

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 4.917, 162.920)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 4.917, 162.920) contains.

CIELCh(29, 4.744, 165.797)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(29, 4.744, 165.797)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3D4642
RGB	61, 70, 66
RGB Percent	24%, 27%, 26%
CMY	0.7591, 0.7238, 0.7395
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.06, 0.72
HSL	153°, 7%, 26%
HSV	153°, 13%, 28%
XYZ	5.1634, 5.8380, 6.0748
YIQ	66.8530, -4.0800, -3.1520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

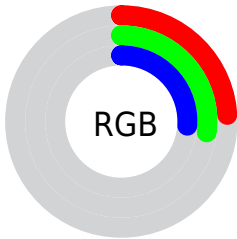
Format	Color
RYB	61, 67, 70
Decimal	4015682
CIELab	29.00, -4.60, 1.16
CIElCh	29, 4.744, 165.797
Yxy	5.8380, 0.3024, 0.3419
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282205762 (0xFF3D4642)
YUV	66.8530, -0.4205, -5.1331
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, -4.1378, 2.0067

Details

The CIELCh color **29, 4.744, 165.797** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **27, 4.835, 347.716**, and the grayscale version is **29, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49, 4.673, 168.761**, and **9, 5.046, 161.791** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28, 8.428, 164.917**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 1.034, 166.734**.

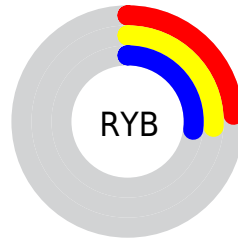
Distribution



 Red (24%)

 Green (27%)

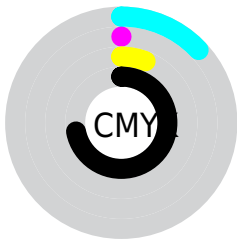
 Blue (26%)




 Red (24%)

 Yellow (26%)

 Blue (27%)

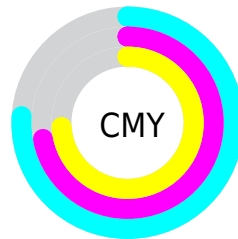


 Cyan (13%)

 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (6%)

 Black (72%)



 Cyan (76%)

 Magenta (72%)

 Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 4.744, 165.797 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 4.744, 165.797 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29, 4.744, 165.797

■ 29, 4.744, 165.797

■ 100, 4.744,
165.797

■ 19, 4.744, 165.797

■ 49, 4.744, 165.797

■ 9, 4.744, 165.797

■ 59, 4.744, 165.797

■ 0, 4.744, 165.797

■ 69, 4.744, 165.797

■ 79, 4.744, 165.797

■ 89, 4.744, 165.797

■ 99, 4.744, 165.797

■ 29, 4.744, 165.797

■ 29, 4.744, 165.797

28, 8.428, 164.917

30, 1.034, 166.734

28, 12.043,
163.971

30, 2.673, 347.191

27, 15.545,
162.933

31, 6.348, 347.913

32, 9.973, 348.560

27, 18.884,
161.783

33, 13.532,
349.163

26, 22.013,
160.505

34, 17.015,
349.731

26, 24.884,
159.081

35, 20.415,
350.269

26, 27.464,
157.495

36, 23.730,
350.780

26, 29.821,
155.858

37, 26.958,
351.267

26, 31.534,
154.844

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 4.744, 165.797



27, 4.835, 347.716

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 4.744, 165.797



29, 4.744, 215.797



29, 4.744, 345.797



29, 4.744, 35.797

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 4.745, 165.793



39, 1.847, 166.565



29, 6.205, 130.316



19, 1.294, 166.519



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 4.745, 165.793



38, 6.928, 165.552



29, 3.669, 203.444



14, 2.091, 166.151



37, 40.885, 153.592



80, 77.348, 151.773

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 4.835, 347.716



35, 7.087, 347.962



27, 3.949, 24.262



13, 2.119, 347.352



19, 42.362, 4.267



49, 77.332, 8.051

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 4.744, 165.797 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 4.744, 165.797 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

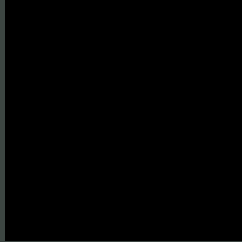
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

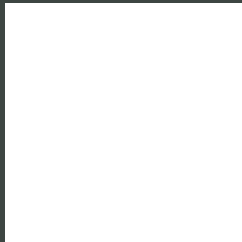
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 4.744, 165.797

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 4.744, 165.797.

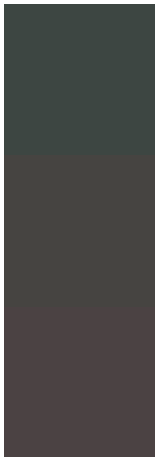


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 4.744, 165.797.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


29, 4.744, 165.797

Protanopia

29, 2.118, 84.558

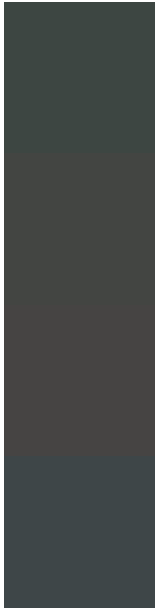
Deuteranopia

29, 4.120, 11.115



Tritanopia
29, 4.558, 257.408

Trichromacy



Original Color

29, 4.744, 165.797

Protanomaly

29, 2.129, 134.549

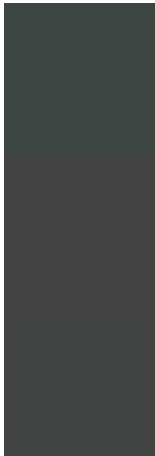
Deuteranomaly

29, 1.094, 55.186

Tritanomaly

29, 3.608, 219.928

Monochromacy



Original Color

29, 4.744, 165.797

Achromatopsia

28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

29, 1.478, 173.486

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 4.744, 165.797 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 70, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 70, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 70, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 70, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 4.744, 165.797 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 70, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 70, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 70, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 70, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 70, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 70, 66)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 4.744, 165.797 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 70, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 70,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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