

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 20.881, 154.097)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 20.881, 154.097)
contains.

CIELCh(29, 20.881, 154.097)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(29, 20.881, 154.097)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	284C36
RGB	40, 76, 54
RGB Percent	16%, 30%, 21%
CMY	0.8442, 0.7031, 0.7893
CMYK	0.48, 0.00, 0.29, 0.70
HSL	143°, 31%, 23%
HSV	143°, 48%, 30%
XYZ	4.0879, 5.8380, 4.3678
YIQ	62.7280, -14.3940, -14.4740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

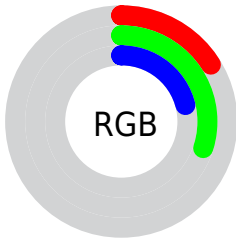
Format	Color
R_{YB}	40, 66, 76
Decimal	2640950
CIE _{Lab}	29.00, -18.78, 9.12
CIE _{LCh}	29, 20.881, 154.097
Yxy	5.8380, 0.2860, 0.4084
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280831030 (0xFF284C36)
YUV	62.7280, -4.3029, -19.9325
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, -12.0835, 6.1954

Details

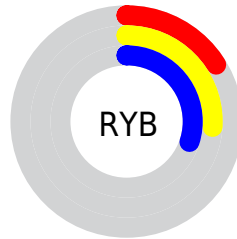
The CIELCh color **29, 20.881, 154.097** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **21, 21.388, 341.839**, and the grayscale version is **26, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49, 20.763, 154.732**, and **9, 19.820, 150.738** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29, 24.941, 152.913**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 16.632, 155.146**.

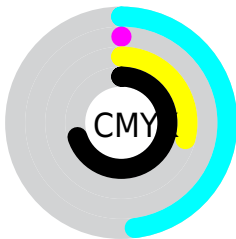
Distribution



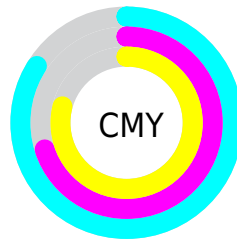
- Red (16%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (70%)





- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (79%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 20.881, 154.097 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 20.881, 154.097 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 29, 20.881,
154.097


 29, 20.881,
154.097

 100, 20.881,
154.097


 19, 20.881,
154.097


 49, 20.881,
154.097


 9, 20.881, 154.097

 59, 20.881,
154.097

 0, 20.881, 154.097

 69, 20.881,
154.097

 79, 20.881,
154.097

 89, 20.881,
154.097

 99, 20.881,

154.097

■ 29, 20.881,
154.097

■ 29, 20.881,
154.097

■ 29, 24.941,
152.913

■ 30, 16.632,
155.146

■ 28, 28.746,
151.578

■ 30, 12.256,
156.078

■ 28, 32.238,
150.082

■ 31, 7.811, 156.912

■ 28, 35.372,
148.423

■ 32, 3.348, 157.681

■ 27, 38.327,
146.898

■ 32, 1.091, 338.123

■ 27, 39.046,
146.573

■ 34, 9.779, 339.420

■ 35, 13.987,
339.927

■ 36, 18.088,
340.392

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 20.881, 154.097



21, 21.388, 341.839

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 20.881, 154.097



29, 20.881, 204.097



29, 20.881, 334.097



29, 20.881, 24.097

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 20.882, 154.097



41, 7.809, 157.147



30, 23.283, 122.701



20, 5.437, 157.049



73, 0.009, 296.813



21, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 20.882, 154.097



38, 30.882, 152.701



30, 14.240, 186.274



15, 2.500, 157.595



37, 49.008, 145.568



80, 91.990, 143.905

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21, 21.388, 341.839



27, 31.569, 343.044



21, 18.009, 15.051



14, 2.518, 338.667



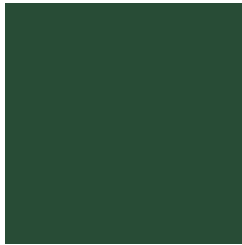
21, 45.280, 350.213



50, 80.892, 352.440

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 20.881, 154.097 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 20.881, 154.097 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 20.881, 154.097

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 20.881, 154.097.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 20.881, 154.097.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
29, 20.881, 154.097

Protanopia
29, 11.757, 96.003

Deuteranopia
29, 8.922, 60.247



Tritanopia
29, 10.713, 215.573

Trichromacy



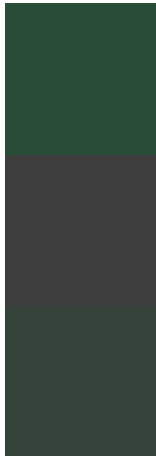
Original Color
29, 20.881, 154.097

Protanomaly
29, 13.589, 127.914

Deuteranomaly
29, 9.161, 120.206

Tritanomaly
29, 12.547, 182.538

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 20.881, 154.097

Achromatopsia
26, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
27, 7.832, 156.586

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 20.881, 154.097 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(40, 76, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(40, 76, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 76, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(40, 76, 54) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 20.881, 154.097 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(40, 76, 54) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(40, 76, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(40, 76, 54)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(40, 76, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 76, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 76, 54)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 20.881, 154.097 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(40, 76, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(40, 76,  
54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor