

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 12.905, 139.352)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 12.905, 139.352)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(29, 12.644, 138.436)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3A4837
RGB	58, 72, 55
RGB Percent	23%, 28%, 22%
CMY	0.7719, 0.7170, 0.7837
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.24, 0.72
HSL	109°, 13%, 25%
HSV	109°, 24%, 28%
XYZ	4.7759, 5.8380, 4.5096
YIQ	65.8760, -2.8870, -8.2550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

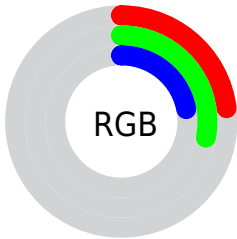
Format	Color
RYB	55, 72, 69
Decimal	3819575
CIELab	29.00, -9.46, 8.39
CIELCh	29, 12.644, 138.436
Yxy	5.8380, 0.3158, 0.3860
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282009655 (0xFF3A4837)
YUV	65.8760, -5.3619, -6.9073
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, -7.0009, 5.8474

Details

The CIELCh color **29, 12.644, 138.436** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **25, 12.755, 320.453**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49, 12.967, 139.313**, and **9, 12.992, 139.216** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28, 18.007, 137.882**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 7.258, 138.940**.

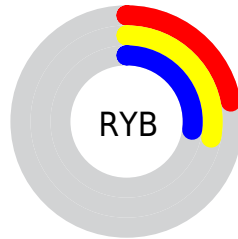
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (28%)

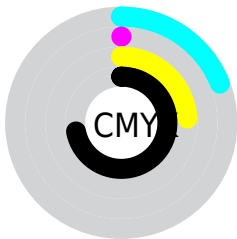
Blue (22%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (27%)

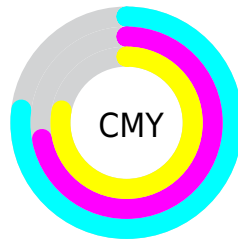


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 12.644, 138.436 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 12.644, 138.436 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29, 12.644,
138.436

■ 29, 12.644,
138.436

■ 100, 12.644,
138.436

■ 19, 12.644,
138.436

■ 49, 12.644,
138.436

■ 9, 12.644, 138.436

■ 59, 12.644,
138.436

■ 0, 12.644, 138.436

■ 69, 12.644,
138.436

■ 79, 12.644,
138.436

■ 89, 12.644,
138.436

■ 99, 12.644,

138.436

■ 29, 12.644,
138.436

■ 29, 12.644,
138.436

■ 28, 18.007,
137.882

■ 30, 7.258, 138.940

■ 28, 23.280,
137.277

■ 30, 1.895, 139.420

■ 27, 28.378,
136.640

■ 31, 3.407, 319.721

■ 27, 33.190,
136.001

■ 33, 13.733,
320.374

■ 27, 37.573,
135.414

■ 34, 18.727,
320.629

■ 26, 41.356,
134.955

■ 35, 23.600,
320.850

■ 26, 44.629,
134.484

■ 36, 28.347,
321.040

■ 26, 46.698,
134.011

■ 37, 32.968,
321.203

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 12.644, 138.436



25, 12.755, 320.453

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 12.644, 138.436



29, 12.644, 188.436



29, 12.644, 318.436



29, 12.644, 8.436

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 12.645, 138.437



39, 4.660, 139.235



29, 8.991, 98.990



20, 3.054, 139.229



72, 0.009, 296.813



20, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 12.645, 138.437



38, 18.768, 138.135



29, 10.657, 153.360



14, 2.946, 139.174



36, 58.725, 134.357



79, 108.215, 135.026

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25, 12.755, 320.453



32, 18.964, 320.678



25, 10.759, 336.465



13, 2.960, 319.830



19, 58.763, 321.899



47, 107.517, 321.453

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 12.644, 138.436 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 12.644, 138.436 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

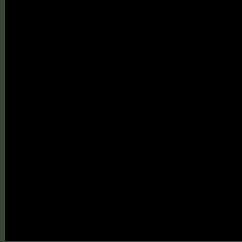
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 12.644, 138.436

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 12.644, 138.436.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 12.644, 138.436.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

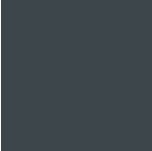
29, 12.644, 138.436

Protanopia

29, 9.895, 94.266

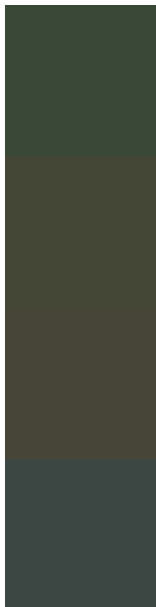
Deuteranopia

29, 8.526, 62.361



Tritanopia
29, 4.872, 240.470

Trichromacy



Original Color
29, 12.644, 138.436

Protanomaly
29, 10.242, 113.502

Deuteranomaly
29, 7.814, 98.234

Tritanomaly
29, 5.162, 176.638

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 12.644, 138.436

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 4.494, 139.453

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 12.644, 138.436 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(58, 72, 55)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(58, 72, 55)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 72, 55) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(58, 72, 55) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 12.644, 138.436 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(58, 72, 55) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(58, 72, 55) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(58, 72, 55)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(58, 72, 55); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 72, 55);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 72, 55)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 12.644, 138.436 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(58, 72, 55) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(58, 72,  
55) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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