

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 2.082, 314.826)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 2.082, 314.826) contains.

CIELCh(29, 2.133, 314.785)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(29, 2.133, 314.785)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	464447
RGB	70, 68, 71
RGB Percent	27%, 27%, 28%
CMY	0.7267, 0.7345, 0.7228
CMYK	0.01, 0.04, 0.00, 0.72
HSL	280°, 2%, 27%
HSV	280°, 4%, 28%
XYZ	5.6788, 5.8380, 6.7360
YIQ	68.9400, 0.2290, 1.3570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_YB	70, 68, 71
Decimal	4604999
CIE Lab	29.00, 1.50, -1.51
CIE LCh	29, 2.133, 314.785
Yxy	5.8380, 0.3111, 0.3198
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282795079 (0xFF464447)
YUV	68.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, -0.3304, 0.3842

Details

The CIELCh color **29, 2.133, 314.785** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **30, 2.117, 134.548**, and the grayscale version is **29, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49, 1.950, 314.708**, and **9, 2.465, 314.965** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27, 7.229, 315.182**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31, 2.854, 134.492**.

Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (27%)

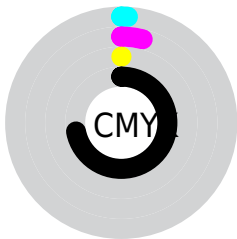
Blue (28%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (28%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 2.133, 314.785 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 2.133, 314.785 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29, 2.133, 314.785

■ 29, 2.133, 314.785

100, 2.133,
314.785

■ 19, 2.133, 314.785

■ 49, 2.133, 314.785

■ 9, 2.133, 314.785

■ 59, 2.133, 314.785

■ 0, 2.133, 314.785

■ 69, 2.133, 314.785

■ 79, 2.133, 314.785

■ 89, 2.133, 314.785

■ 99, 2.133, 314.785

■ 29, 2.133, 314.785

■ 29, 2.133, 314.785

27, 7.229, 315.182

31, 2.854, 134.492

24, 12.415,
315.576

34, 7.719, 134.142

22, 17.656,
315.971

36, 12.457,
133.831

20, 22.895,
316.355

39, 17.070,
133.548

17, 28.044,
316.708

41, 21.559,
133.291

15, 32.977,
317.000

44, 25.928,
133.058

14, 37.524,
317.194

46, 30.183,
132.849

12, 41.474,
317.244

48, 34.328,
132.661

10, 45.122,
317.261

51, 38.369,
132.493

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 2.133, 314.785



30, 2.117, 134.548

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 2.133, 314.785



29, 2.133, 4.785



29, 2.133, 134.785



29, 2.133, 184.785

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 2.132, 314.780



39, 0.627, 314.547



29, 1.329, 270.334



19, 0.351, 314.523



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 2.132, 314.780



37, 3.126, 314.823



29, 2.119, 329.000



13, 1.697, 314.821



16, 60.191, 316.911



41, 110.446, 316.194

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 1.485, 353.875



38, 2.180, 353.983



30, 2.110, 148.682



13, 1.183, 353.979



19, 42.784, 14.419



48, 79.416, 18.854

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 2.133, 314.785 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 2.133, 314.785 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

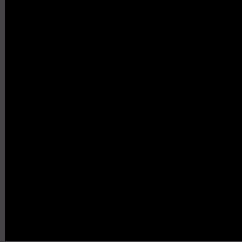
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 2.133, 314.785

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 2.133, 314.785.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 2.133, 314.785.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29, 2.133, 314.785

Protanopia

29, 1.989, 303.237

Deuteranopia

29, 4.802, 338.163



Tritanopia
29, 4.101, 309.380

Trichromacy



Original Color

29, 2.133, 314.785

Protanomaly

29, 1.989, 303.237

Deuteranomaly

29, 3.407, 330.867

Tritanomaly

29, 3.497, 312.719

Monochromacy



Original Color

29, 2.133, 314.785

Achromatopsia

29, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

29, 0.646, 290.347

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 2.133, 314.785 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 68, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 68, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 68, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 68, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 2.133, 314.785 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 68, 71) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 68, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(70, 68, 71)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 68, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 68, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 68, 71)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 2.133, 314.785 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 68, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 68,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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