

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 15.648, 12.358)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 15.648, 12.358) contains.

CIELCh(29, 16.101, 11.199)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(29, 16.101, 11.199)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D3B40
RGB	93, 59, 64
RGB Percent	36%, 23%, 25%
CMY	0.6350, 0.7683, 0.7487
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.31, 0.63
HSL	351°, 22%, 30%
HSV	351°, 37%, 37%
XYZ	7.0177, 5.8380, 5.6185
YIQ	69.7360, 18.6590, 8.7630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

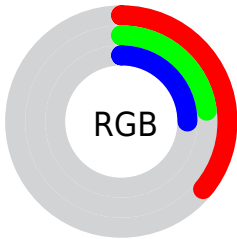
Format	Color
RYB	93, 59, 64
Decimal	6110016
CIELab	29.00, 15.79, 3.13
CIElCh	29, 16.101, 11.199
Yxy	5.8380, 0.3799, 0.3160
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284300096 (0xFF5D3B40)
YUV	69.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, 9.5611, 3.1262




Details

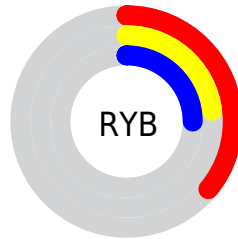
The CIELCh color **29, 16.101, 11.199** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **37, 13.627, 184.440**, and the grayscale version is **30, 0.005, 296.813**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49, 15.822, 10.845**, and **9, 15.938, 10.084** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 20.908, 12.812**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32, 11.421, 9.883**.

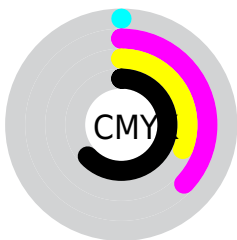
Distribution







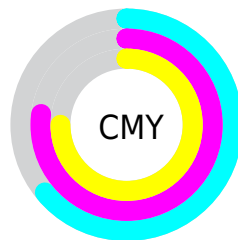
-  Red (36%)
-  Green (23%)
-  Blue (25%)






-  Red (36%)
-  Yellow (23%)
-  Blue (25%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (37%)
-  Yellow (31%)
-  Black (63%)



-  Cyan (64%)
-  Magenta (77%)
-  Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 16.101, 11.199 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 16.101, 11.199 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29, 16.101, 11.199

■ 29, 16.101, 11.199

■ 100, 16.101,
11.199

■ 19, 16.101, 11.199

■ 49, 16.101, 11.199

■ 9, 16.101, 11.199

■ 59, 16.101, 11.199

■ 0, 16.101, 11.199

■ 69, 16.101, 11.199

■ 79, 16.101, 11.199

■ 89, 16.101, 11.199

■ 99, 16.101, 11.199

■ 29, 16.101, 11.199

■ 29, 16.101, 11.199

26, 20.908, 12.812

32, 11.421, 9.883

24, 25.747, 14.804

35, 6.933, 8.778

22, 30.485, 17.289

38, 2.665, 7.792

20, 34.970, 20.377

41, 1.373, 187.341

19, 39.070, 24.139

44, 5.186, 186.501

18, 42.824, 27.748

47, 8.786, 185.883

17, 44.050, 28.419

50, 12.190,
185.346

53, 15.416,
184.870

56, 18.481,
184.442

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 16.101, 11.199



37, 13.627, 184.440

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 16.101, 11.199



29, 16.101, 61.199



29, 16.101, 191.199



29, 16.101, 241.199

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 16.100, 11.203



46, 5.601, 8.262



29, 24.632, 321.831



23, 3.802, 8.343



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 16.100, 11.203



35, 24.295, 12.600



32, 13.158, 55.031



17, 2.274, 8.018



21, 50.280, 30.311



50, 91.921, 33.978

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 16.100, 11.203



35, 24.295, 12.600



33, 10.948, 242.056



17, 2.274, 8.018



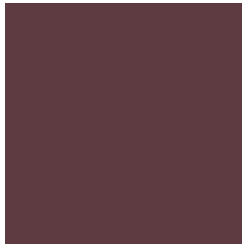
21, 50.280, 30.311



50, 91.921, 33.978

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 16.101, 11.199 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

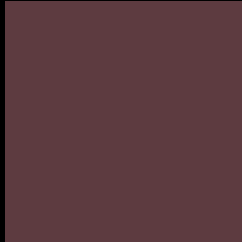
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 16.101, 11.199 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

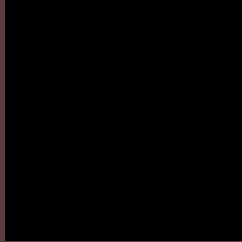
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 16.101, 11.199

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 16.101, 11.199.

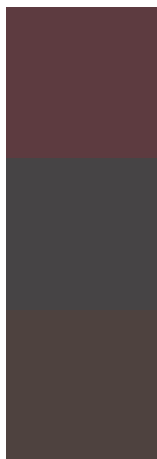


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 16.101, 11.199.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29, 16.101, 11.199

Protanopia

29, 1.103, 343.683

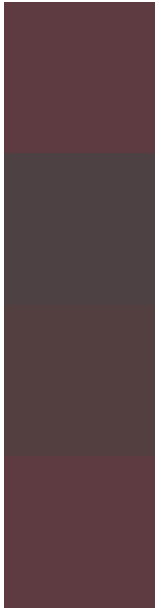
Deuteranopia

29, 5.896, 39.169



Tritanopia
29, 16.101, 11.199

Trichromacy



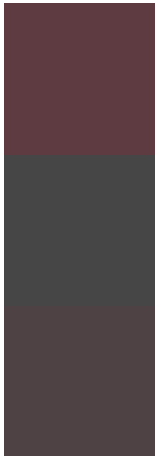
Original Color
29, 16.101, 11.199

Protanomaly
29, 6.042, 8.216

Deuteranomaly
29, 9.330, 21.024

Tritanomaly
29, 16.101, 11.199

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 16.101, 11.199

Achromatopsia
30, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
29, 5.577, 7.098

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 16.101, 11.199 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 59, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 59, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 59, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 59, 64) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 16.101, 11.199 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 59, 64) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 59, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 59, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 59, 64); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 59, 64);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 59, 64)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 16.101, 11.199 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 59, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 59,  
64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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