

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 26.471, 342.362)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 26.471, 342.362)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(29, 26.339, 342.751)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	643551
RGB	100, 53, 81
RGB Percent	39%, 21%, 32%
CMY	0.6081, 0.7924, 0.6826
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.19, 0.61
HSL	324°, 31%, 30%
HSV	324°, 47%, 39%
XYZ	7.9997, 5.8380, 8.4760
YIQ	70.2450, 19.0240, 18.6720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

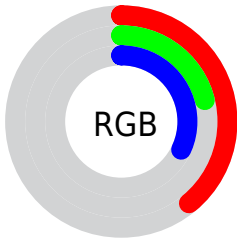
Format	Color
R_{YB}	100, 53, 81
Decimal	6567249
CIE _{Lab}	29.00, 25.15, -7.81
CIE _{LCh}	29, 26.339, 342.751
Yxy	5.8380, 0.3585, 0.2616
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284757329 (0xFF643551)
YUV	70.2450, 5.3022, 26.0951
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, 16.8156, -3.8854

Details

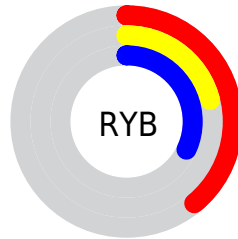
The CIELCh color $[29, 26.339, 342.751]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $\#663366$. A complement of this color would be $[38, 25.636, 154.604]$, and the grayscale version is $[30, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[49, 26.249, 342.975]$, and $[9, 26.335, 342.813]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[27, 31.423, 343.873]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[32, 20.881, 341.760]$.

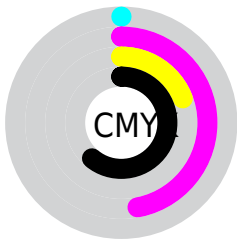
Distribution



- Red (39%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (61%)





- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (68%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 26.339, 342.751 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 26.339, 342.751 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 29, 26.339,
342.751


 29, 26.339,
342.751

 100, 26.339,
342.751


 19, 26.339,
342.751


 49, 26.339,
342.751


 9, 26.339, 342.751

 59, 26.339,
342.751

 0, 26.339, 342.751

 69, 26.339,
342.751

 79, 26.339,
342.751

 89, 26.339,
342.751

 99, 26.339,

342.751

■ 29, 26.339,
342.751

■ 29, 26.339,
342.751

■ 27, 31.423,
343.873

■ 32, 20.881,
341.760

■ 25, 35.905,
345.169

■ 34, 15.240,
340.867

■ 23, 39.530,
346.706

■ 37, 9.551, 340.047

■ 21, 42.075,
348.567

■ 40, 3.908, 339.266

■ 20, 43.791,
350.700

■ 43, 1.629, 158.769

■ 20, 44.337,
351.312

■ 46, 7.028, 158.019
■ 49, 12.270,
157.403

■ 53, 17.350,
156.834

■ 56, 22.271,
156.303

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 26.339, 342.751



38, 25.636, 154.604

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 26.339, 342.751



29, 26.339, 32.751



29, 26.339, 162.751



29, 26.339, 212.751

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 26.337, 342.752



49, 9.734, 339.841



26, 31.472, 308.145



24, 6.781, 339.966



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 26.337, 342.752



35, 38.267, 343.947



28, 22.505, 16.546



20, 3.182, 339.417



24, 48.750, 351.832



53, 83.663, 353.860

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 26.337, 342.752



35, 38.267, 343.947



39, 17.476, 187.694



20, 3.182, 339.417



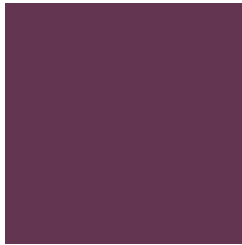
24, 48.750, 351.832



53, 83.663, 353.860

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 26.339, 342.751 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

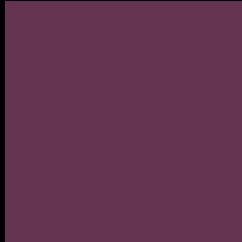
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 26.339, 342.751 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

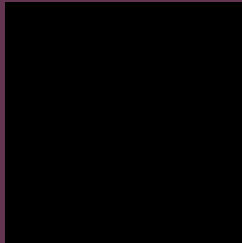
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 26.339, 342.751

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 26.339, 342.751.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 26.339, 342.751.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29, 26.339, 342.751

Protanopia

29, 15.530, 284.676

Deuteranopia

29, 7.940, 303.838



Tritanopia
29, 19.478, 15.826

Trichromacy



Original Color
29, 26.339, 342.751

Protanomaly
29, 17.034, 310.988

Deuteranomaly
29, 14.401, 328.554

Tritanomaly
29, 20.825, 2.426

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 26.339, 342.751

Achromatopsia
30, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
29, 9.868, 340.685

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 26.339, 342.751 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 53, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 53, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 53, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 53, 81) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 26.339, 342.751 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 53, 81) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 53, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 53, 81)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 53, 81); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 53, 81);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 53,  
81) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 26.339, 342.751 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 53, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100, 53,  
81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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