

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 18.874, 300.573)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(29, 18.874, 300.573)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(29, 18.925, 300.606)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	21
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(29, 18.925, 300.606)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	46405D
RGB	70, 64, 93
RGB Percent	27%, 25%, 36%
CMY	0.7236, 0.7472, 0.6334
CMYK	0.25, 0.31, 0.00, 0.63
HSL	252°, 18%, 31%
HSV	252°, 31%, 37%
XYZ	6.4175, 5.8380, 11.2594
YIQ	69.1000, -5.7330, 10.2910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

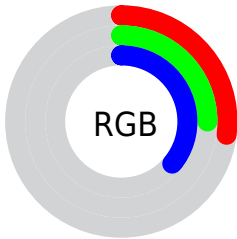
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	70, 64, 93
Decimal	4603997
CIE Lab	29.00, 9.64, -16.29
CIE LCh	29, 18.925, 300.606
Yxy	5.8380, 0.2729, 0.2483
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282794077 (0xFF46405D)
YUV	69.1000, 11.7827, 0.7893
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, 5.1270, -10.7157

# Details

The CIELCh color  $[29, 18.925, 300.606]$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $\#333366$ . A complement of this color would be  $[38, 17.758, 116.323]$ , and the grayscale version is  $[29, 0.005, 296.813]$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $[49, 18.489, 300.541]$ , and  $[9, 18.710, 299.624]$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $[26, 25.454, 301.567]$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $[32, 12.605, 299.749]$ .

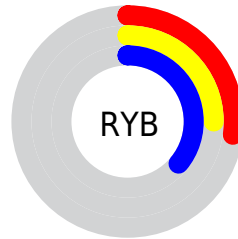
# Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (25%)

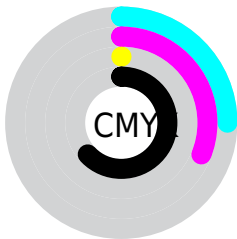
Blue (36%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (36%)

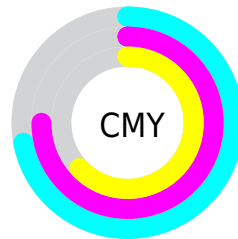


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (72%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 18.925, 300.606 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 18.925, 300.606 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 29, 18.925,  
300.606

 29, 18.925,  
300.606

 100, 18.925,  
300.606

 19, 18.925,  
300.606


 49, 18.925,  
300.606

 9, 18.925, 300.606

 59, 18.925,  
300.606

 0, 18.925, 300.606

 69, 18.925,  
300.606

 79, 18.925,  
300.606

 89, 18.925,  
300.606

 99, 18.925,

300.606

■ 29, 18.925,  
300.606

■ 29, 18.925,  
300.606

■ 26, 25.454,  
301.567

■ 32, 12.605,  
299.749

■ 22, 32.164,  
302.626

■ 36, 6.503, 298.994

■ 19, 38.979,  
303.758

■ 39, 0.613, 298.321

■ 43, 5.075, 117.760

■ 16, 45.730,  
304.904

■ 46, 10.572,  
117.259

■ 13, 52.099,  
305.964

■ 50, 15.888,  
116.824

■ 11, 57.602,  
306.798

■ 53, 21.035,  
116.446

■ 8, 62.771, 307.825

■ 56, 26.023,  
116.118

■ 59, 30.862,  
115.834

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 18.925, 300.606



38, 17.758, 116.323

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 18.925, 300.606



29, 18.925, 350.606



29, 18.925, 120.606



29, 18.925, 170.606

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 18.924, 300.606



48, 6.592, 298.870



36, 9.517, 220.781



23, 4.545, 298.940



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 18.924, 300.606



35, 28.499, 301.280



30, 20.312, 316.964



17, 3.235, 298.837



11, 70.362, 307.670



31, 124.841, 307.213



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 18.967, 332.638



39, 28.122, 333.097



37, 19.880, 134.366



17, 3.350, 331.256



24, 53.238, 338.013



54, 92.952, 338.801



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 18.925, 300.606 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 18.925, 300.606 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 29, 18.925, 300.606

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 18.925, 300.606.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 18.925, 300.606.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29, 18.925, 300.606

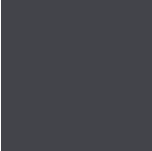
### Protanopia

29, 18.763, 285.854

### Deuteranopia

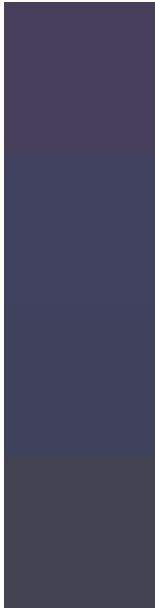
29, 16.831, 285.682





**Tritanopia**  
29, 3.882, 284.608

# Trichromacy



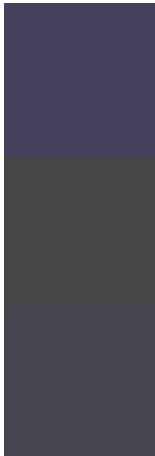
**Original Color**  
29, 18.925, 300.606

**Protanomaly**  
29, 18.692, 291.363

**Deuteranomaly**  
29, 17.414, 290.944

**Tritanomaly**  
29, 9.047, 294.487

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
29, 18.925, 300.606

**Achromatopsia**  
30, 0.005, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
29, 7.142, 298.244

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 18.925, 300.606 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 64, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 64, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 64, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 64, 93) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 18.925, 300.606 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 64, 93) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 64, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(70, 64, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 64, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 64, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 64, 93)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 18.925, 300.606 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 64, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 64,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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