9.2415
YIQ	68.9490, -3.9900, 6.2340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

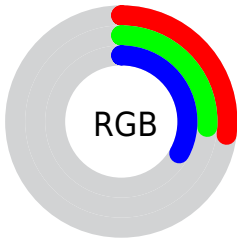
Format	Color
RYB	69, 66, 84
Decimal	4538964
CIELab	29.00, 5.55, -10.31
CIELCh	29, 11.708, 298.311
Yxy	5.8380, 0.2860, 0.2764
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282729044 (0xFF454254)
YUV	68.9490, 7.4201, 0.0447
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, 2.3317, -5.7641

Details

The CIELCh color **29, 11.708, 298.311** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **35, 11.216, 115.294**, and the grayscale version is **29, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49, 11.846, 297.230**, and **9, 12.040, 298.245** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 17.494, 299.230**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32, 6.123, 297.502**.

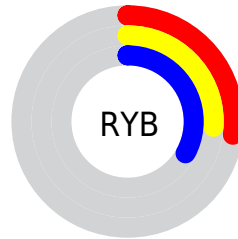
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (26%)

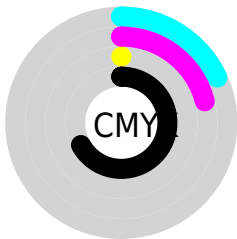
Blue (33%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (26%)

Blue (33%)

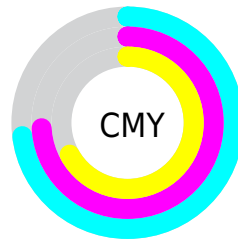


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (67%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 11.708, 298.311 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 11.708, 298.311 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29, 11.708,
298.311

■ 29, 11.708,
298.311

■ 100, 11.708,
298.311

■ 19, 11.708,
298.311

■ 49, 11.708,
298.311

■ 9, 11.708, 298.311

■ 59, 11.708,
298.311

■ 0, 11.708, 298.311

■ 69, 11.708,
298.311

■ 79, 11.708,
298.311

■ 89, 11.708,
298.311

■ 99, 11.708,

298.311

■ 29, 11.708,
298.311

■ 29, 11.708,
298.311

■ 26, 17.494,
299.230

■ 32, 6.123, 297.502

■ 35, 0.734, 296.798

■ 23, 23.481,
300.268

■ 39, 4.468, 116.184

■ 19, 29.648,
301.420

■ 42, 9.496, 115.650

■ 16, 35.934,
302.664

■ 45, 14.360,
115.187

■ 13, 42.199,
303.947

■ 48, 19.069,
114.783

■ 11, 48.165,
305.165

■ 51, 23.634,
114.433

■ 9, 53.485, 306.223

■ 54, 28.063,
114.127

■ 7, 58.302, 307.353

■ 57, 32.364,
113.861

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 11.708, 298.311



35, 11.216, 115.294

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 11.708, 298.311



29, 11.708, 348.311



29, 11.708, 118.311



29, 11.708, 168.311

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 11.707, 298.310



44, 3.980, 297.126



33, 6.314, 216.105



22, 2.662, 297.149



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 11.707, 298.310



36, 17.876, 298.802



30, 12.644, 315.491



16, 3.070, 297.312



10, 69.547, 307.321



30, 124.387, 306.914

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 12.318, 330.579



38, 18.636, 330.901



34, 12.436, 133.803



16, 3.284, 329.847



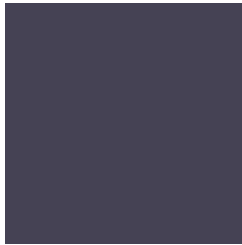
23, 53.924, 335.741



54, 95.083, 336.343

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 11.708, 298.311 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 11.708, 298.311 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

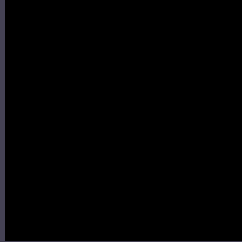
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 11.708, 298.311

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 11.708, 298.311.

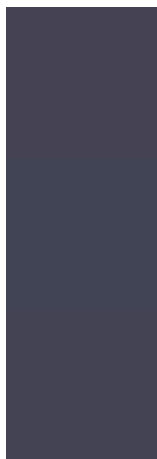


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 11.708, 298.311.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

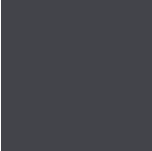
29, 11.708, 298.311

Protanopia

29, 11.017, 283.958

Deuteranopia

29, 10.961, 292.238



Tritanopia
29, 3.882, 284.608

Trichromacy



Original Color
29, 11.708, 298.311

Protanomaly
29, 11.604, 290.390

Deuteranomaly
29, 10.974, 294.341

Tritanomaly
29, 7.118, 294.897

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 11.708, 298.311

Achromatopsia
29, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
29, 4.535, 296.441

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 11.708, 298.311 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 66, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 66, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 66, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 66, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 11.708, 298.311 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 66, 84) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 66, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 66, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 66, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 66, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 66, 84)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 11.708, 298.311 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 66, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 66,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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