

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 23.424, 314.954)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 23.424, 314.954)
contains.

CIELCh(29, 23.582, 315.486)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(29, 23.582, 315.486)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	523C5E
RGB	82, 60, 94
RGB Percent	32%, 24%, 37%
CMY	0.6783, 0.7646, 0.6313
CMYK	0.13, 0.36, 0.00, 0.63
HSL	279°, 22%, 30%
HSV	279°, 36%, 37%
XYZ	7.1207, 5.8380, 11.3476
YIQ	70.4540, 2.1980, 15.2380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

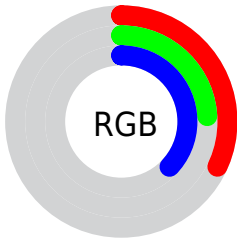
Format	Color
R_{YB}	82, 60, 94
Decimal	5389406
CIE _{Lab}	29.00, 16.82, -16.53
CIE _{LCh}	29, 23.582, 315.486
Yxy	5.8380, 0.2930, 0.2402
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283579486 (0xFF523C5E)
YUV	70.4540, 11.6082, 10.1258
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, 10.3221, -10.9321

Details

The CIELCh color **29, 23.582, 315.486** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **37, 22.867, 132.462**, and the grayscale version is **30, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49, 23.614, 315.146**, and **9, 23.942, 315.225** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 30.189, 315.885**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32, 16.946, 315.071**.

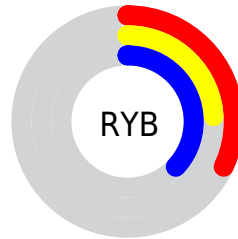
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (24%)

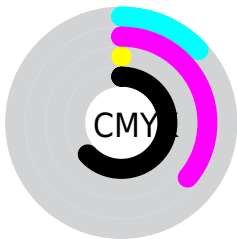
Blue (37%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (37%)

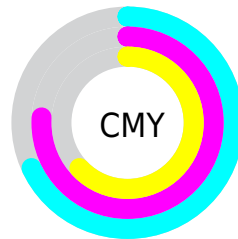


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (63%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 23.582, 315.486 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 23.582, 315.486 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 29, 23.582,
315.486

 29, 23.582,
315.486

 100, 23.582,
315.486

 19, 23.582,
315.486

 49, 23.582,
315.486

 9, 23.582, 315.486

 59, 23.582,
315.486

 0, 23.582, 315.486

 69, 23.582,
315.486

 79, 23.582,
315.486

 89, 23.582,
315.486

 99, 23.582,

315.486

■ 29, 23.582,
315.486

■ 29, 23.582,
315.486

■ 26, 30.189,
315.885

■ 32, 16.946,
315.071

■ 23, 36.637,
316.240

■ 35, 10.373,
314.656

■ 21, 42.729,
316.515

■ 38, 3.914, 314.245

■ 19, 48.203,
316.660

■ 41, 2.401, 133.934

■ 17, 52.746,
316.615

■ 44, 8.555, 133.558

■ 15, 56.498,
316.436

■ 47, 14.542,
133.233

■ 50, 20.363,
132.940

■ 14, 58.056,
316.420

■ 53, 26.021,
132.676

■ 56, 31.522,
132.438

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 23.582, 315.486



37, 22.867, 132.462

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 23.582, 315.486



29, 23.582, 5.486



29, 23.582, 135.486



29, 23.582, 185.486

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 23.581, 315.486



47, 8.729, 314.459



31, 14.328, 273.795



23, 5.815, 314.492



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 23.581, 315.486



35, 34.934, 315.814



30, 23.298, 330.324



17, 3.499, 314.355



18, 64.758, 316.232



43, 114.639, 315.583

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 16.954, 356.107



36, 25.149, 357.261



37, 23.269, 145.770



17, 2.485, 353.088



22, 45.705, 13.337



50, 81.523, 17.165

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 23.582, 315.486 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 23.582, 315.486 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

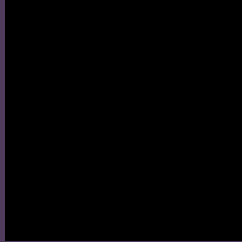
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 23.582, 315.486

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 23.582, 315.486.

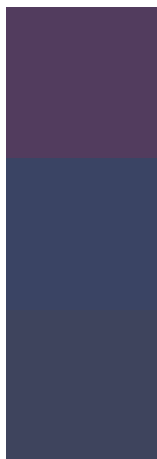


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 23.582, 315.486.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29, 23.582, 315.486

Protanopia

29, 20.724, 284.189

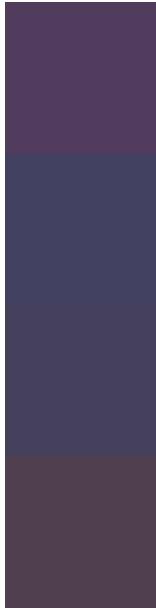
Deuteranopia

29, 16.161, 285.167



Tritanopia
29, 6.651, 351.767

Trichromacy



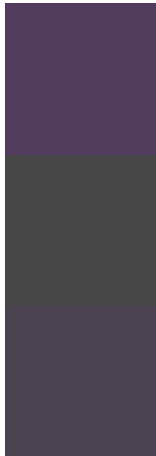
Original Color
29, 23.582, 315.486

Protanomaly
29, 21.306, 296.047

Deuteranomaly
29, 18.167, 298.337

Tritanomaly
29, 12.404, 325.434

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 23.582, 315.486

Achromatopsia
30, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
29, 9.077, 313.617

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 23.582, 315.486 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 60, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 60, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 60, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 60, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 23.582, 315.486 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 60, 94) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 60, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 60, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 60, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 60, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 60, 94)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 23.582, 315.486 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 60, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 60,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor