

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 20.687, 231.517)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 20.687, 231.517)
contains.

CIELCh(29, 20.710, 231.724)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(29, 20.710, 231.724)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	024B5D
RGB	2, 75, 93
RGB Percent	1%, 29%, 36%
CMY	0.9920, 0.7058, 0.6352
CMYK	0.98, 0.19, 0.00, 0.64
HSL	192°, 96%, 19%
HSV	192°, 98%, 36%
XYZ	4.5191, 5.8380, 11.2485
YIQ	55.2250, -49.2860, -9.8780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

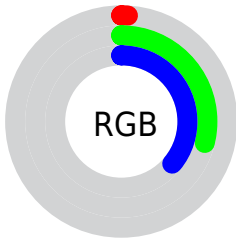
Format	Color
R_{YB}	2, 43, 93
Decimal	150365
CIE Lab	29.00, -12.83, -16.26
CIE LCh	29, 20.710, 231.724
Yxy	5.8380, 0.2092, 0.2702
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278340445 (0xFF024B5D)
YUV	55.2250, 18.6231, -46.6783
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, -8.8982, -10.6888

Details

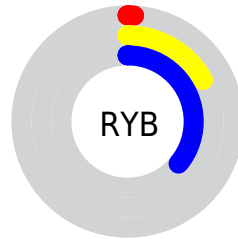
The CIELCh color **29, 20.710, 231.724** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **19, 42.806, 41.444**, and the grayscale version is **23, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49, 20.727, 230.743**, and **10, 14.546, 252.700** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29, 20.896, 232.282**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 19.896, 229.039**.

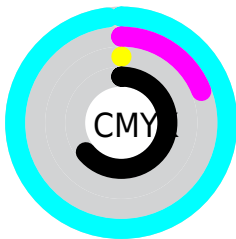
Distribution



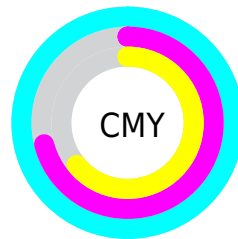
- Red (1%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 20.710, 231.724 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 20.710, 231.724 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29, 20.710,
231.724

■ 29, 20.710,
231.724

■ 100, 20.710,
231.724

■ 19, 20.710,
231.724

■ 49, 20.710,
231.724

■ 9, 20.710, 231.724

■ 59, 20.710,
231.724

■ 0, 20.710, 231.724

■ 69, 20.710,
231.724

■ 79, 20.710,
231.724

■ 89, 20.710,
231.724

■ 99, 20.710,

231.724

■ 29, 20.710,
231.724

■ 29, 20.710,
231.724

■ 29, 20.896,
232.282

■ 30, 19.896,
229.039

■ 31, 18.892,
226.599

■ 32, 17.521,
224.639

■ 33, 15.780,
223.091

■ 34, 13.688,
221.891

■ 35, 11.277,
220.978

■ 36, 8.587, 220.301

■ 37, 5.663, 219.820

■ 38, 2.546, 219.537

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 20.710, 231.724



19, 42.806, 41.444

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 20.710, 231.724



29, 20.710, 281.724



29, 20.710, 51.724



29, 20.710, 101.724

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 20.709, 231.724



46, 10.959, 220.423



34, 52.156, 139.615



23, 7.505, 220.610



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 20.709, 231.724



37, 25.037, 233.505



14, 43.636, 294.382



18, 1.802, 219.553



34, 23.484, 233.103



72, 41.609, 235.780

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 47.419, 337.082



26, 57.023, 337.587



29, 38.810, 79.413



17, 3.372, 330.925



24, 53.593, 337.478



54, 93.605, 338.216

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 20.710, 231.724 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 20.710, 231.724 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

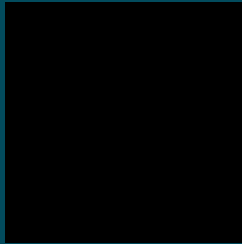
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 20.710, 231.724

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 20.710, 231.724.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 20.710, 231.724.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29, 20.710, 231.724

Protanopia

29, 12.919, 285.657

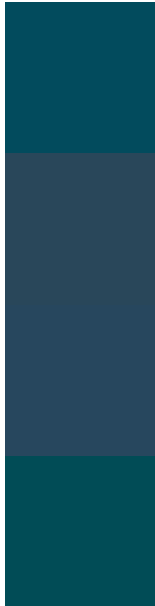
Deuteranopia

29, 17.506, 283.753



Tritanopia
29, 20.172, 207.830

Trichromacy



Original Color
29, 20.710, 231.724

Protanomaly
29, 15.565, 250.894

Deuteranomaly
29, 17.681, 256.172

Tritanomaly
29, 20.018, 215.833

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 20.710, 231.724

Achromatopsia
23, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
24, 10.731, 223.712

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 20.710, 231.724 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 75, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 75, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 75, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 75, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 20.710, 231.724 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 75, 93) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 75, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 75, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 75, 93); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 75, 93); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 75, 93) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 20.710, 231.724 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 75, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 75,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor