

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 24.763, 157.740)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 24.763, 157.740)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(29, 24.701, 157.467)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1D4D35
RGB	29, 77, 53
RGB Percent	11%, 30%, 21%
CMY	0.8860, 0.6977, 0.7919
CMYK	0.62, 0.00, 0.31, 0.70
HSL	150°, 45%, 21%
HSV	150°, 62%, 30%
XYZ	3.8121, 5.8380, 4.3023
YIQ	59.9120, -20.9040, -17.6400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

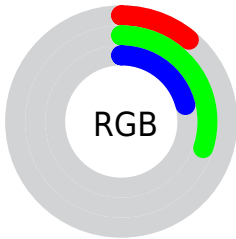
Format	Color
RYB	29, 61, 77
Decimal	1920309
CIELab	29.00, -22.82, 9.47
CIElCh	29, 24.701, 157.467
Yxy	5.8380, 0.2732, 0.4184
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280110389 (0xFF1D4D35)
YUV	59.9120, -3.4076, -27.1098
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, -14.1212, 6.3561

Details

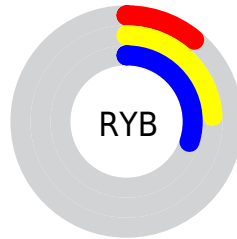
The CIELCh color **29, 24.701, 157.467** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **19, 26.103, 349.997**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49, 24.257, 158.024**, and **10, 21.093, 149.559** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29, 28.000, 156.016**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 21.122, 158.761**.

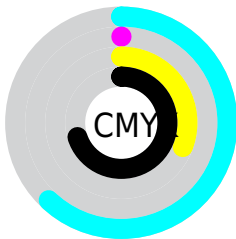
Distribution



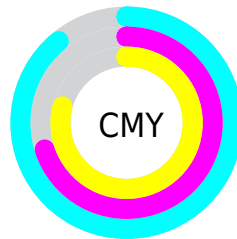
- Red (11%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (70%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (79%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 24.701, 157.467 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 24.701, 157.467 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 29, 24.701,
157.467

 29, 24.701,
157.467

 100, 24.701,
157.467

 19, 24.701,
157.467

 49, 24.701,
157.467

 9, 24.701, 157.467

 59, 24.701,
157.467

 0, 24.701, 157.467

 69, 24.701,
157.467

 79, 24.701,
157.467

 89, 24.701,
157.467

 99, 24.701,

157.467

■ 29, 24.701,
157.467

■ 29, 24.701,
157.467

■ 29, 28.000,
156.016

■ 29, 21.122,
158.761

■ 28, 30.975,
154.396

■ 30, 17.316,
159.918

■ 28, 33.655,
152.671

■ 30, 13.341,
160.955

■ 28, 35.708,
151.506

■ 31, 9.254, 161.891

■ 32, 5.106, 162.750

■ 33, 0.941, 163.693

■ 33, 3.204, 344.114

■ 34, 7.301, 344.798

■ 35, 11.329,
345.410

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 24.701, 157.467



19, 26.103, 349.997

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 24.701, 157.467



29, 24.701, 207.467



29, 24.701, 337.467



29, 24.701, 27.467

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 24.701, 157.467



40, 9.756, 162.119



30, 31.147, 125.945



20, 6.767, 161.975



73, 0.009, 296.813



21, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 24.701, 157.467



37, 35.351, 155.159



30, 16.838, 195.194



15, 2.306, 163.052



37, 44.173, 150.538



80, 82.834, 148.788

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19, 26.103, 349.997



23, 36.991, 352.721



18, 25.209, 25.363



14, 2.332, 344.232



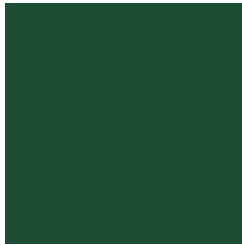
20, 43.483, 359.436



49, 78.180, 2.647

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 24.701, 157.467 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

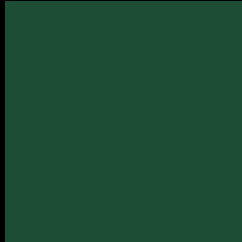
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 24.701, 157.467 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

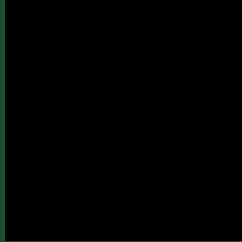
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 24.701, 157.467

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 24.701, 157.467.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 24.701, 157.467.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
29, 24.701, 157.467

Protanopia
29, 12.378, 96.440

Deuteranopia
29, 9.000, 65.109



Tritanopia
29, 13.412, 214.488

Trichromacy



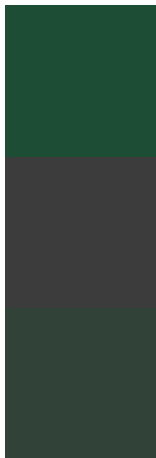
Original Color
29, 24.701, 157.467

Protanomaly
28, 14.929, 133.459

Deuteranomaly
29, 10.490, 131.653

Tritanomaly
29, 15.592, 185.047

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 24.701, 157.467

Achromatopsia
25, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
26, 9.609, 160.133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 24.701, 157.467 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(29, 77, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(29, 77, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(29, 77, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(29, 77, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 24.701, 157.467 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(29, 77, 53) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(29, 77, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(29, 77, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(29, 77, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 77, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 77, 53)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 24.701, 157.467 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(29, 77, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(29, 77,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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