

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 120.187, 306.413)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 120.187, 306.413)
contains.

CIELCh(29, 120.349, 306.414)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	25
<i>CSS Examples</i>	28

Color

CIELCh(29, 120.349, 306.414)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1B06E2
RGB	27, 6, 226
RGB Percent	11%, 2%, 89%
CMY	0.8955, 0.9773, 0.1142
CMYK	0.88, 0.97, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	246°, 95%, 45%
HSV	246°, 97%, 89%
XYZ	14.2155, 5.8380, 72.2413
YIQ	37.3590, -58.1040, 72.8720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

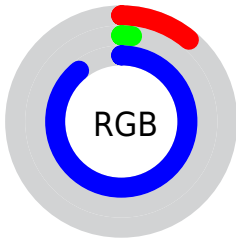
Format	Color
R _Y B	27, 6, 226
Decimal	1771234
CIE Lab	29.00, 71.44, -96.85
CIE LCh	29, 120.349, 306.414
Yxy	5.8380, 0.1540, 0.0633
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279961314 (0xFF1B06E2)
YUV	37.3590, 93.0000, -9.0848
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, 62.7361, -160.3565

Details

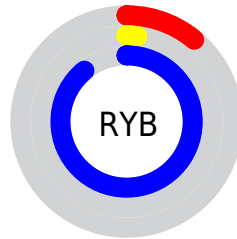
The CIELCh color **29, 120.349, 306.414** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0000CC**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **86, 88.507, 108.641**, and the grayscale version is **14, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 105.578, 306.797**, and **19, 98.329, 306.287** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29, 121.584, 306.545**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32, 113.878, 305.788**.

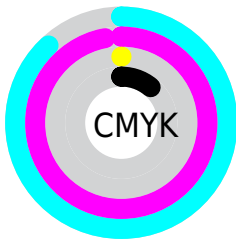
Distribution



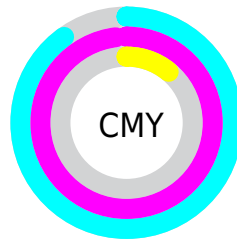
- Red (11%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)





- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (11%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 120.349, 306.414 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 120.349, 306.414 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 29, 120.349,
306.414


 29, 120.349,
306.414


 100, 120.349,
306.414


 19, 120.349,
306.414


 49, 120.349,
306.414


 9, 120.349,
306.414

 59, 120.349,
306.414

 0, 120.349,
306.414

 69, 120.349,
306.414

 79, 120.349,
306.414

 89, 120.349,
306.414

 99, 120.349,

306.414

■ 29, 120.349,
306.414

■ 29, 120.349,
306.414

■ 29, 121.584,
306.545

■ 32, 113.878,
305.788

■ 36, 103.160,
304.537

■ 42, 89.908,
302.909

■ 48, 75.699,
301.175

■ 55, 61.437,
299.510

■ 63, 47.530,
298.000

■ 70, 34.124,
296.672

■ 77, 21.249,
295.526

■ 84, 8.890, 294.544

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 120.349, 306.414



86, 88.507, 108.641

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 120.349, 306.414



29, 120.349, 356.414



29, 120.349, 126.414



29, 120.349, 176.414

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 120.351, 306.415



77, 39.935, 296.892



76, 41.198, 210.747



37, 27.646, 297.453



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 120.351, 306.415



33, 133.305, 306.522



39, 111.003, 313.988



43, 6.774, 294.728



21, 100.780, 306.607



2, 31.784, 298.126

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 97.518, 332.348



59, 107.128, 332.497



80, 101.461, 130.481



44, 7.641, 327.635



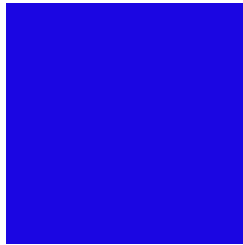
41, 81.242, 332.389



7, 33.707, 331.639

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 120.349, 306.414 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

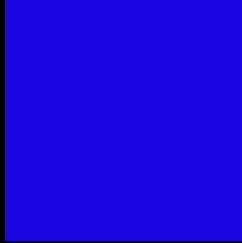
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 120.349, 306.414 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

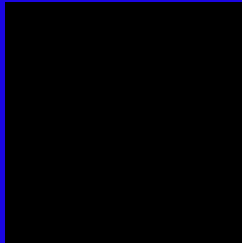
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 120.349, 306.414

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 120.349, 306.414.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 120.349, 306.414.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29, 120.349, 306.414

Protanopia

29, 47.153, 285.031

Deuteranopia

29, 32.757, 270.687



Tritanopia
29, 20.619, 201.948

Trichromacy



Original Color
29, 120.349, 306.414

Protanomaly
26, 79.787, 300.176

Deuteranomaly
25, 71.254, 298.456

Tritanomaly
24, 53.795, 293.121

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 120.349, 306.414

Achromatopsia
15, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
16, 54.339, 303.360

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 120.349, 306.414 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(27, 6, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(27, 6, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 6, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(27, 6, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 120.349, 306.414 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(27, 6, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(27, 6, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 6, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(27, 6, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 6, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 6, 226)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 120.349, 306.414 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(27, 6, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(27, 6,  
226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor