

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 42.482, 346.584)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 42.482, 346.584)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(29, 42.338, 346.099)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	772455
RGB	119, 36, 85
RGB Percent	47%, 14%, 33%
CMY	0.5334, 0.8588, 0.6667
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.29, 0.53
HSL	325°, 54%, 30%
HSV	325°, 70%, 47%
XYZ	9.8761, 5.8380, 9.1987
YIQ	66.4030, 33.7390, 32.8350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

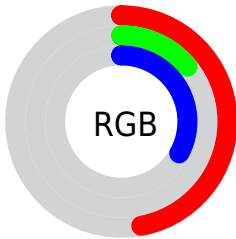
Format	Color
R_{YB}	119, 36, 85
Decimal	7808085
CIE _{Lab}	29.00, 41.10, -10.17
CIE _{LCh}	29, 42.338, 346.099
Yxy	5.8380, 0.3964, 0.2343
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285998165 (0xFF772455)
YUV	66.4030, 9.1683, 46.1276
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, 30.6776, -5.6589

Details

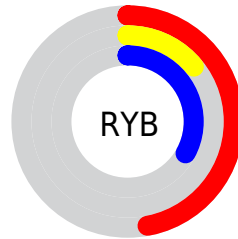
The CIELCh color **29, 42.338, 346.099** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **44, 41.767, 151.516**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49, 42.649, 345.841**, and **12, 34.147, 349.423** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27, 46.016, 347.824**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31, 37.534, 344.666**.

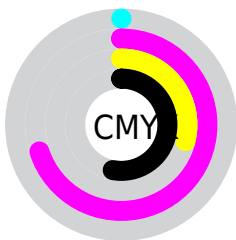
Distribution



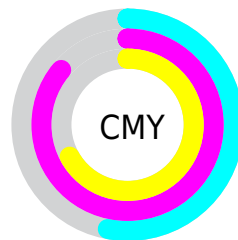
- Red (47%)
- Green (14%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (53%)





- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (67%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 42.338, 346.099 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 42.338, 346.099 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 29, 42.338,
346.099

 29, 42.338,
346.099

 100, 42.338,
346.099


 19, 42.338,
346.099


 49, 42.338,
346.099


 9, 42.338, 346.099

 59, 42.338,
346.099

 0, 42.338, 346.099

 69, 42.338,
346.099

 79, 42.338,
346.099

 89, 42.338,
346.099

 99, 42.338,

346.099

■ 29, 42.338,
346.099

■ 29, 42.338,
346.099

■ 27, 46.016,
347.824

■ 31, 37.534,
344.666

■ 26, 48.351,
349.943

■ 34, 31.908,
343.444

■ 25, 49.834,
352.345

■ 37, 25.753,
342.377

■ 25, 49.874,
352.404

■ 40, 19.312,
341.426

■ 43, 12.770,
340.560

■ 47, 6.254, 339.754

■ 50, 0.154, 160.734

■ 54, 6.406, 158.437

■ 57, 12.477,
157.791

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 42.338, 346.099



44, 41.767, 151.516

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 42.338, 346.099



29, 42.338, 36.099



29, 42.338, 166.099



29, 42.338, 216.099

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 42.336, 346.100



55, 16.927, 340.709



23, 54.335, 309.624



28, 11.559, 340.896



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 42.336, 346.100



35, 57.892, 349.124



28, 39.698, 22.363



23, 3.566, 339.696



26, 50.868, 352.503



54, 85.439, 354.405

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 42.336, 346.100



35, 57.892, 349.124



45, 26.643, 185.718



23, 3.566, 339.696



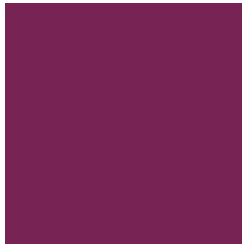
26, 50.868, 352.503



54, 85.439, 354.405

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 42.338, 346.099 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 42.338, 346.099 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

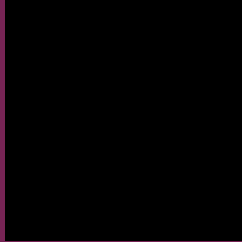
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 42.338, 346.099

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 42.338, 346.099.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 42.338, 346.099.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
29, 42.338, 346.099

Protanopia
29, 25.824, 285.309

Deuteranopia
30, 8.474, 300.193



Tritanopia
29, 33.996, 23.813

Trichromacy



Original Color
29, 42.338, 346.099

Protanomaly
28, 29.678, 311.135

Deuteranomaly
28, 21.374, 332.226

Tritanomaly
29, 35.125, 7.855

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 42.338, 346.099

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
27, 17.471, 341.318

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 42.338, 346.099 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 36, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 36, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 36, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 36, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 42.338, 346.099 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 36, 85) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 36, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 36, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 36, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 36, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 36,  
85) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 42.338, 346.099 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 36, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119, 36,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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