

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 40.350, 306.401)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 40.350, 306.401)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(29, 40.322, 306.234)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D3977
RGB	77, 57, 119
RGB Percent	30%, 22%, 47%
CMY	0.6980, 0.7764, 0.5333
CMYK	0.35, 0.52, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	259°, 35%, 35%
HSV	259°, 52%, 47%
XYZ	7.8559, 5.8380, 18.1700
YIQ	70.0480, -7.9820, 23.5220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

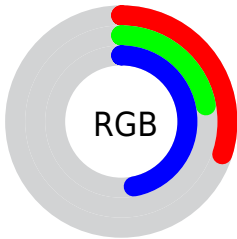
Format	Color
R_{YB}	77, 57, 119
Decimal	5060983
CIE _{Lab}	29.00, 23.83, -32.52
CIE _{LCh}	29, 40.322, 306.234
Yxy	5.8380, 0.2465, 0.1832
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283251063 (0xFF4D3977)
YUV	70.0480, 24.1333, 6.0969
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, 15.7535, -27.6732

Details

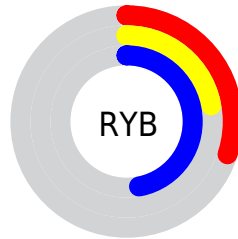
The CIELCh color **29, 40.322, 306.234** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **47, 36.264, 119.944**, and the grayscale version is **30, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49, 40.211, 305.936**, and **9, 40.414, 306.393** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25, 48.450, 307.061**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 32.181, 305.418**.

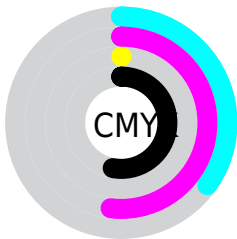
Distribution



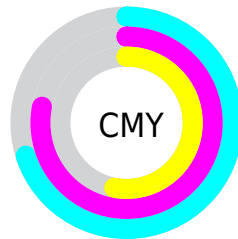
- Red (30%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)




- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 40.322, 306.234 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 40.322, 306.234 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 29, 40.322,
306.234


 29, 40.322,
306.234

 100, 40.322,
306.234


 19, 40.322,
306.234


 49, 40.322,
306.234


 9, 40.322, 306.234

 59, 40.322,
306.234

 0, 40.322, 306.234

 69, 40.322,
306.234

 79, 40.322,
306.234

 89, 40.322,
306.234

 99, 40.322,

306.234

■ 29, 40.322,
306.234

■ 29, 40.322,
306.234

■ 25, 48.450,
307.061

■ 33, 32.181,
305.418

■ 22, 56.292,
307.830

■ 37, 24.176,
304.649

■ 19, 63.391,
308.434

■ 41, 16.380,
303.945

■ 16, 69.108,
308.730

■ 45, 8.821, 303.312

■ 14, 73.294,
309.005

■ 49, 1.508, 302.731

■ 53, 5.562, 122.271

■ 57, 12.399,
121.837

■ 61, 19.014,
121.461

■ 65, 25.419,
121.136

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 40.322, 306.234



47, 36.264, 119.944

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 40.322, 306.234



29, 40.322, 356.234



29, 40.322, 126.234



29, 40.322, 176.234

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 40.321, 306.234



56, 14.631, 303.576



40, 17.915, 240.484



28, 9.982, 303.680



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 40.321, 306.234



33, 61.264, 307.262



33, 42.242, 321.430



22, 4.036, 303.131



15, 74.809, 308.976



35, 127.665, 308.457

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 35.141, 339.232



40, 51.135, 340.510



45, 41.540, 136.336



23, 3.793, 335.774



26, 53.237, 345.734



55, 89.322, 347.051

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 40.322, 306.234 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 40.322, 306.234 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

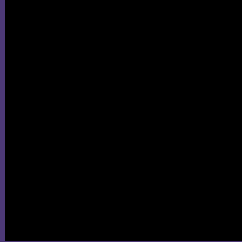
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 40.322, 306.234

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 40.322, 306.234.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 40.322, 306.234.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

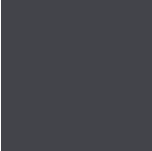
29, 40.322, 306.234

Protanopia

29, 39.989, 285.805

Deuteranopia

29, 31.029, 277.861



Tritanopia
29, 3.882, 284.608

Trichromacy



Original Color
29, 40.322, 306.234

Protanomaly
29, 39.839, 292.013

Deuteranomaly
29, 33.530, 288.578

Tritanomaly
29, 17.080, 302.523

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 40.322, 306.234

Achromatopsia
30, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
29, 15.230, 305.027

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 40.322, 306.234 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 57, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 57, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 57, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 57, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 40.322, 306.234 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 57, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 57, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 57, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 57, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 57, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 57,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 40.322, 306.234 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 57, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 57,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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